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EXCURSION TO MACAO

SUNDAY, 1st JULY, 1934

S.S. "SUI TAI"

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SPECIAL SUNDAY SAILINGS

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LONDON AIR-MAIL LETTER

Sir Gerald Du Maurier's Home: Dame Clara Butt's
Illness: Australia And Her Captains: General
Wavell: The Unlucky Thirteen: Sale Of
Lord Jersey's Furniture: Sydney Car-
roll's Bad Luck: Lord Duncan

Now As Romeo: A Trial
Ground For Experi-
ments: Ambitions
Fulfilled

(Special Air-Mail Service)

London, June 9.
Cannon Hall, Hampstead Heath, which was the home for 16 years of the late Sir Gerald du Maurier, was sold at auction yesterday for £10,000. The name of the new owner is not disclosed, but it is understood he is a member of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Claud F. Goddard, of Goddard and Smith, conducted the sale in his firm's rooms in King-street, St. James's, acting by direction of Lady du Maurier. Altogether he received ten bids, the first being of £7,500.

Built about 1710, Cannon Hall is a delightful old house, mellow and dignified, standing in a paved courtyard and with a garden of an acre. It is thus mentioned in "The Annals of Hampstead," by the late Mr. Thos. J. Barratt:

"At the north-east corner of Cannon Place (formerly Rowe's Buildings), is a fine old Georgian red-brick house, which derives its name from certain pieces of cannon placed inside and outside the premises, some of them figuring as kerb posts in the roads, others standing in the grounds. It is believed that they were introduced by Sir James Cosmo Melville, a former secretary of the East India Company, who lived at Cannon Hall for some years. Sir Noah Thomas, Physician-in-Ordinary, to George III., occupied the house in 1780, but he was not associated with these pieces of artillery. There is 'no information as to their origin in the title deeds. The cannons may have formed the armament of an Elizabethan war galleon."

DAME CLARA BUTT

Dame Clara Butt has been taken to Guy's Hospital, where she is to undergo an X-ray examination. It is expected that she will later go into a nursing home. Dame Clara returned to her home at North Stoke, Wallingford, Oxfordshire, last Friday, after being twelve months in Australia.

In January last year she underwent an operation for internal trouble at a nursing home at Mentone. The operation was successful and Dame Clara made good progress. During her visit to Australia, however, she became, very ill, and when she left Sydney for England she was "carried on a stretcher to the liner Strathaird."

NO DROPPING THE PILOT

Australia stands by her cricket captain.

W. M. Woodfull to-morrow will be tossing in his eleventh consecutive Anglo-Australian Test.

He is only the fourth captain Australia has used against us since the War.

We have had seven, including instances of swapping horses in mid-stream.

This will be Woodfull's last tour of England.

Those who recall him in 1928 as a shy young man who battled his way into first-class cricket, have seen a great development in his character and personality.

"BABY" OF THE GENERALS

General A. P. Wavell, who is being mentioned as the next Commandant of the Imperial Defence College, is the youngest major-general in the Army. He was only 51 last month.

During one period of the war he was attached to Russian headquarters in the Caucasus where he was a great favourite of the Grand Duke Nicholas.

The two men always talked in Russian, for "A. P." is an expert Russian scholar. He spent two years—1911 and 1912—in the family of a famous writer in Moscow to learn the language.

He is a good-looking, stout, sturdy build and charming manners. Although he lost an eye in France, he hunts, golfs, shoots, skis, and fishes.

WHAT'S IN A NUMBER?

I can add some more "thirteens" for the benefit of those superstitious people who pointed out that the Derby winner drew No. 13 in the race.

Windsor Lad was bought two years ago on July 13. The purchase price was three hundred guineas.

Yesterday's race was the thirteenth consecutive Derby, which the Maharaja of Rajpipla had attended.

I do not know if the Maharaja intends to start a Thirteen Club in India, but he has never had any doubts about his lucky number.

His full title is Captain H. H. Maharana Shri Sir Vijayasingh, K.C.S.I.

To-day, he feels as big as his name.

THE DERBY IN NO TIME

You do not need to steal a day from your work to see the Derby nowadays.

A City friend yesterday did a full morning's work at his office.

He left in his car at 1.15 p.m. when all the crowds had already arrived at Epsom.

He found the road almost empty and was in the stand before 2.30 p.m.

He left as soon as the Derby was over, again met little traffic on the road, and was back in his office by 4.30 p.m.

There was only one snag. He backed Tiberius.

"SHERINFORDE HOLMES"

Like Jeeves—whom Mr. P. G. Wodehouse, as I recently pointed out, took some time to know—Sherlock Holmes was shy in introducing himself to Sir Arthur Conan Doyle.

At first he mistook his name. A leaf exists from an early notebook—reproduced by Mr. Starrett—which "the astonished eye beholds with dismay." Thereon is written "Sherinforde Holmes."

That the author of this latest addition to Sherlock Holmes bibliography has caught something of the great detective's methods of reasoning is shown by his reconstruction of Holmes' bedroom.

Since there was a blind, which Watson was once warned to leave alone, there was perforce a window; it looked upon the street. There was a bed and possibly a safe; and certainly there was a mantel, which indicates, no doubt, a minor fireplace.

Induction could not proceed more rigorously.

LORD JERSEY'S NEW HOUSE

The nine days' sale of the interior furnishings of Lord Jersey's house at Middleton Park, near Leicester, ends recently. The proceeds are to go towards the cost of pulling down the present house, which is much too large for Lord Jersey's requirements, especially as he has another house, Osterley Park, also not far from London.

Middleton was originally a quite small but very charming, Queen Anne mansion. To this, about a

hundred years ago, Sarah Countess of Jersey added until it was transformed into a very large building.

Lord Jersey's present intention is to pull down not only the additions, but the Queen Anne portion as well. He has commissioned Sir Edwin Lutyens to build a small house in its place.

So far the pictures, furniture and books have realised £15,000.

THE OPEN AIR THEATRE

Mr. Sydney Carroll has had bad luck with a change in the weather coming so soon after the opening of the evening performances of his Open Air Theatre in Regent's Park.

His bold venture, however, has been rewarded by the first fortnight of afternoon performances making big profits, which more than offset the expense of the new lighting.

This has entailed installing 50 miles of wiring, all of which had to be buried, 49 are lamps of 1,000 watts each, and 50 intercommunicating telephones between the various light stands.

INHERITED TALENT

Shortly after midsummer, when Lord Duncannon, Lord Bessborough's eldest son, will play Romeo to Miss Margaretta Scott's Juliet for the first time, the weather should be better.

Lord Duncannon, who signed a contract with Mr. Sydney Carroll to take effect after he comes down for good from Trinity, Cambridge, should find his first part congenial. He played it in Canada opposite Miss Julia MacBrien, the daughter of the chief of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, under the directing eye of his father, the Governor-General.

His histrionic talent is inherited both from his father, who has a private theatre at Stansted Park, and from his French mother, who is equally keen.

SOCIALISM IN THE SADDLE

I hear that Mr. Herbert Morrison, leader of the Socialist L.C.C., has written for party headquarters his own account of policy decisions taken since the March election. It indicates that London, the world's greatest municipal organisation, is to become a trial ground for Socialist experiments.

Economy is dismissed with a wave of the pen.

I learn from this account of the new control that the special Economy Committee has been scrapped. "Shylockisms have been reversed," says Mr. Morrison.

The party has countermanded the previous order to sell a site in Poynders-road, Clapham, and will press forward house-building there, "despite the snobbish disapproval of the gentile."

REALISED AMBITIONS

Mr. Anton Dolin told the first-night audience at the Savoy that he had three ambitions: to dance with Mme. Karsavina, to be a leader in the Dischleff Ballet, and before he was 30 to act in a play.

Two he long ago realised. "Precipice" enables him to complete the list with a month to spare.

Yet Mr. Dolin did not look happy when making these confidences. He cheered up wonderfully, however, when, on Miss Kate Cutler proving unwilling to take a special call, he carried her to the footlights in the best ballet style.

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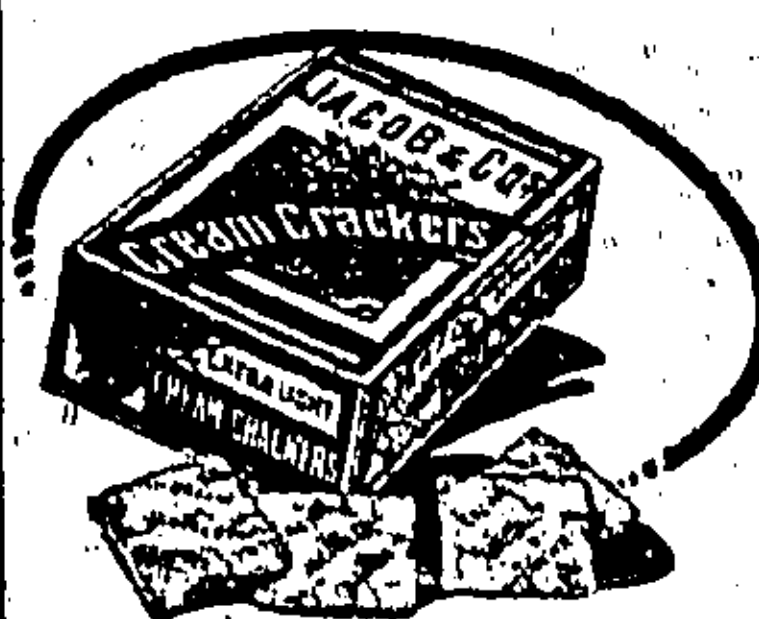
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HONGKONG (SELANGOR) RUBBER LIMITED

A Reply To Sir Cecil Clementi

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, June 9.
The Twenty-second Annual General Meeting of Hong Kong (Selangor) Rubber, Limited, was held yesterday at 7, Martin's Lane, Cannon Street, London, E.C.

Mr. W. Arthur Addinsell, chairman of the company, said in the course of his speech:—Gentlemen—I move:—That the directors' report and accounts for the year ended December 31, 1933, as submitted to this meeting, be approved and adopted; and that a dividend of 10 per cent. for the year be declared and paid.

The balance-sheet reveals a sound position, and in consequence your directors decided to take the opportunity of writing down the value of buildings and machinery to the nominal amount of £5 by appropriating £2,400 from the balance available for distribution. This leaves £4,198—which is equivalent to about 9 per cent. on the issued capital—to be carried forwards to the current year.

A point that I think is worthy of recording is that since the company paid its maiden dividend for the year 1924 an annual distribution has continued unbroken; and, with the 10 per cent. which I have no doubt you will to-day sanction by your approval of the report and accounts, the total dividends paid amount to 100 per cent. or an average of a fraction over 10 per cent. for the past 10 years.

The company retains its substantial holdings of shares in Hongkong Tin, Limited, and Killiney-hill Tin, Limited, and according to the latest Stock Exchange prices the value of these holdings to-day is £25,777.

An additional asset not appearing in the balance-sheet is the capital value of the agreement with Hongkong Tin, Limited, under which a tribute of 10 per cent. is paid to the company on the price realized for the tin ore recovered.

With these remarks and the full details appearing in the report and accounts I can leave the past and attempt to give you a brief outline of the future.

The company is in the enviable position of having two strings to its bow—one of them having contributed income during a period when the other was under the shadow of the world's depression.

So far as the current year is concerned, the tribute earned to date is in excess of that received for the corresponding period of last year; and there is every reason to expect an increase in total for the

full year's working. I am also anticipating that both the tin companies will make a contribution to this year's income in the form of dividends.

Restriction Measures
I see that, when addressing you almost precisely 12 months ago I mentioned that we were meeting in a more hopeful atmosphere so far as rubber is concerned. I was referring, of course, to the gestures which were then being thrown out for a resumption of activities on the part of British and Dutch rubber producers on the question of restriction.

Well, gentlemen, I will not weary you by reviewing all the events of the past 12 months. Let it be sufficient to offer congratulations to all who were engaged in the negotiations, on their successful termination.

No doubt some shareholders will have read Sir Cecil Clementi's remarks on the rubber position at the dinner of the Association of British Malaya. It must occur to every one that such superfluous pessimism, coming from the Governor of the Straits Settlements and High Commissioner of the Malay States, must prove embarrassing to the Home Government.

Sir Cecil Clementi, in his official capacity, should welcome the opportunity of administering the restriction of what he calls the crux of the situation, that is, native rubber.

My personal view is that, had the same remarks been made by such a responsible person in the Netherlands East Indies, Dr. Colijn would have had his own very salutary methods of dealing with the case.

Notwithstanding Sir Cecil Clementi and what he said, the regulation of rubber exports is an accomplished fact, and this company cannot fail to benefit. I feel confident it will be my pleasurable duty to call your attention at our next meeting to the contribution from rubber to the year's profits, and that this will be in satisfactory ratio to the whole. Assuming this prediction materializes, the prospects are favourable for the dividend record being further improved.

AIR MAIL STAMP TREASURES

Letters Carried In
"Seven-Mile Flight"
24 Years Ago

(Special Air Mail Service)

Recent progress with air-mail transport has given a remarkable stimulus to the hobby of collecting air mail stamps and covers.

At the air post exhibition held not long ago in London the keenest interest was displayed in stamps and covers which provide pictorial records of the growth of Empire air mails extending now for 14,000 miles, and over which during a recent period of 12 months the aircraft employed carried nearly 1000 tons of mails and freight.

One of the most interested visitors at the recent exhibition was the aviator who flew with the first bag of letters to be carried by aeroplane air Britain. Mr. Claude Grahame-White.

Twenty-four years ago at Blackpool he made aerial history by flying with a bag of mails for seven miles in a gusty wind. To-day the cards used in that experiment are so eagerly sought by collectors that good specimens are worth from £25 to £30 apiece; while the envelopes of certain special letters which found their way into the bag have a value of from £40 to £50.

several fruitless efforts, he finally broke through Fujikura's service in the twentieth game. The length of drive in this match had been better than that in the first, and in the closing stages there were many number of excellent rallies.

The doubles match will be played to-morrow, Crawford and Quist, who paired up against the Japanese in Paris last year, opposing Yamagishi and Nishimura, the present doubles champions of Japan.

THE DAVIS CUP

Brilliant Play By
McGrath

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, June 9.
Australia, in their first Davis Cup match this year, are well on their way towards victory over Japan.

To-day, before a big crowd at Devonshire Park, they won both singles, becoming two up with three to play.

Springing up from a losing position, McGrath beat Yamagishi by 2-6, 7-5, 6-2, 6-4, and Crawford, although hunted all the way home, defeated Fujikura, 6-3, 6-3, 11-9.

Japan and Australia have previously met five times in the international team championship. Only on the first occasion—at Newport, Rhode Island, when Shimizu and Kumage both beat Anderson—was the Oriental nation successful, but last year in Paris McGrath's victory over Satoh saved Australia. This was the first meeting of the two countries on an English court.

In Memory Of Satoh
The Japanese wore black armbands on their blazers—a token of respect for the memory of Jiro Satoh, their captain, who had set out with them from Tokyo and one recalled that this famous player, many of whose strokes were reproduced to-day by his young compatriots, had played his last Davis Cup match in England at Devonshire Park.

The broad-shouldered Yamagishi, with a strong service and a sound defence, got a flying start on McGrath. He won the first set at 6-2, and advanced to 5-3 in the second without any serious threat from his young opponent. By slowing up the game, keeping away from the net and feeding McGrath on a forehand that refused to function, he appeared to be on velvet.

There were few real winners registered, although occasionally Yamagishi, stealing to the net behind a faster cross-drive, would cut off daintily the retaliatory reply made with two hands by McGrath.

Played Into McGrath's Hands
Had the Japanese pursued the Satoh-like tactics longer—that is, had he declined to force the pace against an erring opponent—he would doubtless have got a two-set lead. Instead he played into McGrath's hands, firstly by increasing his pace all round and secondly by swinging over to the boy's stronger wing.

The tide turned quickly against the Japanese. McGrath, now galvanised into life, won the next two games to equalise with the loss of only two points, and he rushed to 40-love on his service in the eleventh game. Yamagishi brought the score to deuce, but it was his last successful effort for a considerable period.

Once he had saved the second set the Australian had the measure of his man. He was within one point of winning the third set to love, and in the fourth set, although Yamagishi returned to his quieter defensive methods and collected four games as a result, and though his opponent served a double fault at match point in the ninth game, McGrath was always in front.

The loser was abnormally quick on his feet, and saved many balls from a losing position. One was surprised, in view of his refined volleying skill, that he paid such infrequent visits to the net.

Fujikura Fights Back
Crawford took the first two sets from Fujikura at the same figure and without any undue strain. When he led 4-2 in the third set and had a point for 5-2, he probably shared the opinion of the crowd that the match would soon be over.

But he had not divined the latent powers of the young Japanese. Fujikura made one of the bravest stands in a losing position I have ever seen, and fourteen more games were required before Crawford could claim the match. Fujikura may have been helped by Crawford's physical reaction after gaining his long lead, but the Japanese raised his game at least 15 in the last phase. In one game he served four winning aces—a surprising coup—followed by two double faults from Crawford and a lead of 6-5 for the Japanese.

In the next game Fujikura had a set-ball; he deserved to gain it by his stout resistance. Crawford did not let him get as near again. Using a faster service as a battering-ram, he always kept one game in front until, after several fruitless efforts, he finally broke through Fujikura's service in the twentieth game. The length of drive in this match had been better than that in the first, and in the closing stages there were many number of excellent rallies.

PETERSEN WINS THE BRITISH TITLE

Game Fight With One
Eye Closed

(Special Air-Mail Service)

London, June 9.

A towel fluttered into the ring at the end of the twelfth round at the White City last night. Petersen saw it and promptly did a little dance of ecstasy—for it meant that Len Harvey had surrendered both the fight and his British heavy-weight championship.

That was the end but it had been signalled long before. In the fifth round a right from Petersen slammed full into Harvey's left eye. Almost instantaneously it closed tight shut, and thereafter Harvey presented a grim sight as he battled on with one glaring eye.

By a strange coincidence it was an eye injury that hindered Petersen last year when he lost his title to Harvey. Harvey reopened the cut last night, and for several rounds the men fought with injured left eyes—Petersen's streaming blood; Harvey's puffed and shut.

But whereas Petersen's father was able to doctor his son's eye with a bottle of special preparation which stopped the blood, Harvey remained half-blind.

His seconds plucked at the lid of the eye but it was no use. **Cheers for Prince George**
A crowd of well over 50,000 had its first chance to cheer when Prince George was seen walking to the ring-side. Near him sat Mr. J. H. Thomas and Sir Harry Preston.

There were hundreds of women in the packed audience that stretched away from the ring-side. Many were huddled in fur coats. A roar heralded Petersen. Dramatically picked out by a moving searchlight, his party moved through the crowd to the ring.

The challenger had to wait for some time for the champion. He drew his old brown dressing-gown tightly round him, grinned at the M.C., shivered in an exaggerated way, and blew out his cheeks.

Introductions, preliminaries—the bell. Harvey with his pale mask of a face, its detached, almost supercilious expression. Petersen, his expression eager, determined, his darker skin in contrast with the champion's pallor emphasising the difference in their height and bulk.

Alert Referee

The third man in the ring, Mr. C. H. Douglas, penetrating of eye and sharpvoiced—"Don't hold, Harvey." "Step back, both."

The first few rounds slip past. Plenty of action but no fireworks. No storming rush from Petersen but instead a man fighting ardently, but well within himself.

Four rounds have gone. Very even so far, but Petersen perhaps ahead on points. Harvey still has that detached, pensive look. In the clinches his head on Petersen's shoulder, he stares out into the crowd.

Then the fifth—and drama. Petersen goes after Harvey, dives at him. Left, right, and right again. As his glove comes away from Harvey's face after the last punch his left eye has been blotted out.

The crowd is in an uproar. Is the man who has never been knocked out to get it at last? Gone is that detached air of Harvey. His face is twisted with pain. He is staggering as Petersen batters him about the ring. The bell. That was the turning-point.

Harvey's Grim Pluck

Then came an exhibition of pluck that marked Harvey as no false champion. With that one staring, glaring eye he fought grimly to ward off defeat in the rounds that followed.

Repeatedly he would lash at Petersen as he came at him. Desperately he tried to gauge his distances, time his blows.

In Round 6 Petersen's left eye—the old injury—gushed blood. Would this even things up?

Once, when Petersen cornered Harvey and slammed in a dozen blows to his body without reply, Harvey smiled wanly through the blood on his face.

But Petersen's eye was tended. Swabbing by his father from a little bottle of yellow liquid stanching the blood.

More important, Petersen was boxing as well as fighting. Still eager and ever anxious to attack, he was ready to bide his time. He never became reckless.

The crowd was in a turmoil. Ever since the fifth they scented a sudden end always in the air. Wildly they urged on Petersen, or cheered Harvey for his dogged courage and the fighting instinct that saw him through round after round.

The crowd's admiration of the champion's gallant stand was interrupted by transgressions for which he was warned by the referee—principally for using his head. Once he shrugged his shoulders and gestured feebly towards his damaged eye as though to hold it responsible.

The Last Effort.
The climax came in the twelfth. Harvey came out for one last throw. But he was met by a tigerish Petersen.

Amid a steadily mounting medley of shouts Petersen pumped in a stream of punches. Harvey's face was twisted in agony. His ribs were reddened.

Lefts and rights were punched in with terrible accuracy. Suddenly Harvey is down. Pandemonium. Sheer weariness made him slip. He staggers up. The bell—and the towel.

A rush to the ring-side. The two Petersens capering in a family celebration. Shouts of victory and sympathy.

Harvey stands there with wavering knees and a sad smile. Mrs. Harvey, fair-haired and in a grey flannel tailored suit, runs into the ring and embraced her husband.

LILIAN HARVEY

May Give Up Films

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, June 9.
A frank word or two about Miss Lilian Harvey, the film star who hails from Muswell Hill, London, by Lilian Harvey herself, speaking to Reuter in Hollywood recently.

"I know I have been a flop since I came to Hollywood. There's no point in kidding myself. It isn't pleasant to be drawing a salary and feel one has not been worth it."

"I am determined to make good in my next picture, 'Serenade.' If I don't I'm going home to Europe to get married and lead a domestic life."

"My contract calls for three more pictures after 'Serenade,' but unless that film is exceptionally good I do not expect to make the others."

The salary Miss Harvey is getting in Hollywood is a five-figure one. She is engaged to Willy Fritsch, the German actor.

"Ann Vickers"

With women constantly enlarging their sphere in life, the question of whether or not a career other than that of wife and mother is compatible with feminine happiness is often a subject for controversy.

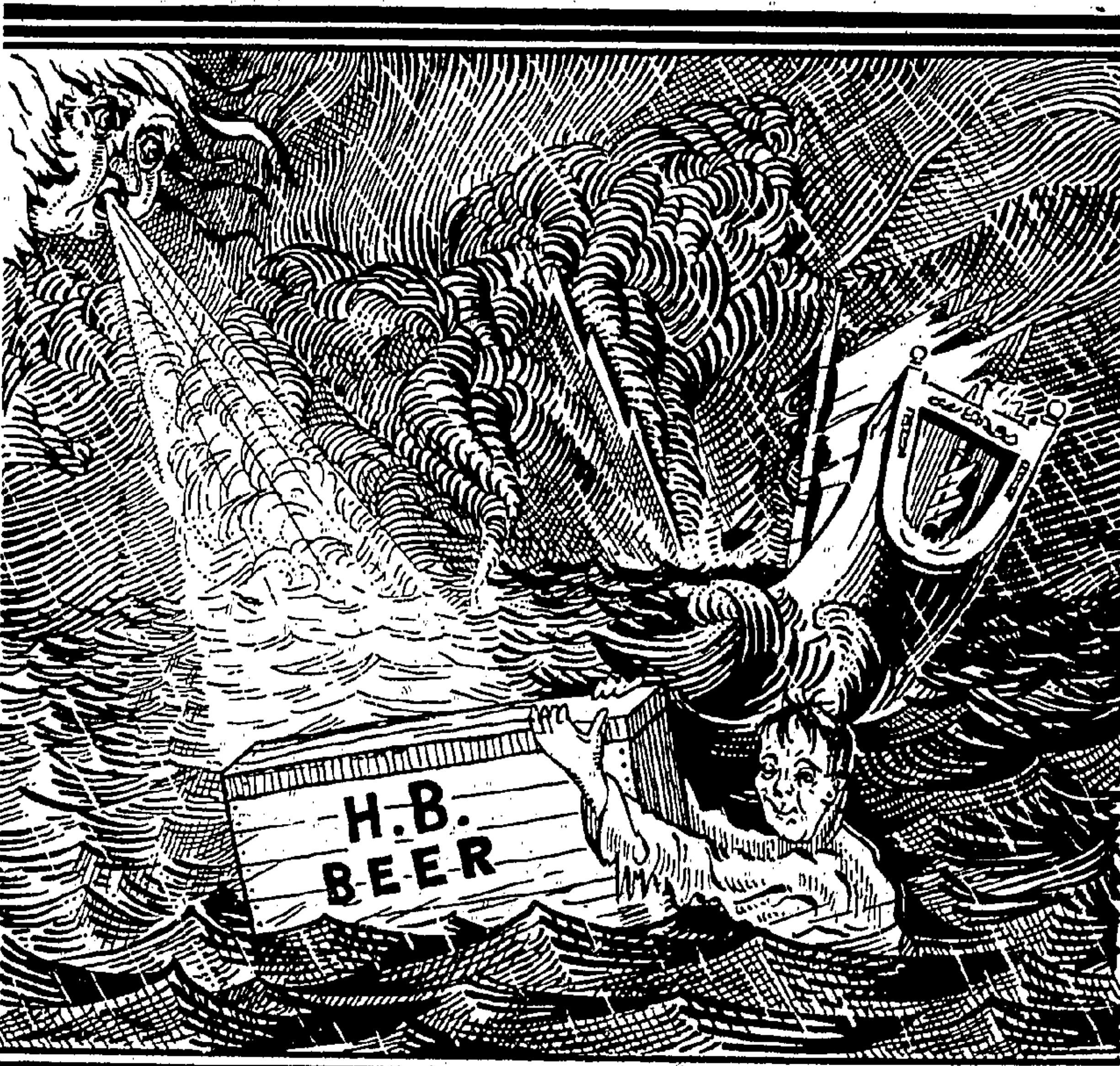
This question is said to be treated fearlessly and frankly in "Ann Vickers" latest and most sensational of Sinclair Lewis' best-selling novels. A book which has gone into edition after edition since it was published in 1932, "Ann Vickers" has aroused discussion such as few workers of fiction ever have.

Retaining all of the drama and vital interest of the novel, which deals with a social service worker's efforts to combine romance and career, and adding the colour and realism which only the screen can give by bringing the characters to life, RKO-Radio has filmed the Lewis masterpiece with a cast of exceptional brilliance—Irene Dunne, Walter Huston, Bruce Cabot, Edna May Oliver, Conrad Nagel, and many other screen favourites. John Cromwell directed.

Somewhat Similar

"Yes," said the great man, "I work up one morning and find myself famous."

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ATTRACTIVE Two roomed Flat
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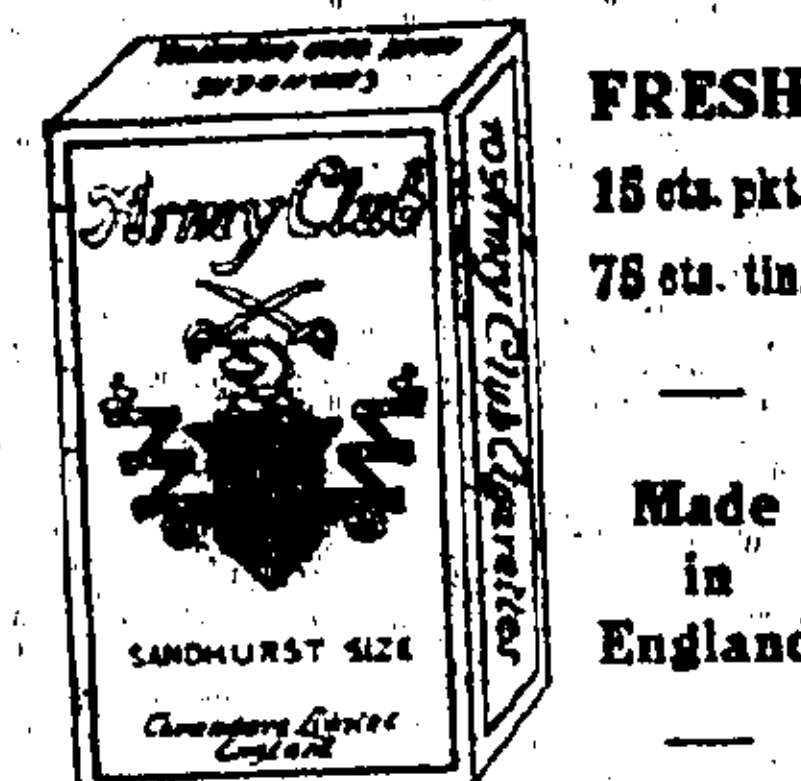
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latest available information on
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placed at their disposal.

**LAND TAX IN
CANTON**

To Replace Farm
Dues

(From Our Special Correspondent)

Canton, June 25.
The Provincial Department of
Finance has announced that
temporary land tax will be col-
lected on October 1 in place of
the miscellaneous farm dues
which have been a heavy burden
to the farmers.

Hereafter there will be only
land tax. According to a speech
of Mr. Au Fang Po, Commissioner
of Finance, the new tax will bring
in more revenue to the govern-
ment without additional burden
on the people or may even lessen
the payment of the peasants.
Such an increase in revenue, he
said, is to be brought about by
scientific and efficient collection.

Representatives of the Provincial
Department of Finance are mak-
ing assessments on the value of
the farms prior to the levy of the
temporary land tax. All district
magistrates are required to co-
operate, so that the assessment
may be completed in time to put
the land tax into effect.

The abolition of the miscel-
laneous and exorbitant taxes may
not be so simple as expected.
These imposts are collected locally
and go to the coffers of the dis-
trict government. Altogether
about 80 miscellaneous taxes have
been abolished especially in dis-
tricts in the East River valley.

At a start the land tax is col-
lected from the more prosperous
counties and then extended to all
parts of the province. From to-
morrow each of the advanced
counties will form a assessment
committee to assist the officials
from the Finance Department.

**GOOD FRUIT
HARVEST****Li Chi Season**

(From Our Special Correspondent)

Canton, June 25.
Li Chi, a juicy and sweet fruit
grown only in South China, has
a good harvest this year and is
sold at only 40 cents a catty for
the best kind.

Most of this fruit is grown in
Lo Kong which is very near here
and in Tseng Shing on the East
River Valley. As the price of Li
Chi is cheap this year, they are
exported to other parts of the
country especially North China,
where it is sold at a fairly high
price. What is a common native
product here is a luxury there.

Hong Kong also consumes a
good deal of Li Chi from Canton.
It is the size of one-fourth of an
apple with a red and rugged skin.
The best Li Chi has a very small
seed, and its pulp is very sweet
and juicy. Owing to a successful
crop, the taste of this fruit is
particularly good this year with a
corresponding decrease in price.

Li Chi is served in all Chinese
and foreign restaurants here and
in Hong Kong. Being a special
product in Kwangtung, this fruit
has a great popularity among
foreign residents. Northerners
here also enjoy eating this fruit,
which is available in the market
for the next two weeks.

Many of them are dried up and
sold as preserved fruit to be
shipped elsewhere or consumed in
the winter.

**ALLIANCE OF
PROVINCES**

Step Against
Nanking

(From Our Special Correspondent)

Canton, June 25.
General Pail Hsueh Hsi, Second-
in-Command of the Fourth Group
Army, is said to have proposed
the formal alliance of the five
South-west provinces, that is,
Kwangtung, Kwangsi, Hunan,
Kweichow and Yunnan. So far
there is some understanding among
the first three provinces following
the arrival in Canton of General
Ho Chien, Chairman of the Hunan
Provincial Government.

General Wang Chia Lich, Chair-
man of the Kweichow Provincial
Government, and General Lung
Yun, Chairman of the Yunnan
Provincial Government, are asked

to join in this holy alliance, which
is to prevent the interference of
the South-west by the Nanking
military authorities.

Certain measures concerning
future relations with Nanking were
decided to-day at the regular
Monday meeting of the Kuomintang
South-west Executive Com-
mittee. On the other hand,
General Chiang Kai Shek, Nank-
ing intelligence officer, is working
hard to convince high officials
here that no alliance is necessary
and that they have only to obey
the orders from Nanking.

General Chiang Kai Shek is
not popular with the Kuomintang
leaders and may return North
very soon.

Known as a leading military
strategist, General Pail Hsueh Hsi
has made a deep impression on
his colleagues in Canton on the
necessity of mutual help for com-
mon interest. It is known that
General Chiang Kai Shek, Chair-
man of the Nanking Military
Commission, wants to abolish the
South-west Political Council and
the Kuomintang South-west Exe-
cutive Committee, which means
he wishes to have his orders re-
spected here.

GEN. CRITCHLEY

To Be Conservative
Candidate?

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, June 9.

I learn that Brig.-Gen. A. C.
Critchley, one of the founders of
greyhound racing in this country,
may be adopted as Conservative
candidate in the Twickenham by-
election. Brig.-Gen. Critchley
is managing-director of the
Greyhound Racing Association.

The Twickenham Conservative
Association will meet on Thurs-
day to decide upon their candi-
date. The vacancy results from
the death of the Conservative
member, Mr. H. R. Murray-Phillip-
son.

Brig.-Gen. Critchley has a dis-
tinguished war record. He was
promoted brigadier-general at 28,
was mentioned in despatches five
times and received the D. S. O.
and the C.M.G. He is an all-
round athlete, who represented
Canada at polo, won the Cana-
dian Army boxing championship
and the French golfing champion-
ship.

He had considerable electioneer-
ing experience, having stood, but
without success, for the Gorton
Division of Manchester (1929) and
East Islington (1931 by-election).

Polling at Twickenham will take
place on Friday, June 22. Nomi-
nation day will be Wednesday
week. The figures at the by-
election in September, 1932, were:
H. R. Murray-Phillipson, (C.) 21,638
Percy Holman (Sec.) 14,831
Majority 4,807

Mr. Holman is again con-
testing the seat.

**DISTINGUISHED SCOTS-
MAN HONOURED**

Major-General James
Drummond Graham

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, June 9.

Major-General James Drummond
Graham, C.B., C.I.E., K.H.S., (I.M.S.
retired), who has been awarded a
Knighthood in the King's Birthday
honours list, is a distinguished
Scotsman.

He is the eldest son of the late
James Drummond Graham, M.A.,
F.E.I.S., of Ayr. Educated at Ayr
Academy and Glasgow University,
where he graduated with high
commendation, he went into the
Indian Medical Service in 1900.

For the ensuing seven years he
was on military duty in India, in-
cluding the North-West Frontier
campaign of 1901-2. During the
European War he served with the
Egypt Expeditionary Force on the
staff of the 11th Indian Division
and the 9th (British) Army Corps.

He was later with the Mesopotamia
Expeditionary Force on the staff
to Tigris Corps and G.H.Q., and
was Assistant Director Medical
Services, G.H.Q., Mesopotamia, be-
ing four times mentioned in des-
patches.

Major-General Graham before his
retirement acted as Public Health
Commissioner for India. In that
capacity he was responsible for the
whole public health policy of
India, representing the Indian
Government at Geneva and on all
questions relating to public health.

Major-General Graham is 59
years of age. He married in 1912
Violet Augusta, second daughter
of Colonel C. Seymour, A.M.S.

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At No. 47, PRING ROAD,

"SORRELL AND SON" AGAINH. B. Warner Repeats Role that Made
the World Weep**KILL HIS FLEAS
—FOR PITY'S SAKE**

Don't wait until he forgets his manners and just has to scratch. Rub a little Pulver, vermin powder into his coat to-day, deep down among the hairs. Do it regularly, at least once a week, and you will not only destroy all parasites; you will prevent their reappearance.

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Manager:— A.H.L.I.U.

"ANN" VICKERS

Sinclair Lewis tossed "Ann Vickers" as a literary bombshell into the trenches of tradition and now RKO-Radio Pictures, which was high bidder for the screen rights, has picked it up and hurled it further at the old fortresses which have held back the march of womanhood.

Irene Dunne and Walter Huston are co-starred, and other luminaries of the screen have done their share, but credit must be given to the Lewis theme for considerable of the popularity of the current hit which is keeping the motion picture theatres clicking.

Ann Vickers is a girl who has modern ideas about the love and the courage to do something with them. Things are quiet enough with her back in a mid-Western small town until she is caught in the war hysteria and suddenly falls in love with a handsome army captain, who betrays her and destroys her illusion of love.

Another setback in love, and Ann grows bitter. She strives to drive all thoughts of romance from her and seek comfort in a career, hoping to gain the plaudits of the public while she improves civilization. Ann finds fame, but it is the fame that leaves a void in her heart. Next, a brilliant jurist crosses her path, and another affair seems to bring her happiness.

But the man with whom she falls in love is sentenced to prison. Forced at last to choose between the love of a man behind the bars and her own brilliant career, she makes a dramatic decision.

The storm of protest raised by Ann's course when the Lewis volume first exploded amid the reading public will no doubt be revived, what with the dramatic version packing in the fans from one end of the country to the other.

Many women will stand with Ann Vickers in her courageous defiance both of convention and of selfishness, among those high in executive positions in public institutions. Others will protest, censure her, condemn her.

The result, of course, will be more and more discussion about the age-old boundaries thrown around the woman hungry for romance. The theme is undoubtedly a popular one and that counts heavily.

Supporting Irene Dunne and Walter Huston, are Bruce Cabot, Conrad Nagel, Edna May Oliver, Sam Hardy and Ferdinand Gottschalk.

A classic of literature, and a classic of the silent screen, Warwick Deering's "Sorrell and Son" comes before the public again this time in the form of a talkie made by British and Dominions.

There has never been made a more strikingly successful emotional drama than the silent film and it is safe to predict that a similar reaction awaits the new version.

The star of the silent, H.B. Warner, plays the part of Sorrell once more in the talkie version, thus making his British film debut.

He was brought specially from Hollywood by M. and D. because it was thought that there was no one within the entire ranks of the acting profession who could play Sorrell as well as he.

In this part, he has behind him not only the "experience" and knowledge gained while portraying the character six years ago but the lesson of over a hundred screen performances in Hollywood.

He brings to the talkie a new attraction—namely a rich and eloquent English-speaking voice, which supplementing his complete mastery of screen technique and his ability to register all shades of emotion brings it about that his characterization of Sorrell stands out undoubtedly as one of the greatest film acting triumphs of recent years.

Warwick Weeping's story has been rigidly adhered to in the scenario of Lydia Hayward, in the writing of which the author himself took an active interest.

The director chosen to handle the subject was Jack Raymond, than whom no one could be better qualified. Although he has done much work for B. and D. as a comedy director no one is more expert than he in the development of an emotional human theme. It is significant that one

of his greatest silent film successes was a subject of this order "Somehow Good"—from a script by Miss Hayward.

The supporting parts are played by a mammoth cast.

Kit, the son, is taken by Peter Penrose and Hugh Williams—it is the latter's last British screen appearance before leaving for Hollywood.

Winifred Shooter appears as Molly Pentreath, the young novelist whom Kit marries, and it is interesting to see this very accomplished actress playing a distinctly new type of character.

Sorrell's ex-wife is played by Margot Grahame—again in interesting choice, for Margot has recently been the leading feminine personality in two musical romances. Her performance in "Sorrell and Son" reveals her as a highly talented character actress.

Donald Calthrop is Orange, the surgeon. Buck, created on the silent screen by Louis Wolheim, is portrayed by Wally Patch, one of the most notable of present-day screen "heavies," while Evelyn Roberts, now playing in "A Sleeping Clergyman," is Roland, the quixotic hotel proprietor.

Hope Davy and Louis Hayward, appear as Ethel and Duncan, a pair of film lovers.

The action of the story covers London and two country districts, known as Staunton and Wistonbury.

The country scenes were shot in the Cotswold village of Broadway, Worcestershire, while the Pelican Hotel, where Sorrell finds fortune, is actually a beautiful Broadway Hotel, dating back to the seventeenth century—the famous Lygon Arms.

Art direction, by W. Arnold achieves realism and distinction throughout, the contrasting settings of the old-world Pelican, and the austere operating theatre being typical examples.



H.B. Warner in "SORRELL & SON"

A SONG FOR YOU

The new Jan Klepura musical film is now well under way at the Shepherd's Bush Studios. Scenes shot during the week show two private supper-parties at the Monbijou Restaurant, in Vienna. The first is given by the middle-aged, dashing and amorous Herr Klepura (Reginald Smith) to his lady-of-the-moment, played by Gina Malt.

This scene brought tears to the eyes of the Studio Dress Department. In order to rid his best private-room of the unwelcome Klepura and his flighty companion, and prepare to receive the great Gatti (Jan Klepura) opera-star and general favourite, the Headwaiter, after making the meal as unpleasant as possible by upsetting pepper in the soup, salt in the sweet, and several other unpleasant ruses, ensures the immediate departure of the lady, at least, by upsetting an entire glass of red wine over her frock!

The frock worn by Gina Malt in this scene was a beautiful creation of shell-pink satin, of extremely daring cut; completely backless, and sustained by a wide diamond necklace at the throat. This was the gown which was doomed to glorious

ruin in a welter of Burgundy. Apart from the tearful entreaties of the Dress-Department, the scene was made difficult by the fact that actual "spilling" sequence could only be shot once, for the very obvious reason that New Season's Models of shell-pink satin are never duplicated. It is not as easy as it sounds to spill a glass of wine, in a natural looking manner, over the precise area on a lady's toilette where it will do the most damage. The shot, however, went off without a hitch.

Later sequences shot show the second dinner-party. The two diners are Jan Klepura and Aileen Marson, and it is in this scene that Klepura first sings "My Song For You," the beautiful air from which the film takes its name. It is when he is singing that Jan Klepura is to be seen—and heard—at his happiest; although, for that matter, there can scarcely be a happier or more light-hearted film-star in the studio. He walks with a spring in his step; he has a smile for every one; his only source of unhappiness seems to be the fact that the moment he enters a room or office at the studios, the occupants immediately throw away their cigarettes.

**NINE TURNING POINTS
IN MY CAREER**by
DOLORES DEL RIO

The first turning point in my career is the most important, because had it been different, there would have been no others. I refer to my removal from Durango, my birthplace, to Mexico City to escape revolutions. With all the turmoil through which I have since struggled—I am still glad that I decided to leave Durango that gray autumn morning.

who said to me "Your accent is so slight, it gives your speech an added charm." Unimportant as it may seem, this remark nerved me to come, back.

I cannot ignore a personal factor that I am sure will prove to be a most important influence on my future in picture in pictures. It is the assignment of Daniel Reed as dialogue director on "Du Barry". He has done wonders with my diction and enunciation—so much so that English no longer presents any difficulties to me.



The Beautiful Mexican Star Dolores Del Rio and Richardo Cortes—in "Wonder Bar"—a Warner Brothers Picture.

My mother took me to a Sunday Matinee Opera, where I saw Pavlova dance. Here was the spirit of life and joy incarnate. It fired me with a sense of adventure—made me long for something more exciting than my convent days. At this matinee was born the ambition to dance and sing and act.

A charity ball was planned under the management of Jaime Del Rio and I was invited to play Columbine. I had other plans for the particular evening on which the affair was to be held. I debated a long while before deciding to take part. This was a real turning point for me as it led to my marriage.

I have always thought that I very narrowly missed being a humdrum young society matron with no thought above my housewifely duties—golf, parties and dances. This is exactly what I would have been except for an inner urge to accomplish something. I did not know what, I only knew that my life was not full enough. I needed a hobby—some outside intellectual interest. I decided to take a course in the History of Art at the Academy. It was at the Academy that I met the people who were indirectly responsible for my having a picture career.

Among my newer friends was Senor Pesquera, our Ambassador at Washington. He introduced me to the Lytells and the Edwin Carewes. Mr. Carewe gave me my first picture contract.

One of the most definite turning points in my career came about unexpectedly. It was a chance meeting with Raoul Walsh at the very time he was looking for a girl to play Chara mine in "What Price Glory." That was the moment of moments for me.

While the talkies did not like me, they had me worried. The trip I took to Europe was for the purpose of getting away where I could have the proper perspective on the whole situation created by talking pictures. I realized that my accent was a drawback. At one time, I remember the situation looked so hopeless that I had almost decided to stay in Europe and let my picture career go. At a tea I met a stay in Europe and let my picture career go. At a tea, I met a young man

**CHARLES LAUGHTON TO
PLAY FATHER OF NORMA
SHEARER**

With the signing of Charles Laughton to play the strange role of the elder Barrett in the film production of The Barretts Of Wimpole Street, Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer continues preparation for early screening of the famous stage hit.

Laughton, whose recent portrayal of King Henry the Eighth won him outstanding recognition, was assigned to the dramatic role by Irving Thalberg, producing the Rudolf Besler play with Norma Shearer starring as the Elizabeth in the romantic courtship of the poet Robert Browning.

Signing of Laughton for the powerful characterization indicated that the most sensational aspect of the play is not to be ignored in the film by Sidney Franklin who is to direct from a script by Ernest Vajda and Claudine West.

**ELIZABETH ALLAN TAKES
UNUSUAL SCREEN TEST**

There has been every kind of screen test, Elizabeth Allan's latest is nevertheless a departure. Six thousand miles from the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer studios, she stepped before sound apparatus and cameras in England—and was personally directed by George Cukor, who was sitting in his office in Hollywood, California.

Long-distance trans-Atlantic telephone was utilized.

The test was for Miss Allan's forthcoming role in David O. Selznick's production of David Copperfield. She will play David's young mother.

The test originally was to have been made before Miss Allan left for a vacation in England. Then it was decided that Cukor would make it when he went to England; but it was found that Miss Allan would have to start back to California before Cukor could reach London.

So the script was cabled to her, and Cukor not only heard her speak the lines, but directed the re-takes by a double telephone hook-up across 8,000 miles of land and sea. The test film is expected at the studio in about two weeks.

ORIENTAL**2 DAYS ONLY—TO-DAY & TO-MORROW**

A HILARIOUS COMEDY!
Three daughters of adventure who charged until even the bill collectors begged for mercy. They stormed their way through a barrage of diamond rings and sable coats from the Follies to the Millionaire's Row. **SCORCHINGLY HUMOROUS—**
AUDACIOUSLY AMUSING.

**THREE GOLD DIGGERS
OUT FOR A LITTLE
QUICK SILVER!**

They started out as working girls but ended working men. "Give And Let Give" was their battle-cry as they charged the man-bridge and how they charged!

**THE GREEKS HAD
A WORD FOR THEM**
WITH **INA CLAIRE**

Jean Blondell - Madge Evans
Lowell Sherman - David Manners

**RIVELLE'S SALE**

25% DISCOUNT OFF ALL SUMMER GOODS
INCLUDING NEW SHIPMENT OF
AFTERNOON AND EVENING GOWNS
CLEVER ONE-PIECE SPORTS FROCKS
WASHABLE SUITS
— that will be the joy of the Business Girl —
ALL OF THEM GAY & BRIGHT AS SUMMER
ALL SIZES
3, GLOUCESTER ARCADE.

**TO-DAY'S RADIO
PROGRAMME**

Broadcast by Z.B.W.
on 355 Metres

1-2.15 p.m., European Programme.
1 p.m., Local Time and Weather Report.

1.03 p.m., Recorded Music.
1.15 p.m., A relay of the Hong Kong Hotel Orchestra from the Hong Kong Hotel Grill Room. (by courtesy of the Management).

1.30 p.m., Rugby Press News, etc.
2.15 p.m., Close Down.

TWO STUDIO CONCERTS TONIGHT
SELECTIONS BY THE "MUSIC MAKERS"

4.30-7.30 p.m., Chinese Programme.

6-6.15 p.m., Children's Studio Concert.

7.30-10.30 p.m., European Programme.

7.30-8 p.m., Concert Items.
Song—Serenata (Tosti).

Song—Canciones (Prison Song) (Chapli) Madama Amell.

Gall-Curci (Soprano).
Violin Solo—Gypsy Cadrice (Kreisler).

Violin Solo—Shepherd's Madrigal (Kreisler) Fritz Kreisler.

Song—Glory of the Sea (Sander-son).

Song—The Border Ballad (Cowan) Peter Dawson (Bass-Baritone).

Pianoforte Solo—Stude in E Major (Chopin, Op. 10, No. 3).

Pianoforte Solo—Impromptu in A Flat (Schubert, Op. 142, No. 2) Ignace Jan Paderewski.

8 p.m., Local Time and Weather Report.
8.03-8.30 p.m., From the Studio. Selections by Kall's Hawaiian Troubadours. (Queens Pearl and David).

1—What Aloha Means.
2—Hear the Ukuleles Calling.

3—Hawaiian Lullaby.
4—Steel-Guitar Selection. (Honolulu March).

5—My Little Grass Shack.
6—Aloha Baby Boy.

7—Imi Au (King's Serenade).
8—Steel-Guitar Selection.

(a) Chimes.
(b) Hilo March.

9—Hale Hula.
10—Ukulele Lullaby.

11—Old Plantation (Bartone Solo).

12—Song of the Islands.
2.30-9 p.m., Orchestral.

Rosamunde—Overture (Schubert).
Sir Hamilton Harty conducting the Hallé Orchestra.

Polonaise No. 2 (Liszt, arr. Muller).
Berlin State Orchestra.

Carneval Overture (Dvorak) (Op. 92) Chicago Symphony Orchestra.

Symphony Antar—Third Movement (Rimsky-Korsakov).
Sir Thomas Beecham conducting the Royal Philharmonic Orchestra.

9-9.30 p.m., From the Studio. Selections by the "Music Makers."

9.30-9.40 p.m., "Drinks all Round" by the Columbia Vocal Gem Company.

9.40-10.30 p.m., From the Studio. Selections by the Orchestra of "R.M.S. Ranchi."

PROGRAMME
1—March—Blaze of Glory Holmann.

2—Selection—Maid of the Mountains Fraser-Simson.

3—Saxophone Solo—Supplication (Charles Ancliffe).

5—Waltz—Verschmahete Paul Lincke.

DANCE MUSIC
10.30 p.m., Rugby Mid-day Press News.

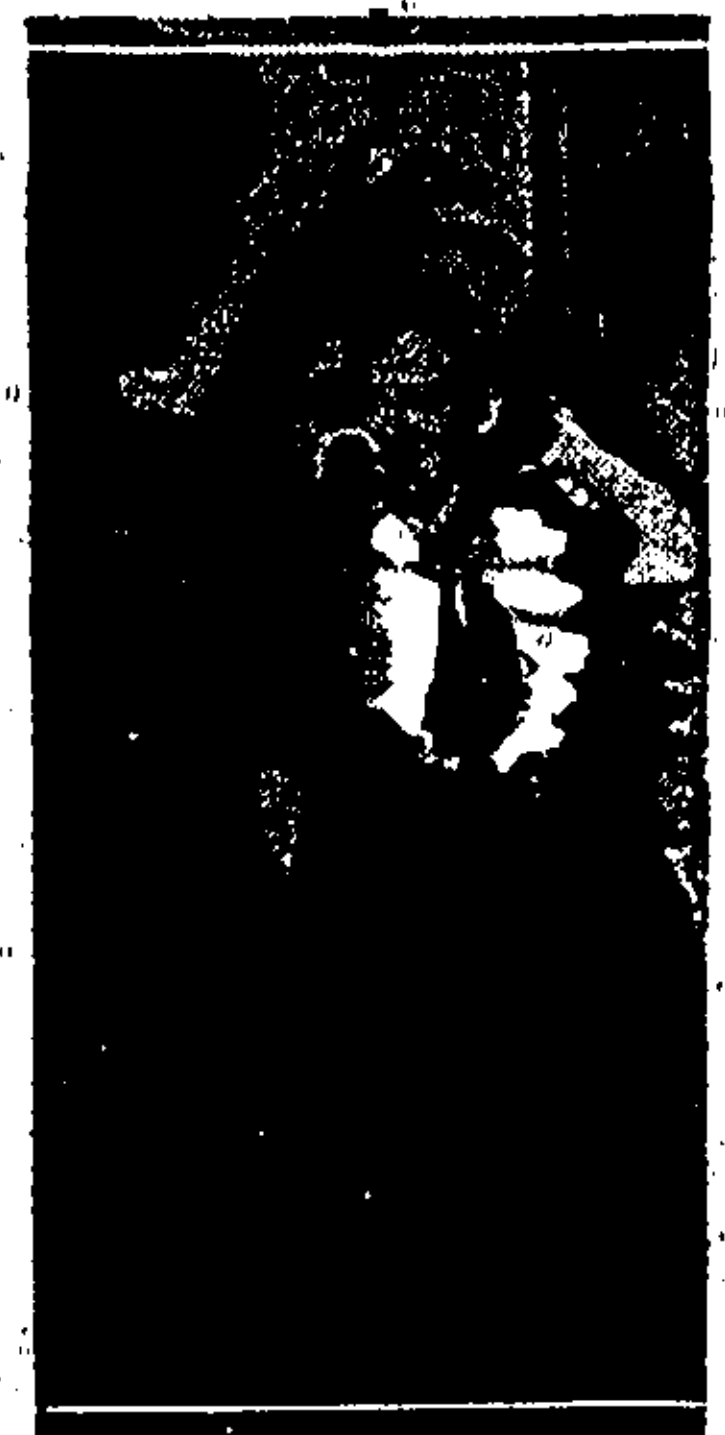
10.33 p.m., Close Down.
DAVENTRY PROGRAMME

11 a.m., Time, Signal from Big Tom. Quentin Maclean at the organ of the Trocadero Cinema. Elephant and Castle, London.

(Continued on Page 11)

CENTRAL
THEATRE

TAKE QUEEN'S RD., WESTBOUND BUS

SHOWING TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.Scene from
"THE SECRET OF THE BLUE ROOM"
UNIVERSAL PRODUCTIONAdmission:— Dress Circle 80 c.
Back Stall 50 c.Servicemen:—
35 c. to Back Stall.NEXT ISLE OF
CHANGE PARADISETHE WATCHMAN
SLEEPSAnd The Idol Is
Removed!

There is one watchman who will never again fall down on a job after the scare he got while working for Cecil B. DeMille in Hawaii during the filming of his latest Paramount picture, "Four Frightened People," which comes on Thursday to the King's Theatre.

A huge Malaysian idol, forty feet in height and weighing several thousand pounds, was erected in a jungle location for exterior scenes.

DeMille ordered the bulky image moved to another and dryer location, which was accomplished during the hours that the watchman was sneaking some sleep.

When it came to paying off all the native help at the end of the picture, the watchman failed to show up for his money. He was finally located, but refused to accept pay without a great deal of urging.

"I have a confession to make," he said after he had pocketed pay. "While I was looking around the jungle, your idol was stolen. I shall start out now and find the thief."

DeMille is still waiting to hear if the watchman found the idol in the new location.

"Four Frightened People" is from the novel of the same name by E. Arnot-Robertson. It is the story of how four self-loving people have the veneer of civilization stripped from them when they are forced to fight for life and love in a dense, dangerous Malay jungle.

"RIPTIDE"

Final Showings
To-day

Norma Shearer comes to the screen, after a prolonged vacation, in "Riptide," the glamorous Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer vehicle which has its final showings to-day at the Queen's Theatre.

Miss Shearer, who last appeared in "Smilin' Through" which won the Photoplay Gold Medal Award for 1932, remained away from her screen work to accompany her husband, Irving Thalberg, on a convalescent trip to Europe.

It was while abroad that the smart Continental romance was suggested for her latest film, directed by Edmund Goulding from his own original story.

In her new film Miss Shearer essays a daring characterization reminiscent of her triumphant roles in "Divorce," "Strangers

DIARY OF LOCAL
EVENTS

To-day

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27.

Auctions.—Sale of Crown Lands, District Office, Taipei, 11.30 a.m.; Lammert's Sale of Stock-in-Trade, "Arcadia Shop," 47 Peking Road, Kowloon, 10 a.m.

Cinemas

King's:—"Bolero"
Queen's:—"Riptide"
Central:—"The Secret Of The Blue Room"
Oriental:—"The Greeks Had A Word For Them"
World:—"The Man From Chicago"
Alhambra:—"Mayor Of Hell"
Majestic:—"Sleepers East"
Star:—"Day of Reckoning"

Meetings

L. C. A. Business Meeting, 10.30 a.m.
General Committee Meeting, 5.30 p.m. Sailors' and Soldiers' Home, Kowloon Union Church Women's Guild, 10 a.m.

Miscellaneous

Whist Drive, Seamen's Institute, 9 p.m.
Moon.—Full Moon, 1.08 p.m.
V. Moon, 15th Day.

Principal Mails

Inward Air Mail from Europe by Helikon; Air and Steamer Mail from Europe via Suez by Ranchi.

Social Functions

Informal Dinner Party given by the German Consul, Mr. H. Gipperich, in honour of Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Jenkins.

Sports

Lawn Bowls.—Paris Champion, ship, F. J. Jones and A. W. Grimmit v. E. G. Post and G. Perkins (Club de Recrelo); V. Petherick and J. Watson v. A. E. Carey and W. Glendenning (Kowloon C.C. green), 5 p.m.
Meetings.—Meeting of Hongkong Swimming Association, 6 p.m.
Sunrise.—5.41 a.m. Sunset.—7.11 p.m.
Tides.—High at 8.35 and 23.13; Low at 20.00 and 16.05.

THURSDAY, JUNE 28.

Anniversaries and Holidays.—Germans signed Peace, 1919.
Auctions.—Leasehold Property Sale, Lammert's Sales Room, 3 p.m.; Sale of Crown Lands, Land Office, Ping Shan, 11.30 a.m.; Lammert's Sale of Household Furniture, 4A Hankow Road, Kowloon, 10.30 a.m.

Cinemas

King's:—"Four Frightened People"
Queen's:—"Female"
Central:—"The Secret Of The Blue Room"
Oriental:—"The Greeks Had A Word For Them"
World:—"The Man From Chicago"
Alhambra:—"Ever In My Heart"
Majestic:—"Sleepers East"
Star:—"Day of Reckoning"

Entertainments

Mrs. M. K. Lo, on behalf of Hong Kong Rotary Club, entertains girls of Pokfulam Industrial School, to an outing at Repulse Bay.

Lectures

Dr. E. L. Allen, M.A., Ph.D., on "Life's Highest Law," Hop Yat Church, Bonham Road, 8 p.m.

Meetings

Annual, Wm. Powell, Ltd., 6 Des Voeux Road Central, 11.30 a.m.
Hong Kong Philatelic Society, "S. C. M. Post" Board Room, 5.30 p.m.

Theosophical Society, 6 p.m.
Speaker: Mr. J. Russell, F.T.S., on "Peace Groups, their Utility and Futurity."
V. D. M. A. Committee, St. Andrew's Church Hall, 6.30 p.m.

Miscellaneous

Whist Drives, Civil Service Cricket Club, 8.45 p.m.
R. A. O. B. Club, 8.30 p.m.
Claims against the Estates of Enrique C. Grey of 4, Chi Wo Street, Kowloon, due.

Moon.—V. Moon, 17th Day.

Sports

Lawn Tennis.—"B" Division, University v. South China; Chinese R.C. v. Kowloon C.C.; Club de Recrelo v. Indian R.C.; Hong Kong C.C. v. Graduates Association.
Sunrise.—5.40 a.m. Sunset.—7.11 p.m.

Tides.—High at 7.46 and 22.25; Low at 1.14 and 15.19.

May Kiss, "A Free Soul," and "Strange Interlude."

Robert Montgomery and Herbert Marshall share leading man honours and the cast includes Mrs. Patrick Campbell, Skeets Gallagher, Ralph Forbes, and Lilyan Tashman.

FINAL
SHOWINGS
TO-DAY
DAILY AT
2.30, 5.10, 7.15
AND
9.30 P.M.KING
THEATREAND
FRANCES
DRAKESHOULD A WIFE
TELL?Barbara Stanwyck's
Latest Picture

Romance of unusual strength and interest is said to mark the plot of Barbara Stanwyck's latest Warner Bros. picture, "Ever In My Heart," which opens to-morrow at the Alhambra.

In the character of a New English girl a strong friendship exists between her and a cousin and their families take it for granted that they will marry. But when the cousin returns from abroad with a German professor she immediately falls in love with the professor and weds him in defiance of her Puritan relatives.

Their love runs smoothly and beautifully until the outbreak of the World War when friends and

relatives turn on the husband and later on the girl herself because she will not give him up. But they are eventually torn apart when her husband is driven to return to Germany to join the army by the snubs and cruelties heaped upon himself and wife by their friends.

Later Stanwyck as a canteen worker in France meets her husband, as he is spying on the Allied forces. It is here that the picture turns into one of intense drama as she is torn between her love for her husband and her duty toward her own country.

Otto Kruger, noted stage star, has the leading masculine role opposite Miss Stanwyck, while the remaining members of the cast are all noted on stage and screen. They include Ralph Bellamy, Ruth Donnelly, Laura Hope Crews, Frank Albertson, Donald Meek, Clara Blandick, Elizabeth Patterson and Harry Beresford.

Archie Mayo directed the picture from a screen play by Bertram Milhauser which is based on the story by himself and Beulah Marie Dix.

PLEASE
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TEL. No. 25313
25332TO-MORROW
THE BATTLE FOR
LIFE...AND LOVE!

MALE and FEMALE!

CECIL B.
De MILLE'S
FOUR
FRIGHTENED
PEOPLE

with
CLAUDETTE COLBERT
HERBERT MARSHALL
MARY BOLAND
WILLIAM GARGAN
A Paramount Picture

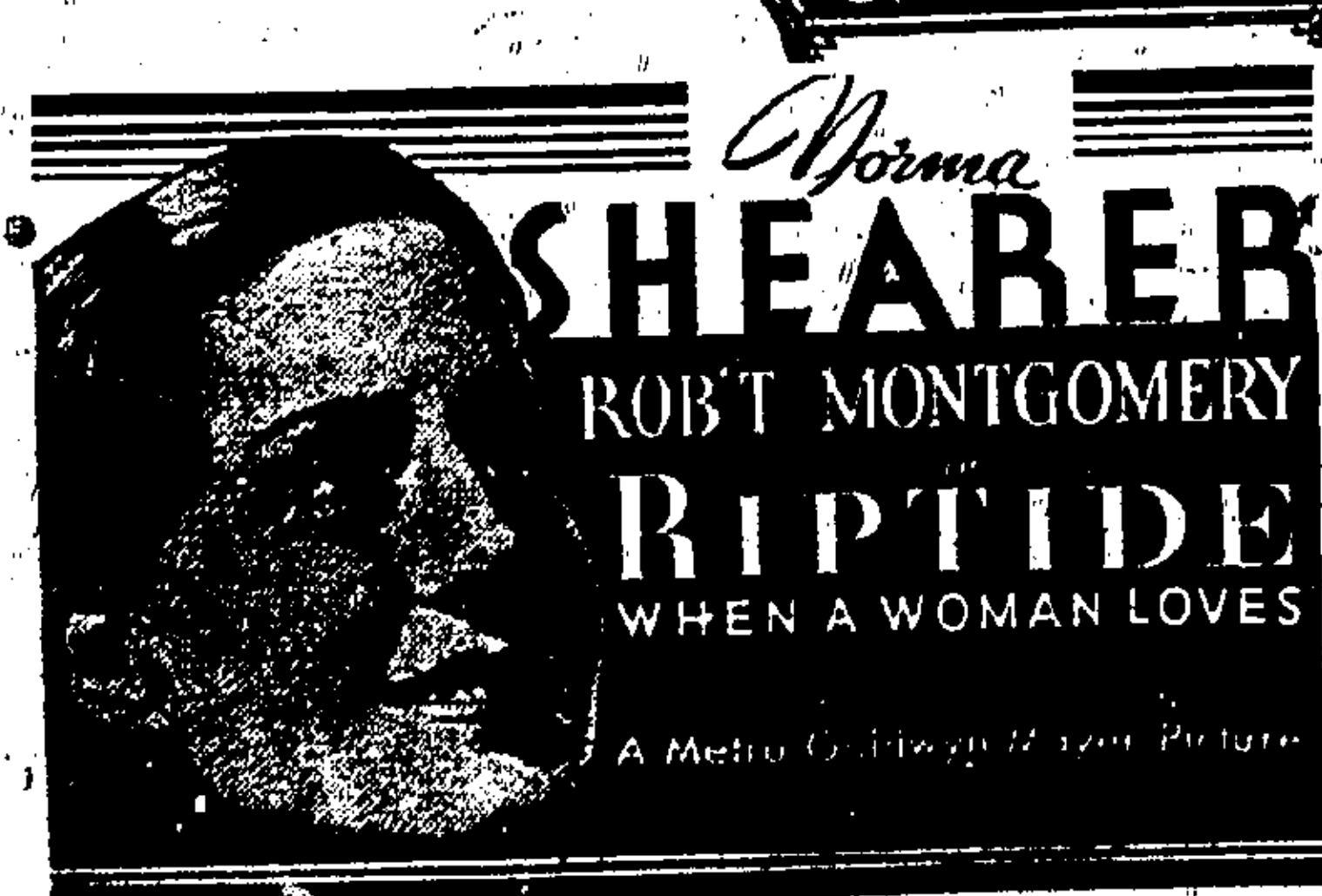
HOLLYWOOD NEWS

Pat O'Brien and Glenda Farrell, who were together in the drama "Bureau of Missing Persons" are to be teamed again in "The Personality Kid," a thrilling boxing story. Since both have "scorching" personalities, fireworks are predicted.

"Midnight Alibi" is the title of the next Richard Barthelmess production, with Ann Dvorak, Helen Lowell (one of the outstanding American character actresses) Helen Chandler and Robert Barrat in principal roles.

Harry J. Brown, leading motion picture producer who has been vice president of the Charles Rogers Paramount unit, has signed a long term contract with First National which becomes effective from July 1st. Harry J. Brown will act as associate producer.

TO-DAY ONLY



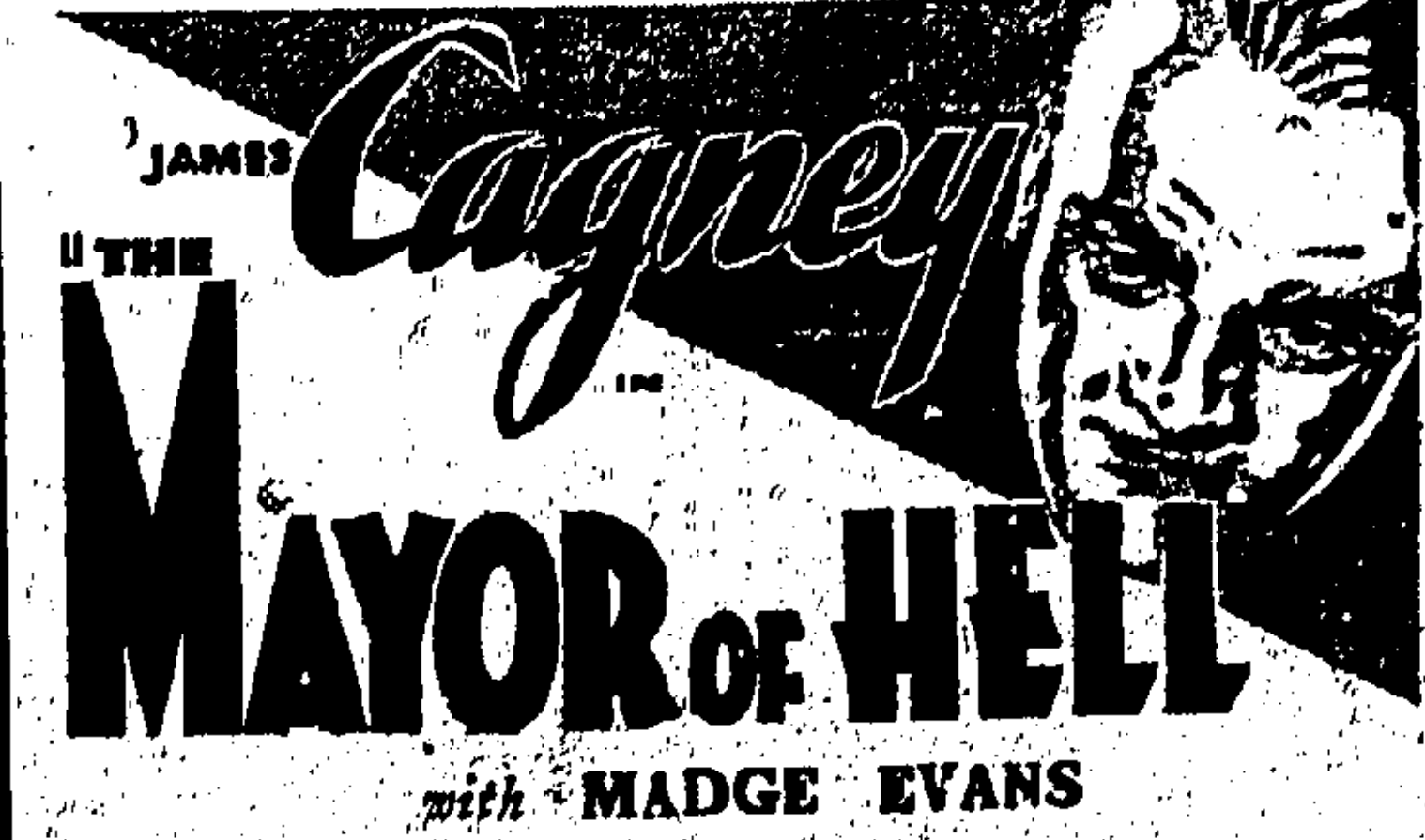
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

STAR

Metro's Powerful Drama
"DAY of RECKONING"

with Richard Dix
MADGE EVANS
STUART ERWIN

TO-DAY ONLY



with MADGE EVANS

At 2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

TO-MORROW

RUTH
CHATTERTON
in
"Female"

A FIRST NATIONAL PICTURE.

At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.

ATAMBRA

Metro's Powerful Drama
"DAY of RECKONING"

TO-DAY ONLY

CAR SERVICE
FREE
TRANSPORTATION
for
Car and Passengers
on Vehicular Ferry
with Purchase of a
minimum of 2-\$1.10
tickets.TO-DAY AT THE
CINEMA

HONG KONG

KING'S—"Bolero"
QUEEN'S—"Riptide"
CENTRAL—"The Secret Of Blue Room"
ORIENTAL—"The Greeks Had A Word For Them"

KOWLOON

ALHAMBRA—"Mayor of Hell"
STAR—"Day of Reckoning"
MAJESTIC—"Sleepers East"

Coming

KING'S—"Four Frightened People"
"Good Dame"
QUEEN'S—"Female"
"Men In White"
CENTRAL—"Isle of Paradise"
ORIENTAL—"The Bulldog Drummond"
"The Bombshell"
"Charlie Chan's Greatest Case"
ALHAMBRA—"Ever In My Heart"

Gloria Stuart in "The Invisible
Man" Universal Picture.

FEMALE

At the "Queen's"
To-day

Ruth Chatterton will play a new and unusual role in her latest screen vehicle, "Female," which opens to-morrow at the Queen's.

This glamorous star has had a long, unique and varied list of roles in her stage and screen career—ranging all the way from the touching, tearful "Madame X" to the ultra-sophisticated and indolent heroine of "The Rich Are Always With Us," and from the picturesque but hard-boiled "Frisco Jenny" to the helpless rich woman of "The Crash." But never before has she appeared in the guise in which "Female" will present her: an efficient, big business executive at the office and a woman who has her own love code at night.

Allison Drake, the heroine played by Miss Chatterton, knows her own power as head of the vast motor company she has inherited and governs. She is convinced that in her position of command she can treat men exactly "as men have always treated women." She wishes to use them when it pleases her, both for business and for her own pleasure.

In all this she is ruthless. It is only when she finally meets her match—a man who will not submit to her conditions—that she realizes how much she honestly wants to be "like other women."

Her powerful position has been glorious—but lonely. There can be no compromise so long as she herself refuse to submit to the inevitable.

Miss Chatterton was selected as the perfect star to portray this young woman of strange conflicts and self-questionings. Allison's poised and wit and self-confidence in the early portion of the story, are well suited to the actress. It is a role peculiarly well adapted to a star who combines Miss Chatterton's gifts both as comedienne and dramatic actress. The heroine of "Female" demands both elements. It is one of the most diverse roles which Miss Chatterton has played—hence, according to the star herself, one of the most satisfying. William Dieterle, director of the picture, has spun this daring story

MAJESTIC
THEATRE

No. 22, Road, Kowloon. Tel. 572222

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.FIND THIS
WOMAN!SLEEPERS
EAST

with
Wynne Gibson
Preston Foster
Mona Barrie
Harvey Stephens

"BOLERO"

Love, War and
Dance

Enchanting dances, brilliant, modernistic settings of the old world cafes, the gay social whirl of Europe and the future of early war fever in Paris are all recalled in "Bolero," George Raft's latest starring picture, at the King's Theatre.

Based on the savage rhythms of Ravel's "Bolero," Carey Wilson, Kubec Glashon and Horace Jackson have constructed a well-nigh fool-proof plot which has been adeptly and convincingly developed by Director Wesley Ruggles.

George Raft, who, to date has played tough "menace" roles, has been keeping something from his public. Few of any ball room dancers can equal his rhythmic technique and stage presence. His "Bolero" performance as the famous Raoul, idol of London and Paris, is superb.

Then there's Sally Rand "with that flamboyant, fan dance which startled half the world during the Chicago World's Fair and returned her to her first love, the movies. She has an exciting screen presence and is a competent actress.

Carole Lombard who wears lanky gowns as no other blonde siren of the screen, reveals a technique equal to the other two. In two numbers she does with George Raft "Bolero" and "Raftero," she introduces an entirely new Lombard, one we hope to see more often.

The plot tells the story of Raoul de Baere, a struggling coal miner, who struggles for success, finds it with a succession of beautiful dancing partners whom he casts aside as they outlive their usefulness. He becomes the sensation of London and Paris but at the height of his career the war breaks out and throws his success into the background of public attention.

That he may win some measure of popular acclaim, he enlists too, suffers through the years of war, with the hope of coming back to attain his former position in the entertainment world.

But his partner, the only one he has ever loved, has married in the interim. The night of his return finds him a physical wreck from war injuries. He tries to dance the famous "Bolero," that brought him fame. But it is only when the partner he loved comes back to him to insure his success, that he is able to rise to the heights that once were his.

With great charm and delicacy, its comedy is thrown into relief by emotional scenes of depth and tenacity.

A distinguished cast appears with Miss Chatterton in "Female" with George Brent as leading man, and such players as Ruth Donnelly, Lois Wilson, Ferdinand Gottschalk and Johnny Mack Brown in important roles. The star has splendid support. Others appearing in the picture are Jean Muir, Gavin Gordon, Sterling Holloway and Rafaela Ottiano. The screen play is by Gene Markey and Kathryn Scola.

GLYSORIS

ANTISEPTIC

The Guardian of Your Health!



If you could only see the dangerous germs which enter the system through the mouth and throat, you would probably die of shock! Fortunately, however, you can't. This is all the more reason why you should use a really good antiseptic mouth wash night and morning.

GLYSORIS is such an antiseptic. Only a tablespoonful in a tumbler of water will create a powerful antiseptic solution, strong enough to immediately kill all bacteria harbouring in the mouth and throat. Moreover GLYSORIS is really cheap. Just look at these prices.

Large size (16 oz.) ... \$1.50
Small size (8 oz.) ... 80 cts.

The **GRAND DISPENSARY**
LIMITED.
CHINA BUILDING. PHONE 20808.

TRAVEL COMFORT of a CENTURY of PROGRESS

To the World's Fair, the second year of Chicago's great drama of human achievement and progress, speed the Milwaukee's great luxury trains, themselves the very essence of progress. Travel comfort means much to those coming from far-off lands and in the smooth, clean, famous Olympian, travelers find it.



THE MILWAUKEE ROAD

Low Round-Trip Fares
SEATTLE to CHICAGO

WORLD'S FAIR

\$57.35 \$68.00 \$86.00

In Coaches In Tourist Sleepers First Class
May 15 to October 15. Return limit October 31
Similar low fares to many other destinations
SLIPPER CHARGES ONE-THIRD LESS

Blow hot, blow cold. The Milwaukee Road's air-conditioned cars will keep you comfortable and relaxed in cool, pure, dustless air commencing this summer and thereafter.

For further information inquire of your nearest steamship office, any Travel Bureau, or
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St. Paul, Minn.
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Around the Courts

ASSAULT ON LADY

Before Mr. Hamilton at Central Magistracy yesterday, Chan Ngau-ngai, a boatman, was fined \$50 on default, one month's hard labour for having assaulted Miss B. M. Soares in Ice House Street on Monday.

The original charge against defendant was indecent assault, but it was amended as the complainant could not remember the date of a previous assault, which was alleged to have taken place about a week ago.

Miss Soares told the Court that about a week ago, the defendant approached her in Ice House Street, and whispered something which she could not understand. He also committed an indecent act by touching her.

On Monday, defendant again came up to her in Ice House Street, and again whispered something in her ear, and brushed against her arm.

Miss Beatrice Barros gave corroborative evidence, saying that defendant deliberately passed between herself and the complainant.

Defendant admitted having brushed against complainant, but said it was not done intentionally. He did not try to escape.

His Worship told defendant it was lucky the complainant did not remember the date of the previous occurrence, as otherwise he would have sentenced him to six months' hard labour.

He also warned defendant about doing this sort of thing again, because if the complainant's friends caught him he might be half-killed before he was brought to Court.

WOOD ROAD ROBBERY

The recent daylight armed robbery in Wood Road was recalled at Central Magistracy yesterday when Lo Hoi Tong was charged with others not in custody of having committed an armed robbery on June 2 at No. 8 Wood Road and robbed Lai Hin Man of \$1,000; and with being in possession of a loaded revolver and some rounds of ammunition. Wong Ching, second accused, was charged with being in possession of a loaded revolver in Nathan Road on the same day.

According to Inspector M. Murphy, who prosecuted, the second accused was arrested on information later on that day, and was suspected of being a member of the first accused's gang.

The complainant, Lai Hin Man was the proprietor of the Kowloon Hotel and the Tung Wah Land Investment Co. He was in the house at the time of the robbery. The first accused who was known to him came into the house with another man and demanded \$1,000. Complainant's chauffeur heard of this and slipped out of the house and telephoned for the police.

The first accused was arrested with the revolver in his possession while the other man escaped by the roof.

After evidence had been given by the complainant, the case was adjourned.

DESTITUTE RUSSIAN CHARGED

Alexis K. Nikljok, a Russian, yesterday morning pleaded guilty before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Central Magistracy, to entering the Colony without a passport, pleading that he was hard pressed for

ECHOES OF 1861

27—The Opium Trade

If we were to credit the policy of the powers that rule in China, it would appear that it is their ardent wish entirely to abolish the use of opium among the 350,000,000 of people subject to their will. In that empire the importation of opium is by law strictly prohibited, and by existing treaties with America, England, and other countries, any of their respective citizens or subjects that may be unfortunate enough to be caught with the drug in their possession in Chinese waters or on Chinese ground, are left entirely at the mercy of the Celestials to be dealt with by their laws. The actual practice of the trade, however, is very different from what we might suppose it to be from this regulation. There is in reality no more risk incurred in introducing opium into China than there is here in importing in a legal manner any of the articles upon which a duty is levied by the customs. To understand this more clearly, let us suppose that the government of the United States, with the double view of increasing the revenue of country, and of affording their servants superior facilities for growing rich by extortion were to pass a law and make treaties with foreign powers prohibiting the importation of tobacco into the Union, under the penalty of death to all who should be caught attempting to evade it, and at the same time privately permit the various collectors of customs to sell permits to those who were willing to pay highly for the privilege of landing and distributing the contraband article in safety. This supposition is a parallel case with the practice in China with regard to opium. It is quite an error to suppose, as is generally done, that the drug is smuggled or taken into China in open defiance of the authority of the executive power of the country. There are receiving ships carrying various flags—some American—well armed and manned with Malays and natives of Manila, moored in convenient harbours on the coast of China, and when a steamer or "opium clipper" arrives from India, it is into these storehouses that her cargo is delivered, and receipts or certificates regularly granted which are sent to the owners of the drug, wherever they or their agents may transact their business in China. In trade, these certificates are

considered unquestionable, and are transmitted from one to another with the greatest facility. Chinese dealers from ports on the coast and the interior, when they happen to want a supply of opium, purchase scrip for what they require, and send their own boats, or sometimes junks, of steamers of light craft of water, to take it from the receiving ship and convey it to whatever port they intend to land it. At this particular stage of the traffic, as a general rule, all foreign interference with the trade may be said to end, though a few "barbarians" are engaged in the very profitable business of distributing the opium in the country to those who directly retail it to the consumers. When a lot, of one or more chests, is purchased, and intended to be landed at some particular place, the purchaser makes arrangements with the Mandarin in authority there, and strikes the best possible bargain with him for his permission to transact the business unmolested. As may be imagined, there is no fixed rate for this permission, and it varies much with the necessities of the case, but is always the uttermost dollar that the greedy official finds it possible to extract. There is no room to doubt that if the government of India abandoned the opium monopoly, and allowed the drug to be produced freely all over Hindostan, that the Chinese consumption would thereby be greatly increased, as well as the injurious effects which it is said to occasion. Much is said, without any good show of reason, against the government of India for the part it performs in the trade. Indeed, some of those in England and elsewhere, who are loudest in declaiming against the traffic, appear to be totally ignorant of the real bearings of the case. India derives a revenue of some \$20,000,000 per annum, which is every cent extracted out of the pockets of the smokers, and the system so much abused actually assists to obstruct the demoralization of the Chinese. It would be as reasonable to censure the ruler of France for permitting brandy to be made in that country, and to say that he was demoralizing people in other parts of the world by laying such an export duty upon it as might raise its selling price to consumers to about \$20 per gallon.

SIR WILLIAM HORNE

Suffering From Eye Trouble

Mr. M. K. Lo presiding at the Rotary Club yesterday, read a letter from Sir William Hornell in which the Vice-Chancellor of the University asked to be excused for his absence on account of his indisposition. Sir William had the misfortune to encounter some eye trouble and is confined in a darkened room. The members of the Rotary Club unanimously carried a proposal from the Chairman that the Club should write and wish Sir William a speedy restoration of his sight.

money and was looking for an Italian here who was indebted to him for \$600.

Detective Sergeant Mottram said that Nikljok had sought permission to enter the Colony through the intermediary of the British Consul General at Canton, but while the Consul General's letter was still being considered by the Inspector General of Police and before permission was granted, the defendant arrived in the Colony. Defendant's plea was that it was impossible for him to have waited as he had run out of funds.

His Worship indicated that a sympathetic view might be taken of defendant's case if his story was true and remanded Nikljok for 24 hours pending further investigation by the Police.

UNMUZZLED DOGS

For allowing his dog to wander about in Suffolk Road without a muzzle on June 5 at 7 a.m., Mr. A. Mackenzie of No. 12 Suffolk Road was yesterday morning fined \$10 by Mr. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistracy.

Mr. J. M. D'Almeida of No. 22 Kent Road was fined \$8 for a similar offence in Waterloo Road on May 25. His Worship remarked that he did not increase the fine in this case because the summons was taken out before he had issued his warning.

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HOUSEHOLD COAL

Supplies may be obtained at the following prices delivered in quantities of not less than half a ton.

Peak District (above Bowen Road) ... \$20.
Bowen Road and Lower Levels ... \$18.
Pokfulam ... \$20.
Repulse Bay and Shek O ... \$25.
Kowloon ... \$16.

All prices are per metric ton and deliveries will be made in this unit

DODWELL & CO. LTD., Agents

DANGEROUS DRIVING

Summoned on two counts of having driven in a dangerous manner in Repulse Bay Road on June 9 at 6.50 p.m. and with having failed to drive without due care and caution in Shek-O Road on June 17, Mr. E. Greyer of Messrs. Sander Weller and Co., appeared before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

Mr. L. H. V. Booth, Director of Criminal Intelligence was the complainant in the first summons.

Mr. Booth said that he was proceeding along Repulse Bay Road towards Wanchai Gap. There was a stream of about six or seven cars going slowly on the left hand side of the road. There was a blind corner just below the Gap, and defendant suddenly overtook his car, and cut into the stream of traffic. Had another car been coming in the opposite direction, defendant would have had to stop. Witness continued on, and round another blind corner, he saw defendant again overtake the cars in front of him.

Greyer said he could not remember the incident, and the hearing of the summons was accordingly fixed for Thursday afternoon.

On the second summons, Traffic Sergeant Brown said defendant drove at a speed of about 35 miles an hour to the car park, and

nearly collided with another car which was being driven out of the car park.

Greyer pleaded that he was not driving on that day. He was playing cards at his home. He had driven the previous day.

Sergeant Brown said he had spoken to defendant at the time. Greyer:—To me on the 17th! It is impossible.

Mr. Hamilton fixed hearing on this summons also for Thursday afternoon and advised defendant to consult a solicitor, as he could not fully understand the English language.

SPEEDING IN CAINE ROAD

R. Umnu, of the China Import and Export Company, was summoned for having driven at 30 miles an hour in the controlled area in Caine Road.

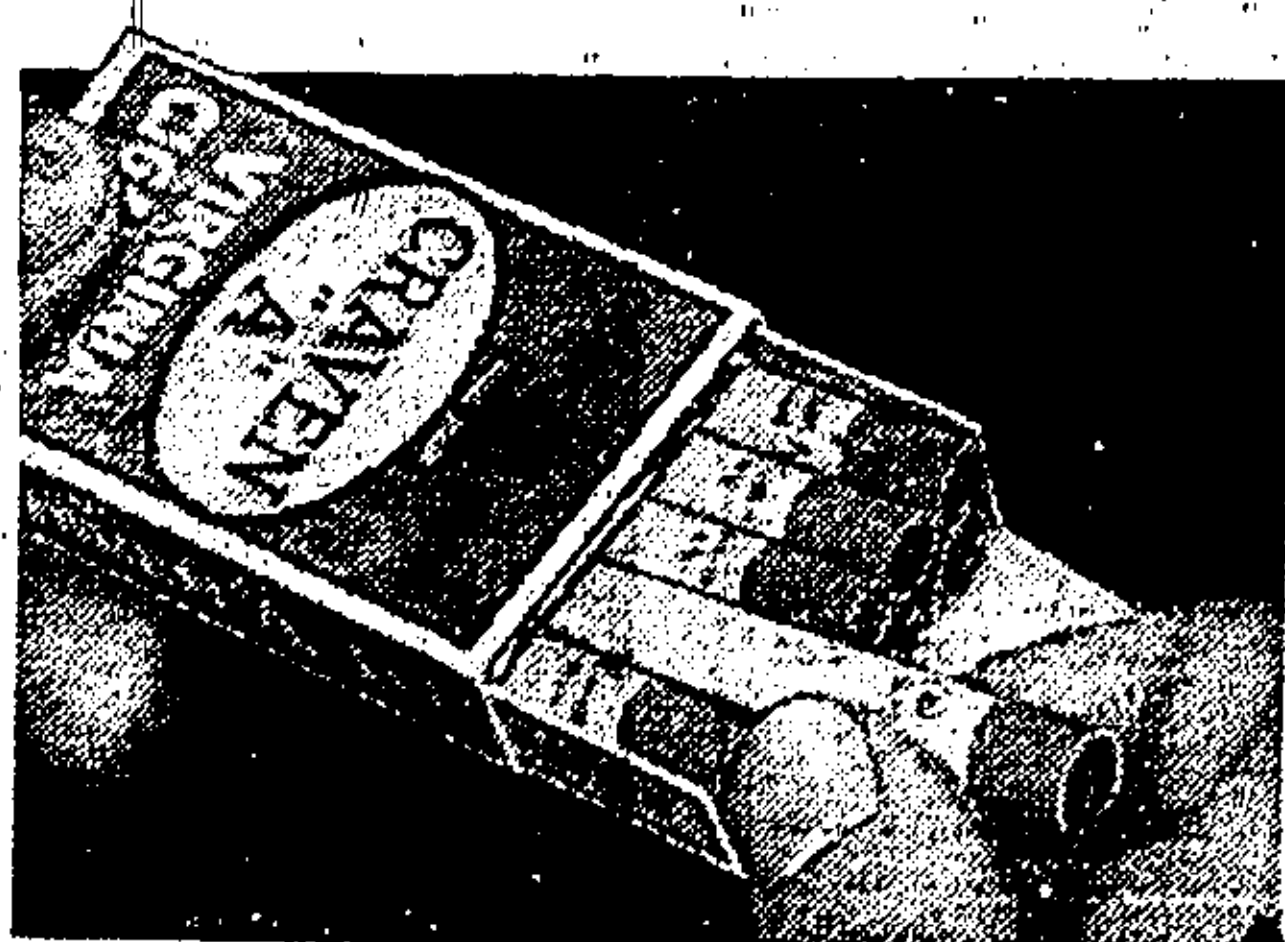
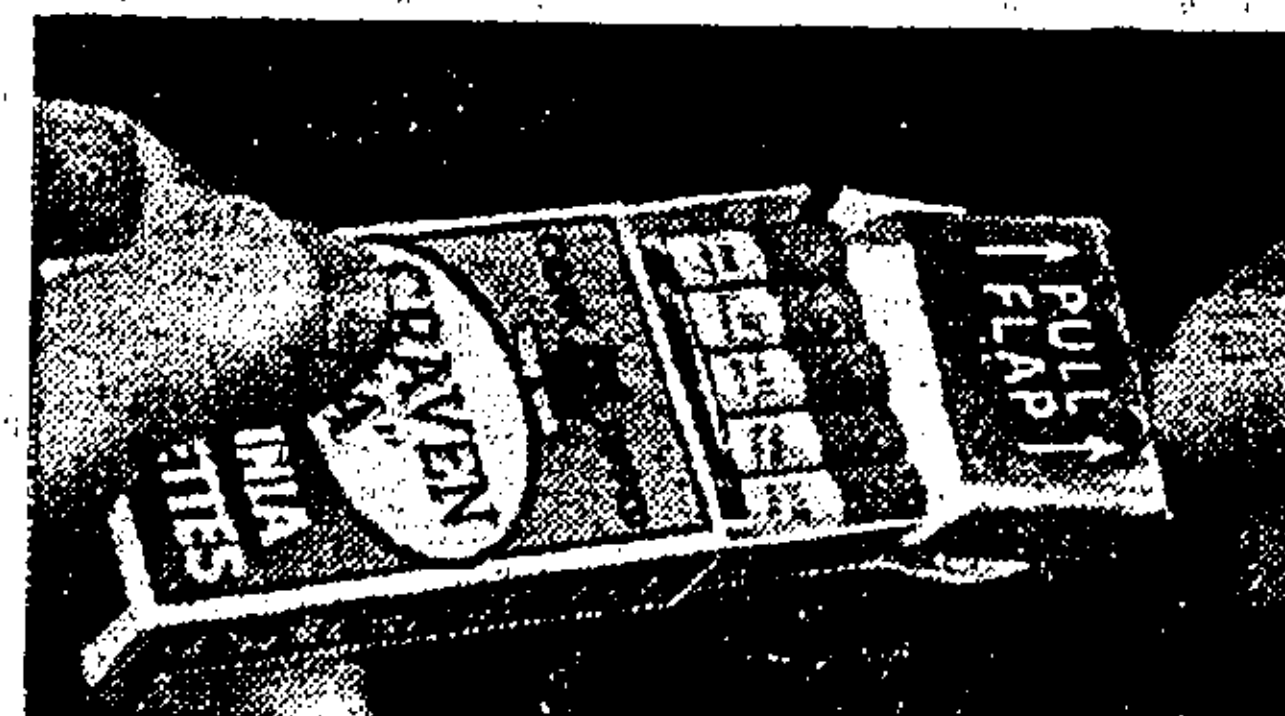
Defendant said he may have done 22 miles an hour, but certainly not 30. It was impossible to do 30 miles an hour in Caine Road.

As defendant had no previous conviction, Mr. Hamilton imposed a caution.

Chan Lui Hing, driver of public car No. 533, was fined \$15 for having failed to round a corner on the left hand side of the road.

(Continued on Page 11)

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MR. L. J. BLACKBURN GIVES HISTORY OF GAS HOLDER

Proceedings At Explosion Enquiry: Detonation In Chung Shing Street?

At the resumed hearing of the West Point Gas explosion enquiry at Central Magistracy yesterday, Mr. L. J. Blackburn, a former general manager and resident engineer of the Hong Kong and China Gas Co., Ltd., the owners of the holder, gave the Court the benefit of his experience as an expert, and also gave a short summary of the history of the holder that was involved in the disaster.

Mr. Blackburn said that at the time the gasholder was constructed he did not think the houses in Chung Shing Street were in existence, and continued that he did not think the designer was aware that one side of the holder was exposed to North-east winds and the other was in the leeward side.

Mr. E. W. Hamilton sat as Coroner, assisted by a jury comprised of Messrs. P. Tester (foreman), L. Dunbar and D. Drummond.

Mr. W. A. Mackinlay, of Messrs. Deacons, represented the Hong Kong and China Gas Co., Ltd., and Mr. W. M. Brown, of Messrs. Hastings & Co., watched the proceedings on behalf of certain property owners whose property was damaged by the catastrophe.

Tribute To Mr. Charlton's Work

Reading over the evidence given by Professor C. A. Middleton-Smith at the previous hearing, the Coroner remarked that it seemed curious that with heat at 3600 degrees which could boil 500 tons of water, the moss could still exist near the watchmen's quarters.

The Hon. Mr. Wolfe, I.G.P., remarked that the moss was still growing and perhaps Professor Middleton-Smith would like to go and see it.

Professor Middleton-Smith said that he did not think that moss could grow under such heat. He would, however, rather consult his botanical friends than amateur gardeners. It seemed rather curious that the people who were burned in the hut died while the moss survived!

Continuing his evidence, Prof. Middleton-Smith stated that he had discussed at great length with Mr. J. G. Charlton, Assistant Government Marine Surveyor the question of the "H" bars or curb girders. He should first of all like to pay a tribute to Mr. Charlton for the very conscientious work and the thought he had given to this matter. He (Mr. Charlton) had advantage of certain literature which he had not. He was much impressed with Mr. Charlton's work when he came away after the discussion.

They had another long conference yesterday morning in the Gasworks. When he left he was under the impression that Mr. Charlton was still unconvinced with his arguments. He had, however, become aware that Mr. Charlton did not know the position of the initial tackle. When he gave evidence at the previous hearing, he was under the impression that Mr. Charlton knew about the position of the tackle. Mr. Charlton's theory was that the 18 tackles were hauled up, while his was that they were there before the explosion. He agreed with Mr. Charlton that there was a structural weakness at this particular point, but could not agree with him that the failure was there because:—

1. There was no evidence on the girder available that they had any effect. There was no evidence of deformation.

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Holder's History

Referring to the history of the gasholder, Mr. Blackburn said it was brought into use in 1910. He frequently visited and supervised the gasholder in the course of its construction. There were also three European constructors sent out from England to supervise the construction. It was designed by either Mr. A. F. Phillips or the firm which provide it, Messrs. Samuel Cutler and Son. He was not sure who designed it, but he thought the plans were passed by Mr. Phillips.

In reply to the Coroner, Mr. Blackburn said that at the time of its construction, there was a retaining wall just as it was at the present moment. He did not think the houses in Chung Shing Street were there at that time. He did not know that the designer was aware that one side of the holder was facing the North-East wind and the other was in the leeward side. The average life of a gasholder in England was 40 to 50 years.

A large majority of the gasholder was not corroded more than one would expect after 20 years. One could not tell the exact condition of the plates from an external examination.

Coroner: Would you be happy if you knew that the plates were like that?

Mr. Blackburn: If I had known the plates were like that, I would have them patched.

How would you find that out?—If you have any doubt of the plates, you would go round and tap it with your scraper.

Mr. Blackburn then went on to say that it was quite possible to put a pencil through because the plates had been corroded unevenly. One might put a pin through in one part of the plate and the other part might be absolutely sound. He would not say they lived on hope. They had to take great care to find out if there were any holes caused by corrosion and if there were, they would naturally patch them.

Externally, he would still think that the condition of the holder had been satisfactorily maintained. Even if an external inspection was held every week it would not be able to find out the internal condition of the plates.

The old holder was demolished in 1910 after about 44 years' life and he recollected that the thickness of the plate was the same as that taken off from this holder.

Except in certain places he did not find corrosion more than he had expected. In some places there was excessive corrosion. In the south west side the plates were normal in more than two places.

He examined the plates which came off from the North east side, and found that they had been corroded but not heavily. The weakness of the plates could not be detected unless by tapping or scraping them. It would be very inconvenient to examine the holder internally, and the practice was abandoned during the last two or three years.

At this stage the enquiry was adjourned until this afternoon.

LEWIS WINS

Only Three Cars In At Finish

(Special Air-mail Service)

London, June 9.

The Hon. Brian Lewis, son and heir of Lord Essendon, ran away with the Mannin Moar car race in the Isle of Man to-day.

He led all the way in his scarlet supercharged Alfa Romeo, and the result was:

Hon. Brian Lewis (Alfa Romeo), average speed 75.34 m.p.h. 1

C. Dodson (Alfa Romeo), average speed 73.61 m.p.h. 2

Cyril Paul (Riley), average speed 69.83 m.p.h. 3

Only three finished out of ten who started.

Lewis won the race last year at an average speed of 64.23 m.p.h.

This was the list of those who retired from the race: Flight-lieut. C. S. Standland (Bugatti), T. E. Rose Richards (Bugatti), A. H. L. Eccles (Bugatti), F. W. Dixon (Riley), A. P. Hamilton (Alfa Romeo), R. O. Shuttleworth (Bugatti), Vasco Samelro (Alfa Romeo).

Kaye Don's Car
The race consisted of 50 laps over a circuit of about 3½ miles.

SOME ANIMAL DISEASES Address At The Rotary Club

An interesting paper on "Some animal diseases: their control and treatment," was read at the Rotary Club yesterday by Mr. C. Weighton, M.R.C.B.S., veterinary surgeon of the Dairy Farm Company.

Mr. M. K. Lo presided at the meeting, and took the opportunity of welcoming three new members, Messrs. J. B. Ross, Y. S. Wan and S. T. Tigglesden.

Mr. Weighton said in part:—I have chosen the subject "Some Animal Diseases: Their Control and Treatment," and will touch on the methods adopted for the control of animal diseases in Britain and deal as fully as time will permit with some of the diseases that are met in the Colony.

The three men working in Britain in the control of animal diseases are the veterinary officer of the Ministry of Agriculture, the county or city veterinary officer and the general practitioner.

The duty of the first mentioned is to see that the quarantine regulations for imported stock are properly carried out and other necessary examinations, and tests of stock in order to prevent the introduction of such diseases as rabies in dogs, glanders in horses, and foot-and-mouth disease of cattle. His duties also include a vast amount of work in dealing with outbreaks of the numerous notifiable diseases.

The county veterinary officer, works in conjunction with the official of the "ministry" during certain outbreaks of disease, but one of his most important duties, from the public health aspect especially, is the inspection of dairy cows and the inspection of the sanitary arrangements of the sheds in which they are housed and milked.

Supervision of Milking
The supervision of the milking is also given considerable attention and a high standard in clean milk production is encouraged. We have a good example of work of a similar nature being carried out in this colony.

Last but not least comes the general practitioner. Without his co-operation during epidemics and in the absence of work he does in his daily practice little success would be obtained in the suppression of various diseases of which one of the most important is tuberculosis in cattle.

As you will readily understand each of the two first men becomes a specialist in his own particular branch of veterinary science.

Distemper in Dogs
Dog lovers will be interested to know that the position regarding the treatment and prevention of canine distemper is brighter than it has ever been.

A serum is now used which is capable of giving a dog a passive or temporary immunity from the disease and is also of value in treatment.

The serum can be used in: (1) Dogs that are already ill. (2) Those already infected and incubating the disease, but not yet showing symptoms. (3) Thirdly, non-infected dogs.

Large doses of serum e.g. 20 C.C. to 50 C.C. given in the early stages of the disease will in most instances abruptly cut short the disease, and in others convert a severe attack into a mild one.

The serum is given in 10 c.c. doses to pups which are to be taken to a possibly infected place for example, a canine hospital, large kennels or shows.

By the use of this serum we have a valuable means of protecting young dogs during an outbreak of distemper.

Rinderpest
Rinderpest is a disease with which those who are interested in

distance of approximately 185 miles. The course has three sharp bends and many bumps.

One of the favourites was F. W. Dixon, who was robbed of victory in the corresponding race for cars of 12 horse-power on Wednesday because his petrol gave out.

While testing last night Dixon damaged the back axle of his Riley and worked all night to repair the damage.

Five minutes before the start it was announced that an E.R.A. entered by Mr. H. W. Cook had been withdrawn. This left two Rileys, driven by Dixon and Cyril Paul, the only British cars.

A. P. Hamilton drove the Alfa Romeo belonging to Kaye Don, who is still in hospital, after his crash during testing last Monday night.

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MODERATELY PRICED.

MATERNITY CORSETS IN A VARIETY OF STYLES, ALWAYS IN STOCK.

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CB 713—Cinderella's Fella ... Fox Trot
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CB 705—Play To Me Gipsy ... Tango
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Guaranteed pre-war make.

The best appetizer. No cocktail is really good without genuine Absinthe PERNOD FILS.

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Flacon de Luxe Grand Modèle.

A Hygienic and Refreshing Perfume in great favour on all Overseas Markets.

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The finest Oranges and Lemons and Grape Fruit from California, Limes from the West Indies, pure cane sugar, and the purest Sparkling water are used to make.

Watson's delicious Fruit Squashes, Lime Squash, Orange Squash, Lemon Squash, & Grape Fruit Squash.

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Aerated Water Manufacturers.

ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that as from the 24th June, 1934, only First and Third Class Passengers will be carried on the Jordan Road, Mongkok and Shamshuipo Ferry Services and that as from 8 p.m. daily the Third class fare will be 3 cents.

HONGKONG & YAU MATI FERRY CO., LTD.
23rd June, 1934. [2658]

STEAM LAUNCH FOR SALE.

THE Chinese Customs "invites" offers for the purchase of a Single Screw Steam Launch, specially suited for towing, of the following dimensions, now lying in Hongkong:

Length O. A. ... 73'-0"
Breadth Mid. ... 13'-0"
Draft mean ... 5'-6"

Further particulars obtainable from CHINESE CUSTOMS OFFICE, York Building, Hongkong. [2663]

LOCAL MAPS

Peak District, Kowloon, Victoria, New Territories.

HONGKONG DAILY PRESS.

Sleep For Baby Rest For Mother



When Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are used. All mothers should know that when little ones are sleepless, fretful and cross because of pimples, rashes, irritations and chafing of infancy and childhood Cuticura will quickly soothe and heal. Bathe the affected part with Cuticura Soap and hot water, dry, and gently apply Cuticura Ointment.

Sample, each Soap Ointment and Talcum on receipt of 25 cts. Address: Mather & Pape (Asia) Ltd., P.O. Box 24, Hong Kong. Sold Throughout the World

PROTECTION OF INDUSTRY

New Tax Viewed with Favour

(From Our Special Correspondent)

Canton, June 26. As the City Chamber of Commerce and other trade organizations are in hearty approval of the special protection tax, it is likely that it will be put into effect very soon. This tax is in fact an additional charge on the present tariff duties.

The Chamber of Commerce has sought the views of many industries whose manufactured goods are competed with by imported commodities. The guilds consulted are engaged in producing native cloth, rubber, singlets and socks, dyes, pottery, gilded articles, copper and iron. All these manufacturers are in favour of the special protection tax.

Local factory owners complain of strong competition in the present dull season and welcome the relief proposed by the Provincial Department of Finance which is interested in raising more money for the Three-Year Plan. To what extent the special protection tax will be taxed will be determined by the economic planning committee.

The usual import tariff will be remitted by the Chinese Maritime Customs to the Ministry of Finance, while the special protection tax, which is really a tariff surcharge, is to be retained here for military and general expenses.

Meantime, the Canton Customs announced that the five per cent. surcharge on export and import duties will be extended for another year from July 1. This increase was to have been ended by June 30, that the Ministry of Finance also needs more money. Hence the surcharge is extended to another twelve months.

MUSSOLINI'S CORDIALITY

Invitation to Dr. Dollfuss

Vienna, June 26. According to the "Reichspost," the Italian Premier, Signor Mussolini has renewed his invitation to the Austrian Chancellor, Dr. Dollfuss, and his family, to spend a summer holiday at Riccione, where Signor Mussolini and his family will also be spending a holiday.

The invitation is interpreted by the "Reichspost" as proof of the cordial relations between Dr. Dollfuss and Signor Mussolini.—Reuter.

WORLD'S OLDEST MAN

Istanbul, June 25. Very slender hopes are entertained for the recovery of Zoro Agha, reputed to be the world's oldest living person, who is very ill in hospital.

His 88-year-old daughter and his eleven-year-old wife are remaining at his bedside.—Reuter.

may easily be said that no other course was open to the Liberals, but actually the decision corresponds to real differences of opinion. The Liberal Party is more closely identified with faith in democracy than any other group and it has reason for fearing that a Socialist Government may fall into the hands of those who have been playing with anti-democratic doctrines. More important, however, is its affirmation of belief in private enterprise—a view, the chief significance of which to-day is that it implies reform by orderly evolution and not by an abrupt break with the past.

In its social policy and its belief in an energetic programme of public works and of planning the Liberal Party considers itself at least as advanced as the Socialists. The attitude of mind which it reveals in regard to social reform, relations with foreign countries, and trade policy is utterly different from that of the old-fashioned Conservative and from that of the class-obsessed Socialist. Its decision may have the double effect of diverting many votes—possibly millions—from the National Government, and of insuring that those votes will not go to swell the total for Labour. It makes it less likely that reaction against the National Government will lead to a complete Socialist victory.

OBITUARY

Mr. R. Christie, Jnr.

New York, June 26. The death has occurred of Mr. Robert Christie, Jnr., President of the Investment Bankers Association, of heart disease while travelling by air in Chicago.—Reuter.

FATHER MARTIN MURDERED

Communist Outrage in Fukien

The shocking news of the murder of another Missionary was received in the Colony yesterday, the latest victim of the Communist outrages being Father Martin, who has been working in Fukien.

A telegram received by the Dominican Missions here read: Santuario (Fukien), June 25, 5.30 p.m. Urban Martin murdered by Communists.—Vicar.

It was about two weeks ago that many Churches and even the seminary have been occupied by the Communists, but having no more news afterwards the Mission hoped for better things, but the latest news is a great shock to their best Mission in Fogan, Fukien.

Father Martin was a young Missionary. He came from the Theological House of New Orleans in September 1932 and went to the Mission on April 7, 1933.

The other young Father Bravo is still in the hands of Communists since January 25 this year and there is very little hope of his liberty.

Father Bravo belongs to the Vicariate of Mgr. Aguirre, while Father Martin was in Mgr. Labrador's Vicariate.

CANTON NEWS ITEMS

Gen. Ho Chien's Mission

(From Our Special Correspondent)

Canton, June 26. It was reliably learned to-day that General Ho Chien, Chairman of Hunan Provincial Government, is officially here on a mission on behalf of the Military Affairs Commission, to assure the Canton military that the South-west and Nanking should be on friendly terms and that support should be given to Nanking's foreign policy.

At the same time General Ho is pondering over the proposed alliance of the South-west provinces and will join it, if Hunan can remain undisturbed. The Hunan general may return North by steamer and report the result of his mission to General Chiang Kai Shek. In that event he will proceed via Hong Kong.

Hu Remains Firm. Press reports in vernacular papers at Hong Kong stated that Mr. Hu Han Min, well known Kuomintang chief, is invited by the Central Authorities to proceed to Nanking to accept a Party Office. Another vernacular colonial paper stated that Mr. Hu Han Min is requested to start some publicity abroad on behalf of the National Government.

Close friends of Mr. Hu here denied the veracity of such reports, as he will not give his service to the Nanking Government. There is no necessity of propagating China's cause abroad, they said, as Nanking has patched up everything with Japan.

No Secret Leakage. All materials in waste paper baskets must be burnt every day after office hours. This is the order of the First Group Army as applicable to all departments under its control, and this ruling is to prevent the leakage of military secrets.

Many important military documents and orders are thrown into the waste paper baskets after a while. These papers contain important military matters and were usually sold to "junk" men. Spies may get hold of these writings, which must therefore be burnt daily under supervision of the officer of the day.

This precaution is necessary in view of the new military plans recently drawn up and the new armaments just imported from abroad. They have an important bearing on the military defence of the South-west.

BRITISH AND CHINESE CO-OPERATION

The First Lesson In Improving Relations

Why is it that relations between peoples of different nations are so difficult? Far be it from me to criticise what anyone may say or do, yet when relations between Chinese and British are considered, it is no exaggeration to state that there are none. If we turn to pure philosophy the subject can be considered abstractly. Men, often in perfectly good faith, make statements which they believe to be true. A Briton or a Chinese of influence will state that Anglo-Chinese relations are improving. What are Anglo-Chinese relations? On this point, if carefully thought out, people will differ.

Are relations improving because a consul or the minister have just had a pleasant dinner with some Chinese General? In Hongkong merchants might assume that relations are improving because their comrades bring in business? Such relations actually mean nothing. We have now passed the days when two neighbouring countries could make peace or war through the relationships of their kings. If two countries are to have friendly relations, there must be contact between the peoples. In China there is no contact. It will be said that missionaries make a contact, they do, but a highly specialised contact. The poor man in the street may admire the missionary in his comfortable house, but he cannot make contact with him. And so we come up against what is an impossibility: relations between British and Chinese people.

What Is Happening?

The world is a huge cauldron in which men form the molecules and atoms of a great experiment. The first step in order to find out what is happening would be to get down amongst these molecules and atoms, in order to see what reactions are taking place. In China a certain common sense should indicate how the problem of finding out may be approached. In England few of the people ever see Chinese, hence they depend upon what others tell them for information. In China numbers of British and Chinese live side by side and yet they do not know each other. They must form their opinions through English speaking Chinese. Lacking a knowledge of the language, the British are at a disadvantage to the Chinese, and it must be profitable to be able to talk to the native of another country in his own language. By doing so the peculiarities of the people may be studied. The Chinese do have some peculiarities which are rather extraordinary. Chinese civilisation is a very weighty matter and is a contribution to the world, second only to Christianity. There are many signs that the Chinese have not understood what has been handed down as Confucianism. This need cause no surprise to anyone who observes how Christianity is misunderstood by Christians. A civilisation, nevertheless, leaves its mark. The Britisher is just as much marked by Christianity as the Chinese is by Confucianism. In examining the contact of the two nations we might expect to find civilisation's hidden forces at work. This is actually the case, and the burden should fall upon the shoulders of educated men of both nations to make some attempt at understanding the situation. A Chinese who speaks English rarely speaks the truth about his own country. He states what should be and not what is. The stamp of a civilisation is just as marked by its absence as by its presence.

Only In Name

A Christian who is only so in name is no less marked by Christianity, even if he only serves as an example of what a Christian should not be. The Confucianist is in the same position. Few Confucianists are so in anything but name. Here in China may be seen imperfect people of both nations, living side by side, but having no relations. It is probable that the Chinese sees the British point of view, better than does the Briton the Chinese. To understand some one else's point of view it is necessary to enter into that person's brain. The foreigner in China has plenty of material for examination. In the persons of those he employs. A little knowledge of what goes on in their brains and

a little contact with them would certainly improve relations. The Chinese boy employed by a foreigner sees all his master's virtues and vices. These he discusses minutely with others in those places where they congregate. Chinese boys and their friends are very accurately informed about what happens in foreign families. The relations between master and servant have ever been of great importance. Christian slave converted Roman master. In this the foreigner would have an excellent opportunity for beginning friendly relations. The man of business might say "of what use?" It may be answered that foreigners do not know who their servants are. Admittedly it needs a man of education to be able to deal democratically with inferiors. But who knows that in times of depression help may not come from the most humble quarters?

It is well worth while for any Briton to treat his Chinese employees in a friendly manner. The more educated a Briton, the more he will be respected and the more influence he will have. This is the first lesson to be learnt in improving relationships: to realise that at the root of the matter, two most important civilisations, the Christian and the Confucian, are face to face. These civilisations are not myths, but they are responsible for British and Chinese being what they are now.—C. N. Faure.

A POLICY OF CONGRESS

Withdrawal of Civil Disobedience

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, June 9. I am able to give the text of an important statement by the Government of India, in which it announces that some of the restrictive measures which rendered various activities of the National Congress Organisation illegal, are to be withdrawn, writes a correspondent.

This step has been taken in consultation with the British Government, I understand, in consequence of the end of civil disobedience.

On April 7 Gandhi recommended that civil disobedience should be ended and recently the All-India Congress Committee passed a resolution accepting that recommendation.

The Government of India in its statement say that Gandhi's statement was open to more than one interpretation, but was regarded as indicating a genuine intention to withdraw civil disobedience as a policy of Congress.

Candidate For Election. The statement continues: "The All-India Congress Committee has, moreover, decided by another resolution to put forward candidates for election to legislatures on behalf of Congress, a course which is inconsistent with continuation of unconstitutional methods of civil disobedience."

"In view of the fact that civil disobedience has formally been discontinued and that as a practical policy under present conditions it may be regarded as having already ceased to exist, the Government of India has decided, in consultation with local governments, that notifications declaring various constituent parts of the Congress Organisation unlawful, should be withdrawn. "At the same time the Government of India wishes to make it clear that the special laws passed by central and provincial legislatures will continue in force and that action will be taken against any persons who bring themselves within their scope."

Protecting Civil Servants. "In particular these powers will be used, should necessity arise, to ensure that Government servants, and those who have supported the Government in opposition to civil disobedience, are not subjected to harassment. "Further, if activities are pursued by Congress as a whole or

NEWS SUMMARY

Wimbledon tennis championship play commenced yesterday. Latest Details on Page 11

To-day's wireless programme from ZBW (Hong Kong) KZRM (Manila) Daventry and Berlin will be found on Page 4

The diary of local events is published on Page 5

Through our special air mail service, we are able to give our readers news from London up till June 9. Please refer to our London Air Mail Letter on Page 1

Yesterday's activities on the share and exchange market are reviewed in our Money and Market section. Page 12

Round the Courts, a resume of the cases taken in the local Courts yesterday is given on Page 6

The current pictures at the local cinemas form the subject of comment in this issue. Page 5

Mr. L. J. Blackburn, a former resident engineer and general manager of the Hongkong and China Gas Co., Ltd. gave expert evidence at Central Magistracy yesterday at the resumed hearing of the West Point Gas Explosion enquiry. Page 7

"British and Chinese Co-Operation" forms the subject of an extremely interesting article. The writer is Mr. C. N. Faure and for further details please look on Page 8

Through our Air Mail Service we are able to give the latest Home cricket news. Page 10

The Hon. Col. Secretary's report on Housing in Hongkong is reproduced in Page 10

At the Rotary Club yesterday an interesting talk on "Some Animal Diseases: their control and treatment" was given by Mr. Weigh-ton. Page 7

A claim for \$7,000 arising out of alleged wrongful dismissal is being heard by the Chief Justice. The parties are F. L. Adamson plaintiff and N. Blumenthal, defendant. Page 11

The latest Communist outrage is the murder of Father Martin of the Dominican Mission in Fukien. Details of the murdered priest's career are given on Page 8

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Two cases of small-pox were reported to the local health authorities during the week-end.

Mr. F. A. Hopkins, assistant Superintendent of Prisons, has been made a Justice of the Peace.

The submarines Oswald and Osiris are expected to arrive in Hongkong on July 1 from Weihaiwei.

The P.W.D. notifies that the island road from Saiwan Gap to Repulse Bay which has been blocked, is now clear.

The success of the Craigengower Cricket Club whist drives having been firmly established, it is arranged to hold another drive for members and their friends at the club on Saturday evening next.

To avoid clashing with other functions, the Committee of H.M.S. Tamar, have, in future, decided, to hold their Whist Drives fortnightly instead of weekly. Consequently there will be no Whist Drive on Friday next and the next will take place on Friday, July 6.

Two children, the son and daughter of a fisherman were severely injured as the result of an explosion of gunpowder which occurred at Tai-O, in the Pingshan district, New Territories on Monday.

It was stated that the children were playing with a lighted pipe which came into contact with a store of gun-powder, evidently used for fishing purposes, causing a violent explosion.

The two children, Fan Poak Lai, aged 6 and Fan Cheong, aged 5 were removed to the Kowloon Hospital.

any of its branches which are in prejudice of the law, or indicate an intention to revive civil disobedience in any form, the Government will not hesitate to re-impose notifications under the Criminal Law Amendment Act which are now being withdrawn.

GERMANY'S INABILITY TO PAY

Conciliatory Tone Of Note To Britain

Berlin, June 25. Despite the recent threat made by the President of the Reichsbank, Dr. Schacht, the German note on the moratorium, despatched to Great Britain last night, is confidently expected to voice a conciliatory tone and is likely to leave the way open for a compromise.

It is believed that it asserts that Germany's present plight is mainly due to the burden of reparations, and urges that political questions must not be confused with financial issues.

It reiterates that Germany desires to meet all her obligations fully as and when able, and also that she is most ready to hear any new proposal from her creditors in the matter.—Reuter.

CLEARING HOUSE BILL

London, June 25. The House of Commons yesterday passed the second reading of the Debts Clearing Office Bill, designed to deal with the German moratorium, without division.

The Financial Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. L. Hore-Belisha, winding up the debate, said that the powers under the Bill would be used with moderation.

The deduction will begin at 20 per cent. and, as Germany herself had stated, that she intended to continue to pay debts in marks, exporters' goods ought to receive full payment.

If the Reichsbank did not pay exporters fully that would be tantamount to a further default on the part of Germany.

As long as Germany did not take further steps to restrict trade artificially, there was no reason why the system should not work to the mutual convenience of both sides.

BRITAIN ARMED

If Germany took other steps, the Bill armed Britain with the fullest powers, but he did not believe that Germany would take steps which would dislocate her own commerce.

The Financial Secretary to the Treasury stated that United Kingdom holdings of the Dawes and Young Loans amounted to about £10,000,000 and £9,000,000 respectively. The annual service required was £1,700,000.—Reuter.

DR. BERGER HEADS DELEGATION

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Berlin, June 25. The three-men German delegation departed on Monday for London to accept the British invitation to negotiate the present transfer tangle. It is officially announced that the German Government in the course of Monday will deliver an answer to the British Note published on June 22. The delegation is headed by Dr. Berger of the Finance Ministry.—Transocean Kuo Min.

PILOTAGE IN SHANGHAI

New Regulations Unsatisfactory

London, June 25. Replying in the House of Commons, to-day, to a number of questions regarding Shanghai pilotage, the Foreign Secretary, Sir John Simon, said that owing to the Chinese Government drawing up provisional pilotage regulations intended to supersede those codified in 1889, the British Minister to China, Sir Alexander Cadogan, had made representations to the Chinese Government pointing out that the matter also interested foreign powers and that the new provisional regulations were unsatisfactory and that it was understood that this view was shared by other interested Governments.

The Chinese Government, he said, had indicated that the revised version of the regulations would be communicated to the interested Governments in due course.

In view of that, and the fact that the question was still being discussed between Sir Alexander Cadogan and the Chinese Foreign Ministry, he was unable, at present, say more, but he could assure

TO MEET THE MORATORIUM

Britain's Counter Measure

London, June 25. The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, in the House of Commons to-day, moved a second reading of the Debts Clearing Office Bill, a measure to deal with the situation created by the decision of the Reichsbank to suspend for six months, as from July 14, all cash transfer on German long and medium term debts abroad, including the Young and Dawes loans.

Mr. Chamberlain expressed regret that the Government had found themselves bound to introduce this measure, and said that there was doubt as to the position of Germany with regard to foreign exchange made it necessary to discharge her obligations one of her very great difficulties.

In the German note to Great Britain a great deal of emphasis was laid upon the reduction in the Reichsbank reserve of gold and foreign exchange, and it was said that this reserve had been sacrificed in an effort to maintain the payment of German obligations.

The fact was that a very great part of this serious diminution in reserve had been due to the device adopted by the Reichsbank, which, in its effect, was equivalent to a depreciation of the German currency.

Confidence Shaken

Rightly or wrongly the creditors of all countries no longer felt the confidence they had in the good faith of Germany.

In the British note it was made clear that the door was still open for further negotiations, and the German Government were invited to send representatives to London for discussions, in the hope that it might be found possible to avoid using the powers which were sought in the bill.

He was happy to say that this offer had been accepted, and he sincerely hoped it might be found still practicable to make some arrangement with the German authorities, which would ensure fair treatment for British bondholders and British traders, before July 1.

At the same time the Government could not postpone a request for the necessary powers, in the hope of a solution which might, after all, be found impossible, and they asked that the bill might be passed through all its stages, so that, if it should prove necessary, they might have the powers to put it into force, in order to see that British nationals were fairly treated.

With regard to the provisions of the bill, the Chancellor said, that the Government did not like quotas. They had no present intention of imposing quotas, and they must hope that it would not be necessary to use the powers contained in Clause II.

Applicable To Other Countries Although he had spoken only of the differences with Germany in this matter, and although, in fact, it was only the urgent difficulties that had caused the Government to introduce the bill, the clause was not confined to Germany, and was drawn in such terms as would enable it to be applied to any other country, if the need arose.

Everybody must be aware that it was not possible to resort to a measure of such a kind without a certain amount of interference in the normal course of trade, and everybody would desire this interference to be limited as far as possible.

With a view to the widest and most careful consideration of any difficulties that might, from time to time, arise in the administration of the powers sought in the bill, the Chancellor proposed to set up a small advisory committee.—British Wireless.

the House that the British Government was fully alive to the interests of British shipping and British pilots who might be affected.—Reuter.

HEAT WAVE IN SHANGHAI

Exodus to Cooler Climes

Shanghai, June 25. Shanghai experienced another day of sweltering heat to-day with the official temperature topping 102.7 degrees, breaking yesterday's record.

The heat wave is responsible for accelerating bookings for various summer resorts and a wholesale exodus of foreign women and children for cooler climes is expected to commence in a few days.—Reuter.

MONDAY'S CONDITIONS

Shanghai, June 25. Yesterday was the hottest June day in Shanghai since the foundation of Sincere Observatory, in 1873. The mercury soared to 101.5 degrees Fahrenheit. The nearest to that was 100.4 in June, 1893.

The intense heat has caused considerable suffering. Many cases of prostration have been reported, but no serious cases.

Thousands of Chinese sought relief in the streets and on the Bund up to a late hour. No relief is forecast for to-day.—Reuter.

CHIANG LEAVES FOR HANGHOU

Thirty-Minute Talk with Ariyoshi

Nanking, June 25. After a ten days' stay here, during which he attended many political conferences and received a number of high officials from the provinces, Marshal Chiang Kai Shek left for Hangchow by air this afternoon en route for his home town, Fenghua, accompanied by Madame Chiang. No officials were present at the aerodrome to see them off as news of the departure was kept a secret.

It is indicated that Marshal Chiang is making a very brief stay in Chekiang and is returning to Kiangsi within a week.

CHIANG-ARIYOSHI INTERVIEW

Mr. Ariyoshi, the Japanese Minister, arrived in Nanking in time to see Marshal Chiang Kai Shek at the latter's official residence just prior to his departure.

According to Rengo, they had a thirty-minute talk in the presence of Mr. Arino, Second Secretary of the Japanese Legation, who acted as interpreter.

None of those present would talk about the subject of the discussion afterward.—Reuter.

THROUGH RAIL TRAFFIC

An Arrangement Reached

Nanking, June 25. It is reliably learned that an arrangement has been reached for the resumption of through traffic on the Peiping-Mukden Railway.

The arrangement will be made public at Peiping on Thursday.—Reuter.

PHONE SYSTEM IN CHINA

A Gigantic Project

London, June 25. The Chinese Government Purchasing Commission has been instructed from Nanking to invite tenders to construct a gigantic telephone system to link up nine chief provinces from Hanoi to Kwang.

Tenders are also invited for steel rails for the Canton-Hankow Railway, 20,000 tons to be delivered in Hankow and 10,000 tons in Canton.—Reuter.

UNITED STATES AND JAPAN

Non-Aggression Pact Discussed

Washington, June 25. On the eve of leaving for Japan, the Japanese Ambassador to Washington, Mr. Saito, discussed the question of a non-aggression pact between the United States and Japan, with Senator Key Pittman, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

It is understood that Mr. Pittman said that no new treaties could be considered while there was any question in regard to the carrying out of existing agreements.

It is reported that he expressed, on behalf of the Committee, the United States viewpoint towards Japanese conduct under the existing treaties.

Mr. Saito asserted that there was no intention on the part of Japan to repudiate treaties.—Reuter.

DUTCH INDIES RUBBER

Licences for Native Product

The Hague, June 25. It is reliably reported that the Dutch Indies Government are replacing the export duty on native rubber as soon as possible by a system of individual licences.

In the meanwhile the latest available information shows that the potential capacity of native production is considerably lower than previously estimated.—Reuter.

ARSON GANG IN CHICAGO

Twelve Persons Arrested

Chicago, June 25. The police are investigating an alleged arson gang, described as the biggest criminal ring ever unmasked here.

Twelve persons, including a woman, have been arrested. It is believed that they were responsible for the majority of Chicago's most serious fires during the past three years, and 60 per cent. of last year's \$5,000,000 fire losses is attributed to them.—Reuter.

YAMAGISHI'S SUCCESS

Spectacular Play at Wimbledon

London, June 25. In the Wimbledon tennis play to-day, which was attended by overcast and windy conditions, 80,000 spectators saw Yamagishi (Japan) beat Le Seleur (France) 6-1, 6-2, 6-3.

The Japanese secured an easy win over the French left-hander. He gave a perfect display of fine driving along the side-lines and covered every inch of the court.

Yamagishi was spectacular in his net work and chased the Frenchman all over the court.

Miki Beaten In the second round, Turnbull (Australia) beat Miki (Japan) 6-3, 6-1, 6-1.

The Japanese failed to produce his usual form and found difficulty in returning Turnbull's cannonball service, usually skying them out of the court, and was also uneven in his ground strokes, often finding the net.

Miki, however, gave a delightful exhibition of net play.—Reuter. Earlier results are given on Page 10.

HOME CRICKET LATEST

London, June 25. Sussex won by an innings and 116 runs against Yorkshire at Sheffield.

Sussex 357 for 5 declared. Yorkshire 126 (J. Parks 4 for 37, Wensley 5 for 46) and 115 (James Langridge 9 for 34).—Reuter.

SOVIET DESIRE FOR PEACE

Statement By Ambassador

Birmingham, June 25. At the National Peace Congress held here, the Russian Ambassador, M. Maisky said it was ridiculous to suggest that Russia wished to encircle and make war on Germany or anybody else, as peace has always been a very important principle of Russia's foreign policy.

He alluded to the non-aggression pacts with many neighbours and regretted that similar attempts with Japan and Germany had failed.

He declared that if attacked, Russia could inflict a crushing re-buff to the attacker.—Reuter.

SUBSTITUTE FOR SILK

Combine Cotton with Rayon

Berlin, June 25. At the general meeting of the Bemberg big art silk combine, the Chairman said that among the imports of raw materials, pure silk occupied an unimportant place in the German market and could, if necessary, be dispensed with.

It was possible to combine cotton, with rayon yarns, and rayon developments have been favourable to adoption for many purposes for which cotton with rayon was formerly used.

The adaptation of rayon for use with wool was more difficult, although Bemberg and the Farben Industrie were experimenting to this end.

He pointed out that it was necessary to sell these substitutes very cheaply, if they were going to replace raw materials successfully.—Reuter.

SILVER MARKET

(From Our Own Correspondent.) London, June 25.

London silver prices to-day were down one-sixteenth, as follows:—

Spot 20½ 20½/16
Forward 20½/16 20½

The London on New York cross-rate at 2.00 p.m. to-day was 5.02-15/16, compared with 5.03½ at closing yesterday.

PRESUMPTION OF DEATH

In Two-Year-Old Mystery

Shanghai, June 25. The kidnapping of the British officer of the Chinese Maritime Customs, Mr. Edwards, from Breaker Point lighthouse on the Fukien coast, two years ago, has been brought up at the British Court here.

The mystery of Edwards' disappearance has never been solved, but it has long been presumed that he was killed by the bandits who kidnapped him, his wife and four children in February, 1932. His wife and children were subsequently released.

On a motion by Mrs. Edwards, the court granted leave to depose that her husband's death occurred on or after July 31, 1932, for the purposes of settling his estate.—Reuter.

FRANCO-GERMAN TRADE AGREEMENT

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Berlin, June 25. In view of the impending expiration on June 30 of the Franco-German trade agreement concluded in August, 1927, negotiations have been begun here by the German and French delegations for a new regulation of commercial relations between the two countries.

In order to prevent any no-treaty interlude, the two governments on Monday agreed by exchange of notes to extend the present trade agreement till July 31.—Transocean Kuo Min.

BRITAIN'S CLAIM FOR MORE CRUISERS

TO GUARANTEE PROTECTION OF EMPIRE ROUTES

Demand Not Likely To Disturb America

London, June 25. The Admiralty is reviving its claim for 70 cruisers in order to guarantee the Empire sea routes, declares the political correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian," who quotes an entirely trustworthy American quarter for the statement and points out that a similar demand wrecked the Three-Power Conference at Geneva in 1927 and seriously impaired Anglo-American relations.

The suggestion made in the present demand is much less likely to disturb the United States than in 1927, and it is even said that the United States will receive it complacently as she is anxious now for greater freedom herself in naval matters in view of Japan's more imperialistic mood.

Quite apart from the 1935 Naval Conference, an early expansion of naval programmes within treaty limits is certain and plans will go forward for doubling the strength of the Air Force.—Reuter.

AIRPLANE DIVES INTO CROWD

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Budapest, June 25.

The speeding wings of an airplane reaped a harvest of eight lives among the spectators of an air circus in the Yugoslavian town, Balisee, on Monday when an aviator lost control of his machine and was forced to plunge into the crowd. A dozen people were mowed down by the impact, six dying instantly and two later in hospital. The pilot himself escaped with minor bruises while the plane was reduced to a junk heap.—Transocean Kuo Min.

ANOTHER REPORT

Belgrade, June 25. Two men and three women were killed to-day when an aeroplane crashed among spectators during a flying display at Belisichke. Fifteen others were injured.—Reuter.

R.A.F. OFFICERS KILLED

London, June 25. Three Royal Air Force flying officers were killed in a mid-air collision near Bristol, yesterday. A fourth officer parachuted to the ground, but was slightly injured. There has been 10 fatal R.A.F. accidents in 1934, involving 17 deaths.—Reuter.

BOMB INTENDED FOR GANDHI

Thrown at Wrong Motor Car

Poona, June 25. Seven of the Mahatma Gandhi's supporters were injured when a bomb was thrown into a car. Gandhi owes his escape to a mistake on the part of a Boy Scouts' band who, believing he was aboard, began playing a welcome, whereupon the bomb was thrown. Gandhi arrived by car five minutes later. Five arrests were made.—Reuter.

GERMAN SHARE MARKET

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Berlin, June 25. Business in the sharemarket was dull although certain classes, notably the Potash companies, and electric, were in demand and showed firmer prices. Fixed interest securities were calm, the price changes being few although the municipal bonds and certain mortgage bonds after a drastic decline last week, recovered one per cent. and more.

Call Money 4 per cent. Young Loan unchanged at 91. Reichsbank dropped 14 to 1531. Dry-trusts improved 1 to 1484. Saldest-furth Potash, jumped 34 to 166. German Steel Trusts down 4 to 401. German Mineral Oils 4 firmer to 1194. Siemenshalske sprang 24 to 1484. and Bemberg Rayon slumped 11 to 661.—Transocean Kuo Min.

REICHSMARKS QUOTATIONS

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Berlin, June 25. Reichsmark quotations (without guarantee):—
New York 38.22
Paris 579.85
Amsterdam 58.42
Paris (Sterling) 76.34
Dollar 15.17
—Transocean Kuo Min.

ASPIRIN
BY FAR UNSURPASSED
AS THE BEST REMEDY
AGAINST HEADACHE
COLD AND PAINS
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS
LOOK FOR THE BAYER CROSS

HOUSING CONDITIONS IN HONG KONG

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1933

City Congestion A Heritage Of The Early Days

Interesting observations on the housing problem of Hong Kong is contained in the Hon. Colonial Secretary's "Annual Report on the Social and Economic Progress of the People of the Colony of Hong Kong during the Year 1933."

"Town planning improvements," say the report, "are being carried out wherever possible in Hong Kong whilst the development of Kowloon is proceeding according to a definite lay-out."

The report traces the reason for the congestion in the Western part of the City of Victoria and deals with the question of obtaining improved conditions.

Quickening Social Consciousness

Dealing with "Housing" the report states:—

"In recent years some evidence has been shown amongst the artisan class of the Colony of a quickening social consciousness and the resultant desire to avail themselves of improved housing accommodation wherever such is made available. The unskilled labouring class, however, are still found densely packed in tenement houses deficient in light and air. This class of labour has to find its habitat as close as possible to the scene of its labour, with the result that the Western part of the City of Victoria, which houses the native business quarter and closely adjoins the portion of the harbour handling the traffic from the West River and Chinese Coast Ports, is seriously overcrowded."

Slowly Mitigated.

These conditions are being slowly mitigated by the rebuilding of properties which from time to time are condemned for reasons of structural defects. This process of elimination is, however, too slow to create any appreciable improvement. The legislation now being contemplated, which call for the provision of reasonable yard space, when made operative, will hasten the removal or reconstruction of much of the old property. This, whilst providing improved housing conditions, will no doubt mean increased cost of living to the labouring classes.

Hitherto the hostility of the property-owning class to the introduction of legislation requiring additional open space and "per se" reducing the earning power of the property has been the chief obstacle in obtaining improved conditions. It can, however, be recorded that the spirit of obstruction is less evident to-day as a result of education, and of the example set by some of the better class of realty companies whose blocks of tenement houses compare not unfavourably in essential respects with modern European practice.

All Privately Owned.

The housing of the Colony is all privately owned, and control is maintained by the operation of the Public Health and Buildings Ordinance, the provisions of which also mould the character of the housing. Generally the houses are built back to back in rows, separated by a scavenging lane six feet in width specified by the Ordinance. The houses built prior to the 1903 Ordinance, covering the greatest part of the native quarter are of depths varying from forty feet to eighty feet, with often less than 100 square feet of open space provided within the curtilage of the lot. After the passing of the Public Health and Buildings Ordinance, No. 1 of 1903, the amount of open space per house to be allowed within the boundaries of each lot is governed, and falls under two main heads, viz:—

(a) houses built on land bought prior to the passing of the Ordinance in 1903, where the open space must not be less than one fourth the area of the site and (b) houses built on land bought subsequently where the minimum is raised to one third of the area. On plan the usual frontage of each house is fifteen feet (a dimension owing its origin more to early structural limitations than to economics) and a depth of about thirty-five feet, whilst each storey consists of one large "room" with

a native type kitchen in the rear. This room is then subdivided by thin partitions seven feet high into three cubicles, each of which may accommodate a family. A latrine is built at ground floor level, one to each house irrespective of the number of occupants, and is common to all.

Structurally the earlier houses are of blue bricks (of native manufacture) having a very low structural value and timber, (usually China fir which is extremely susceptible to the ravages of the white ants). Later, however, reinforced concrete and better quality bricks have been used.

Lack of Town Planning.

In the city of Victoria the major defect of housing is due to lack of town planning, but since a large proportion of the City was erected in the early days of the Colony, when town planning was little practised even in Europe, the conditions to-day are a heritage, the elimination of which involves immense sums of money, and probably considerable opposition if attempted on a large scale.

Generally many of the old houses suffer from defects which are attributable to the Ordinance of that time. Passed in 1903, the measure was framed to meet existing conditions, both structurally and hygienically as they were then understood and practised. But, viewed in the light of modern practice and knowledge, many of its provisions are found to be lax and the following are the main resultant defects:—

- The open space is insufficient, especially with regard to earlier houses, i.e. those built on land purchased prior to 1903.
- Latrine accommodation is insufficient.
- Staircases are too narrow and steep, and often unlighted.
- Means of escape in case of fire insufficient.

Note:—

(b) in the case of new buildings where owners are able to provide by means of a well or otherwise an adequate water supply, flush sanitation is now usually provided on each floor. This is one of the most important steps forward in sanitation that has been achieved. (c) and (d) have been provided for by recent amendments of the Public Health and Buildings Ordinance, which call for any new staircases in tenement houses to be of fire-proof construction, with alternative means of egress from all floors more than twenty three feet above the footpath. The remarks above apply more particularly to the housing of the wage earning Asiatics. The housing for the wealthier classes is provided for by modern flats three or four storeys high, and in the suburban areas by detached or semi-detached houses usually two storeys high which may be occupied separately or as flats.

New Legislation.

A new Buildings Ordinance has been drafted, which will eliminate many of the present defects and demand a higher standard generally, whilst the building owners are themselves realising the advantages of modern constructional methods. Town planning improvements are being carried out wherever possible in Hong Kong whilst the development in Kowloon is proceeding according to a definite layout.

WIMBLEDON TENNIS

Complaints About Umpiring

Wimbledon, June 25.

At the opening of the Wimbledon Lawn Tennis Championships here yesterday, many competitors complained that the umpiring was the worst they had ever known. The fact that the Umpires' Association has forced the Wimbledon authorities to use higher chairs than usual, making them 5 feet 6 inches high, is attributed to be the cause, so much so that a request has been forwarded to the authorities for the use of lower chairs for the remainder of the tournament.

Some of the players stated that they had been umpired out of victory, which is a very unusual state of affairs at Wimbledon, where the players are usually very sportsmanlike in such matters, and would never say these things unless they had some very sound reason for complaint.

Sphinx-like Nishimura

Nishimura provided the third Japanese success of the day when he eliminated Gandar Dower, the Oxford Blue, in four sets 4-6, 7-5, 6-4, 6-1.

The sphinx-like Japanese took time to settle down owing to the slowness of the court. The Englishman was hitting strongly, while the Japanese was mistiming his shots in the first set.

Nishimura improved as the game went on, his versatile, speedy, forehand and backhand drives being most accurate. He often exploited, in swerving drop shots which left the Englishman helpless.

Frenchman Beaten

Fujiwara beat Duplaix in straight sets, completely outplaying the Frenchman. The scores were 6-2, 6-3, 6-6.

The Japanese playing produced easy winners on both sides of the court. Duplaix's awkward service was uncertain, and his weak backhand made him an easy prey for Fujiwara's graceful strokes.

Fujiwara stormed the net in the last two sets, successfully, cleverly mixing his play with perfect drop shots.

FUTURE FATE OF GERMANY

Call Answered By Fuehrer

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Berlin, June 25.

The public discussion concerning the "right to criticise the National Socialist State" which has been going on for the past week between the leading personalities of the third Reich and which was begun by the Vice-Chancellor, von Papen, in his much discussed speech in Marburg a week ago, was joined by the deputy leader of the National Socialist party, Rudolf Hess who in a broadcast speech on Monday night took a firm stand against "petty carpers inspired only by bad will" but promised ready reception in high places of the new regime for honest and factual criticism.

"We are accessible to every sort of objective criticism," said Hess, "which stands on a firm basis of National-Socialist philosophy. If it is to be delivered through the proper channels. That channel is through the nation's spinal cord—the National Socialist Party—which is the living bond between the leader and his people. But never must this criticism be shrieked on all streets and market places into random ears to the deletion of all enemies of New Germany. The real National-Socialists must, therefore, take all the more trouble to see that justifiable criticism makes its way to the authorities. I expect from all National-Socialist leaders that they will go through the territory entrusted them with their ears open and report to their superiors all that deserves criticism."

The National-Socialists are one big German family which will have its own spoiled children. A mere membership is far from proof of perfection of all National-Socialists. One, however, always stands beyond the realm of criticism—that is the Fuehrer. That is because each feels and knows Hitler is always right—and always will be right. We believe that the Fuehrer has answered the call of

SURREY BATSMEN IN FORM

Australian Bowling Mastered

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, June 9.

The Australians, when they arrived at Kennington Oval yesterday, must have known that they were to meet the best side that they have yet played against, and they accordingly paid Surrey the compliment of fielding a team which, with the exception of one absent player, seems at the moment to be their best possible combination. Unless Ebeling, who bowled so well at Lord's, is to be included at the expense of a batsman, they had all their bowlers there, and as plain statement of fact they were and truly overcome, the total of 372 for three wickets at the close of play being at once a tribute to the Surrey batting rather than a reflection on the Australian bowling.

For Sandham the day was a triumph, his being the highest individual score which has yet been made against the Australians. If many more English batsmen score centuries against our visitors it will be hard to avoid the rampage of 1921, when batsmen were picked on their particular performances.

A Confident Start

There was a suggestion of dampness on the wicket during the first hour's play, Wall, bowling from the Pavilion end, more than once making the ball stand up awkwardly. McCabe, from the Vauxhall end, aimed straighter at the stumps, but, for all that, was the less likely to take the wicket of either Hobbs or Sandham, who took their first 15 or 20 runs as quietly as usual on the leg side. Between overs they walked negligently about the pitch, patting it here and there, in the manner of a deliberate pair of Vaudeville artists who suddenly perform a remarkable acrobatic feat. Sandham, who was the less comfortable to Wall, bowling with all his heart, all but cocked a ball into the hands of silly mid-on, and so came the regular change at 21. Grimmett then coming on at the Vauxhall end.

Hobbs when he had made 22 hit one of the few outrageous long hops which Grimmett sends down terribly hard to leg, and Wall, standing at forward shortleg, put his hand to it, and his bowling hand at that, with the result that he had to retire to the pavilion, not to appear again until after the interval. O'Reilly accordingly came on at the Pavilion end, but was twice hit to leg for 2 by Sandham, who also cut him late for 4. The pitch by now was playing more easily, with more than a whisper round the ground that Hobbs would make another century and that one of the biggest scores ever made, against the Australians was in sight. The first part of this prediction was all wrong, for with the score at 37 Hobbs, trying to turn a ball to leg, was leg-before-wicket to Grimmett. This was Woodfull's chance, but Gregory had different ideas, and Sandham, now the taker of the bowling, played Grimmett as well as Hobbs would have done. He hopped down the pitch once to drive O'Reilly to the off for 4, and with Gregory watching the ball ever so carefully luncheon was taken with 73 runs on the board, of which Sandham had made 36.

Immediately after the interval Sandham made two magnificent strokes for 4 off Grimmett, the first just wide of the sight screen and the next past cover-point. Gregory then joined in the fun, in which only the more notable strokes can be mentioned, by playing an exquisite late cut off O'Reilly to the boundary, and there was more than a suggestion that Woodfull was in trouble with his bowlers when Chipperfield, who makes the ball turn both ways—in each case quite obviously—came on. Neither

a high power to mould the future fate of Germany. Of this belief there may be no criticism. Only the Fuehrer can call tempo and direction in his revolution, only he can complete what he has begun and only perhaps Adolf Hitler will consider it necessary some day to force developments again with revolutionary means. We stand ready to his command, confident that he will call his old revolutionaries when it is necessary and that he will know when that time arrives.—Transocean Kuo Min.

BRITISH OPEN GOLF TITLE

Records Broken on Opening Day

London, June 28.

The qualifying rounds in the British Open Golf Championship were begun here to-day over the Royal Cinque Ports course and the Royal St. George's course at Sandwich.

There were 92 starters, the notable absentees being Cyril Tolley, John de Forest, and Vardon.

Play opened in warm and sunny weather with an absence of wind. Conditions were ideal for good golf.

Henry Cotton, who had entered from Brussels, broke the course record at St. George's by two strokes with 68, having eleven birdies and one eagle going out with 31 and coming in with 35.

Martin, former Oxford Blue, broke the amateur record at Deal with a total of 70.

Of the Americans, Shute, holder of the title, was not convincing and covered in 76 at St. George's; Gene Sarazen, Macdonald, Smith in 75 at Deal; Kirkwood in 75 at St. George's.

Others who were prominent were Aubrey and Boomer of France, de la Torre of Spain, and Denny Gadd, who did in 71; Nolan, Ernest Whitcombe and August Boyer of France in 73; Padgham and Charles Whitcombe in 74; Maclean, Compston and Munn in 76.—Reuter.

GRAMOPHONE LOSSES

£4,359,036 Cuts In Capital

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, June 9.

The petitions of the Gramophone Co., Ltd., the Columbia Graphophone Co., Ltd., and Electric and Musical Industries, Ltd., for sanction to the reduction of their capital were again before Mr. Justice Crossman in the Chancery Division recently.

The first two petitions were dealt with on Tuesday, when his lordship said he would make a final order after he had heard the third petition.

The first two reductions were: Gramophone Co. from £3,340,000 to £2,805,563, and Columbia Co. from £2,800,000 to £2,078,401. There was no opposition.

Dealing with Electric and Musical Industries, Ltd., Mr. Lionel

U. S. BASEBALL Record Equalled

New York, June 25.

St. Louis Cardinals were beaten by three runs in the clash with the New York Giants to-day, which went to thirteen innings and produced a total of 17 runs.

The Yankees had an easy victory over Chicago, three of their runs being circuit clouts. Broaga fanned five times, equalling Lefty Groves' American League record.

The following are the scores:—

American League

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	2	10	1
New York	13	18	0
Lou Gehrig, Hoag and Combs hit homers.			

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	3	9	2
Boston	6	11	0

	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	11	12	0
Philadelphia	13	19	1
Jimmy Foxx (2) and McNair hit homers.			

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	4	10	0
Cliff hit a homer.			
Washington	6	11	1

National League

	R.	H.	E.
New York	10	15	3
Jackson hit a homer.			
St. Louis	7	9	1
Rothrock hit a homer.			

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	1	7	2
Pittsburg	7	14	0
F. Warner hit a homer.			

—Reuter.

Cohen, K.C., said it was proposed to reduce its capital from £6,250,000 to £3,363,000 by cancelling 10s per share of the 5,805,749 issued. Ordinary £1 shares.

The capital was 5,806,000 Ordinary £1 shares and 480,000 Preference £1 shares. The company was formed as a holding company in 1931, and acquired the whole of the capital of the Gramophone and Columbia companies. Losses were due to the depreciation of the assets of the two operating companies. When the company was formed the operating companies were making very large profits.

Mr. Justice Crossman, remarking that the company was formed to acquire the operating companies at the "peak" period, sanctioned the reduction of the capital of all three.

The total reductions are thus £4,359,036.

TIME-HONoured English quality—makes W.D. & H.O. Wills' Gold Flake cigarettes the first choice with smokers in all parts of the Empire. A Virginia cigarette of unexcelled flavour—fragrant, cool and mellow—a cigarette well and truly made.

WILLS' GOLD FLAKE CIGARETTES

W.D. & H.O. WILLS BRISTOL & LONDON

Alleged Wrongful Termination Of Contract

CLAIM FOR \$7,492 BY MR. F. L. ADAMSON

"I Thought The Cook Was A Customer"

Before the Chief Justice yesterday, a claim by Mr. F. L. Adamson against Mr. N. Blumenthal for \$7,492 was heard. The claim was originally for \$17,000 damages and costs, but at the commencement of the hearing, it was stated that the claim for general damages would be withdrawn.

Plaintiff's claim was based on an alleged wrongful termination of his contract to serve as manager of the Marcel Buffet, while the defendant contends that the dismissal was justified because of Adamson's alleged familiarity with the servants and misconduct while serving as manager.

Plaintiff's statement of claim sets out that under an agreement dated June 10, 1933, defendant engaged him as manager of the Marcel Buffet for a period of one year. Defendant wrongfully terminated his service and refused to employ him on October 5 of the same year and the present claim was for this breach of contract. The claim was for 40 per cent. of the net profits from October 5, 1933, to June 15, 1934, estimated at \$6,488; meals for plaintiff and wife, three each daily for the same period, \$1,004; general damages, \$7,000, and costs.

The counter-claim was for \$598.12 money lent to Adamson; repayment of whatever amount was found to be due from Adamson to defendant.

Defence Allegations. Defendant, in his statement, admitted that he was the proprietor of the Buffet, that plaintiff was employed there under an agreement to pay 40 per cent. of the profits and provide free meals. He denied that Adamson was wrongfully dismissed on that he was injured in his credit or reputation; and he accused Adamson of perpetual drunkenness, causing or permitting the Buffet to be open after the legal hours and thereby endangering the licence of the house; assaulting Erich Richter, manager of the Marcel Cafe; being unduly familiar with the servants employed at the Buffet; using profane and obscene language; falling as manager to account for money received by him on behalf of Blumenthal; failing to keep proper books and accounts; frequently being drunk in the Buffet and thus endangering the licence; being drunk on September 7, and assaulting servants by throwing bottles and trays at them, causing them to leave their employment; engaging two children about ten years old as servants without authority and necessity; failing to keep servants in proper control.

General Claim Dropped. Mr. H. C. Macnamara, instructed by Mr. E. H. Cole, of Hall, Bruton and Co., appeared for defendant and Mr. Leo D'Almada, junr., instructed by Mr. M. A. da Silva, of Remedios and Silva, represented plaintiff.

The case was heard by the Chief Justice, Mr. A. D. A. MacGregor. Mr. D'Almada said he wished to abandon the general claim for \$17,000 which was originally intended to cover the special damages; he was confining himself now to the special claims for commission and meals. The assessment of the damages would be taken before the Registrar and the main question before the Court was the allegations of misconduct. The onus of opening was on the defendant, because the plaintiff could not be expected to answer accusations he knew nothing about.

Mr. Macnamara said that had plaintiff not abandoned his general claim, the onus of opening would have been on him, and he would want to know later on why they had thus reduced their claim by \$9,500. Defendant did not know whether or not plaintiff had had any other employment since he left the Marcel Cafe—he may have been a jazz band leader at a more remunerative salary for all he knew—but if he had, it would mitigate the damages.

The Chief Justice, ruling that the onus of opening was on defendant, Mr. Macnamara proceeded with his case.

Mr. Blumenthal's Case

Defendant, he said, was a family man with two sons, who would give evidence, and two daughters. He had been connected with buffets and similar businesses for over 30 years in the Far East and had been in Hongkong for three years, during which time he had held a publican's licence. In June of last year, Blumenthal was, as now, indisposed, and wished to take a trip to Japan for his health. In that month, he signed an agreement employing Adamson as manager for a year. Adamson then being engaged in litigation with his former manager. It was decided that David Blumenthal should supervise the business during his father's absence and Leon Blumenthal, the younger brother, should collect the daily cash takings. Plaintiff had said he could influence business at the buffet among American sailors. Defendant was away from June to September and he dismissed Adamson sometime between June 4 or 5 at Water Police Station.

The first witness was defendant. Witness stated that he returned from Japan on September 13 and on that night noticed that many changes had been made. He went to see Mr. Adamson and there was "a smell of onions and potatoes stinking the whole place." He investigated, and found that Adamson had made a small kitchen out of a small office room.

"At about 12.30 a.m., I heard a noise downstairs and when I went down I found the shop was still open. Adamson, his wife and an American Chinese cook were in the buffet. I thought the cook was a customer."

"I told him to close the shop. The next night, the same thing occurred and I told Adamson that I would lose my licence."

Continuing his evidence, witness said: "His eyes went big and his mouth goes to one side—the American style. Whisky or beer made him like that. I don't know which. When a man drinks, one wants to sing, another wants to cry and another wants to fight."

Thought He Was Drunk. Mr. Macnamara—You think he was drunk then?

Witness—Yes. "The following night I found the same thing. The shop had not been closed by half past twelve. Adamson's cook asked for his pay and I told him 'No' as I had not engaged him. Then Adamson began 'talking his mouth' and had the 'cook in arms.' Mr. Richter was also in the shop."

Mr. Macnamara—Mr. Richter has not been introduced to his Lordship yet.

His Lordship—Only in correspondence. Witness stated that on September 16 he again went to the Buffet and found the cook in the shop with Adamson. He told him he did not want him in the shop, but Adamson refused to part with him. Witness sent a letter to Adamson telling him to dismiss the cook which he subsequently did.

"From September 16, until September 25 he was still drinking the same as before."

On October 5, witness said he told Adamson to close up the shop when he came back, to which Adamson replied "No you old—I will close up when I feel like it."

"I turned to Richter," said witness, and told him to call the Police. Adamson then closed up. This all happened after midnight. Adamson and his wife were in the Buffet at the time together with a man named Greenway. I went behind the counter and Adamson told Richter to go home. He then turned to me and said "Come out you old—and I will kick you."

I told Richter to go and as he went out he was seized by Adamson and Greenway. I shouted "Call the Police" and pulled Richter back into the shop.

"I then went to the water Police Station and found Adamson and Greenway already there."

His Lordship: Your old friends.

An American Term.

Witness: The Police Sergeant told Richter to take out a summons and I told Adamson, "You're fired."

Mr. Macnamara: That's the American term for dismissal.

Witness: When I came back from Japan I nearly dropped dead to find so many bills and I asked Mr. Laneport to go through the bills and accounts.

What was the amount of damages he originally claimed against you?—\$17,000 for wrongful dismissal and loss of reputation.

Did you think that justified?—No.

You know now that he has dropped the claim for loss of reputation?—Yes.

I think it is just as well.

Cross-Examination.

Cross examined, witness said he knew Mr. Laneport well. "He is a well-known nudist." There was never any difference between Adamson, Laneport and himself about the accounts.

Witness, in answer to another question said he was quite satisfied with Guelati, his cashier, "except when he made a few mistakes with his fingers on the cash register."

Regarding the engagement of Mr. Adamson, witness did not agree that he had seen in the engagement the advantage of having an American manager to look after a business that was mostly patronised by Americans from ships.

"Not a Copper."

He agreed that business increased after Mr. Adamson's engagement, but pointed out that it was in the form of chills. "Not a copper have I seen," witness declared to the Court.

He was left with a loss of \$6,000 and without any accounts properly to show how that loss had been sustained.

Regarding witness's previous statement that Mr. Adamson was unduly familiar with the servants, Counsel asked if it was not a fact that far from Mr. Adamson using bad language, Mr. Adamson had turned out customers from the Cafe for doing so.

Witness replied that he would have liked Mr. Adamson better if he had done what he claimed to have done. As it was he had no knowledge of the incidents in question.

Mr. D'Almada: Is it agreed that when Mr. Adamson left the buffet, the daily receipts fell?—Yes. And when did business pick up again?—It never picked up. It got worse and worse.

Handing up a bundle of correspondence to the witness, Mr. D'Almada asked: Do you agree with me that the reason why Mr. Adamson wrote these letters to you was that he found it difficult to cope with so many persons he had over him?—He was the manager.

If you were so seriously dissatisfied with Mr. Adamson, how is it that you wrote no letter to him to that effect?—I wanted my accounts. I wanted to know what he has done. There was no need to write. I could speak to him. We lived in the same house.

Witness answering another question said that Adamson wanted to leave him and that was why he "was looking for trouble." Whenever witness asked for accounts, Adamson "mixed him up" in such a way that he could do nothing.

Mr. D'Almada: Did you interfere with the business before you went to Japan?—Before I went to Japan? Ah, he was a fine gentleman. He even came to the ship to see me off! (Laughter.)

After a number of questions with regard to the accounts, Mr. D'Almada asked: Your main interest was to see that the buffet was properly run?—Yes.

After Midnight.

One of the rules in connection with licensed premises was that it should be closed at midnight?

On the 13th you closed at 12.30?—Yes.

You were warned and yet you allowed the same thing to happen on the 14th?—I threatened to call the Police.

On the 15th the same thing happened?—Yes.

If I said that in connection with the closing Mr. Adamson put the clock 10 minutes ahead, you would say that was not true?—Of course it is not true.

You agree that according to his contract, Adamson could give a drink on the house?—Yes, but instead he went and got drunk himself.

David Blumenthal and Leon Blumenthal were called in support of the defendant. The latter stated

AROUND THE COURTS

(Continued from Page 6)

Traffic Inspector Nicol stated that defendant went round the corner near the Ko Shing Theatre on the wrong side, and collided with a bus.

STABBING CASE SEQUEL

Charged with cutting and wounding Banta Singh, an Indian labourer on the s.s. Calcutta Maru on June 8, Nand Singh another Indian was yesterday convicted by Mr. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistracy who in summing up said, "I have known Sikhs in Hong Kong as pretty good lars but I have as yet to meet one to beat you."

The charge arose out of a quarrel between the two parties in the early hours of June 9 when during a scuffle Banta Singh was injured and sustained several wounds in the chest and on the face. Nand Singh was later arrested and charged.

At yesterday's hearing Gulam Singh, described as a watchman of the Kowloon Docks said he was on board the Calcutta Maru when the scuffle took place and was actually asked to hold "two bottles of rum" while the parties concerned settled their argument.

Banta Singh, the complainant said he had lived at the Sikh Temple in Wanchai up till June 8 when he met the accused whom he had known for the past five years.

That same evening complainant had gone aboard the s.s. Calcutta Maru with the accused, whose belongings he had helped bring aboard.

A question of accommodation arose and witness said for \$5 he could arrange for the accused to have a cabin. But at length witness found that he was unable to do so and a quarrel ensued during which the accused is alleged to have stabbed him.

Witness admitted that he and the accused had had several drinks of rum preceding their quarrel.

Accused admitted every part of the complainant's evidence up to the charge for "the Cabin" which he alleged was \$20. He admitted having had a fight with the complainant and when asked how the latter had sustained his wounds replied, "God knows" amidst much laughter.

His Worship convicted the accused but suspended sentence, the accused to be remanded 48 hours with the Police pending arrangements for his departure from the Colony.

AT THE MARINE COURT

Unlawful Using of Junks

Chan Kam Wo 25 and Chan Kam Fook 36, both described as Fishing Junk masters, appeared before Commander Hole at the Marine Court yesterday morning, charged with unlawfully breaking breaches of rules of their Fishing Junk Licences, by using their boats for the conveyance of cargo on board at Yung Lung Wan near Deep Bay last Monday morning. It was stated by the prosecuting officer that the first defendant Chan Kam Wo carried 25 bags of salt on board his junk while the second accused 39 bags of salt and 5 bags, of sugar.

When being questioned, the second defendant pleaded guilty but the first defendant denied the charge and said that the bags of salt were stored up in his junk for the use of preserving fish.

The Magistrate however, did not believe his story and remarked that he (the first accused) should not need so much salt for the preservation of fish and after hearing the further evidence given by the prosecuting officer, he imposed a fine of \$25 or in default three weeks hard labour on each of the defendants.

ed that Adamson returned to the buffet on one occasion just before midnight with two friends and ordered drinks. The place was being closed up, but Adamson got drinks served to himself and his friends as he kept the keys. He is also alleged to have used bad language and Leon Blumenthal related an incident where a sailor wanted to assault Adamson because the latter was angry at his wife being in the buffet. The sailor did not know that Adamson was her husband. Adamson wanted to strike the sailor and witness had to apologise to the sailor, who allowed the matter to drop.

The case was adjourned until this morning.

POST OFFICE FRAUD

For having defrauded the Postal authorities by posting packets marked "printed matter" whereas in reality they contained cotton articles, on June 21 and 22, Lo King Yee, unemployed, was yesterday morning convicted by Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Central Magistracy and fined \$50 in default one month's hard labour on each charge.

Mohamed Hassan, a clerk in the Post Office, said that he had been reported to him on June 21 that five packets of newspapers with insufficient stamps had been posted, and opened one of the packets. It contained linen articles. It was marked "printed matter." He reported it to Mr. T. Hynes, the Superintendent of Mails, and was instructed to keep a watch. On the following day about 3.57 p.m. he saw the defendant come in with a parcel. Defendant looked round to see whether he was being watched, and then put one packet into the post. Witness seized defendant before he could post four other packets. The postage on the packets was two cents each. The proper postage was 16 cents.

Mr. Hynes said the printed post was a special form of post. It was marked "printed matter." The price to China was two cents per two ounces. The regulations were that the packets should contain printed matter only, and should be made up in such a way as to be easily examined. He had examined two of these packets at the Post Office, and found they contained cotton articles. The defendant had defrauded the revenue of 60 cents on each packet. On June 21, five packets were brought to him, and another five on the following day. The revenue was being defrauded of \$3.45 every day. The effect of under-stamping would secure safe delivery, because the Chinese Post Office

would collect the balance of 28 cents at the other end. In answer to the charge, defendant said he had been fooled by a man named Leung Chung, who had given him the packets to post.

On a charge of being in unlawful possession of a toy tricycle, Chan Kwong, aged 38, was sentenced to one month's hard labour by Mr. Wynne-Jones at Kowloon Magistracy yesterday. It was stated that defendant was arrested in Shanghai Street, and that he claimed to have bought the tricycle for 20 cents.

For the theft of a water cock cover from No. 2, Wing Lok Street, the property of the P.W.D., Lo Chun Leung, unemployed, was fined \$10 or, in default, two weeks' hard labour, by Mr. Macfadyen at Central Magistracy yesterday.

Exhaustible Supply. A young naval student was being put through the paces by an old sea captain. "What would you do, if a sudden storm sprang up on the starboard?" "Throw out an anchor, sir."

"What would you do if another storm sprang up aft?"

"Throw out another anchor, sir."

"And if another terrific storm sprang up forward, what would you do?"

"Throw over another anchor."

"Hold on," said the captain, "where are you getting all your anchors from?"

"From the same place as you're getting your storms, sir!"

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TO-DAY'S RADIO PROGRAMME

(Continued from Page 4)

11.45 p.m., The Western Studio Orchestra (leader, Frank Thomas, and vocalist, (Time Signal from Greenwich at 12.00).

1-1.30 p.m., The Trocadero Cinema Orchestra, directed by Alfred van Dam, relayed from the Troxy Cinema, London.

BERLIN PROGRAMME

12.45 p.m., Dja Announcement (German-English). German Folk Songs. Announcement of Programme. 1 p.m., Concert (requests of our listeners).

1.30 p.m., Latest News (English). 1.45 p.m., Entertaining Music. 2.15 p.m., The German Short Wave Apparatus. German Radio Firms Present Their Wares. Dr. Kurt Berendt.

Songs of the sea. Susi Marschall. 2.30 p.m., Latest News (German). 3 p.m., "Frau Barbel"

Operetta by Josef Snaga. 4 p.m., Concert from the Deutschlandsender.

4.45 p.m., Latest News (English). 5 p.m., Dja Closing Announcement

Fortunate Committee

"What are the dining hours at your club?"

"From 5 to 8 for all except the committee."

"Why the exception?"

"Because, Rule 5 says: 'The committee is at liberty at any time to fill any vacancy in their body.'"

DAILY SHARE QUOTATIONS

Hong Kong Stock Exchange Sharebrokers' Association

TUESDAY, JUNE 26.		TUESDAY, JUNE 26.	
Buyers	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers
Banks			
11,840	11,840	H.K. Banks	11,840
213	213	Do. (London)	213
218	218	Chartered Banks	218
219	219	Do. (C)	219
215	215	Do. (C)	215
591	591	Bank of East Asia	591
620	620	N. O. & S. Banks	620
64	64	Am. O. Fin. Corp. S.	64
36	36	Ch. Fin. Corp. Ord. S.	36
Insurance			
3300	3300	Canton Insurance	3300
111	111	Underwriters	111
5072	5072	Union Insurance	5072
6610	6610	China Fire	6610
3250	3250	H.K. Fire	3250
16	16	International Assoc. S.	16
Shipping			
440	440	Douglases	440
47	47	Steamboats	47
320	320	Indos (pref.)	320
324	324	Do. (def.)	324
507	507	Shell	507
Mining			
69 cts.	69 cts.	Antamoks	69 cts.
33	33	Balatoos	33
36 cts.	36 cts.	Baguio Gold	36 cts.
30 cts.	30 cts.	Benguet Consolidated	30 cts.
30 cts.	30 cts.	Do. Exploration	30 cts.
12 cts.	12 cts.	Do. Goldfield	12 cts.
13 cts.	13 cts.	Big Wedge	13 cts.
32	32	Gold River	32
84	84	Gold Creek	84
7	7	Igo Mining	7
207	207	Itogons	207
184	184	Kulans	184
15	15	Langkats (single)	15
114	114	Exploration	114
114	114	Shanghai Loans	114
114	114	Hauba	114
87	87	Venezuela Gold Flds.	87
Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.			
109	109	H.K. & K. Wharves	109
50 cts.	50 cts.	Providents (old)	50 cts.
114	114	Do. (new)	114
32	32	H.K. & W. Docks	32
18	18	S. China Motors	18
131	131	Do. "B"	131
322	322	Shanghai Docks S.	322
330	330	New Engineering S.	330
Land, Hotels, and Buildings			
36.85	36.85	H.K. Hotels	36.85
36.85	36.85	Shanghai Land S.	36.85
36.30	36.30	Metropolitan Land	36.30
110.0	110.0	H.K. Realities	110.0
36.2	36.2	China Do.	36.2
110.0	110.0	Do. Debentures	110.0
36.2	36.2	Humphreys	36.2
36.2	36.2	New Asia Hotel	36.2
36.2	36.2	Avon Realities	36.2
36.2	36.2	Do. "A"	36.2
36.2	36.2	Chinese Estates	36.2
Cotton Mills			
11.30	11.30	Swire	11.30
11.30	11.30	Shan Cotton Mills	11.30
11.30	11.30	Do. (new)	11.30
11.30	11.30	Zong Sing	11.30
11.30	11.30	Wing On Textiles	11.30
Public Utilities			
21.10	21.10	Tramways	21.10
15	15	Peak Trams (old)	15
15	15	Do. (new)	15
101	101	Star Ferries	101
101	101	Yaumati Ferries	101
101	101	China Lights (old)	101
101	101	Do. (new)	101
101	101	H.K. Electric	101
101	101	Do. (new)	101
101	101	Sandakan Lights	101
101	101	Telephones (old)	101
101	101	Do. (new)	101
101	101	China Buses	101
101	101	Tramways	101
101	101	Do. (new)	101
Industrials			
12	12	Alalabu Sugars	12
12	12	Caldbeck, (ord.)	12
12	12	Macgregor (pref.)	12
12	12	Canton Lues	12
12	12	Cement	12
12	12	Do. (new)	12
12	12	China Buses	12
12	12	Tramways	12
12	12	Do. (new)	12
Miscellaneous			
12	12	Dairy Farms	12
12	12	Do. A Wings	12
12	12	Amusements	12
12	12	Ch. Entertainment	12
12	12	Constructions (old)	12
12	12	Do. (new)	12
12	12	Lane Crawford	12
12	12	Mackintosh	12
12	12	Nanyang Tobacco	12
12	12	Sincere	12
12	12	Watsons	12
12	12	Wm. Fowles	12
12	12	M. Greyhound	12
12	12	S. C. Enterprises	12
12	12	United Theatres	12
12	12	Ch. G. & 1928 G. & B. Co.	12
12	12	H.K. Govt. Loans	12
12	12	Do. 3 1/2	12
12	12	Wallace Harper	12
12	12	H.K. Wing On	12
12	12	S'hai Do.	12

NEW YORK STOCK AND COMMODITY QUOTATIONS

AMERICAN ORIENTAL FINANCE CORPORATION AND S. E. LEVY & CO.

New York, June 25. The American Oriental Finance Corporation report through their New York agents, Messrs. E. A. Pierce & Co., states:—

Stocks:—The market is virtually at a standstill. The major news of the day was the announcement of an 11.4 per cent. decline in the rate of steel operations this week. This news did not appear until after the close of the market and it is quite possible that it will give the list something of a test tomorrow.

Wheat:—Disappointing cables of drought relief in Europe, rain in Australia and larger winter receipts attended by hedging and an increasing visible supply caused liquidation. The Winnipeg market was relatively steady.

Cotton:—The market showed independent strength. Crop deterioration complaints are beginning to come from the Texas section and prices advanced easily when a broader speculative demand appeared, price-fixing operations being more liberal.

Silver:—Interest is principally centered in further changing from July to later positions. The premium for September and December has widened considerably over July. During the early trading, banking interests bought near positions against distant options.

New York, June 25. Messrs. S. E. Levy & Company's report, through their New York agents, Messrs. White, Weld & Co., states:—

Stocks:—A sharp curtailment in steel operations was announced to-day, which was not altogether unexpected as recent operating rates had anticipated strike possibilities, which have not been realized. We continue to anticipate a dull and drifting market, with occasional weak spells, during which we would resume accumulation.

Bonds:—Both high and low grades were easier throughout the day. The low grades will not do any better until the turn of the stock market.

Cotton:—The market is firm on renewed local and speculative buying reports that the crop in Texas has been damaged and also unconfirmed rumours of further purchases of cotton for relief purposes. Purchases are recommended on minor recessions.

Silver:—Prices are firm. The spread between nearby and distant options has widened considerably during the past week, indicating that traders and speculators anticipate higher levels during the next few months. The public is inactive on account of the silver tax.

Rubber:—The market is quiet and steady. Trading was principally confined to local interests. We continue to recommend purchases, anticipating a probable upward swing very shortly.

Wheat:—Prices are lower on disappointing cables of rain in Europe and Australia, which caused liquidation.

Corn:—The market is easier in sympathy with the wheat market.

NEW YORK MID-DAY PRICES

The following mid-day prices were received yesterday from New York by Messrs. American Oriental Finance Corporation and S. E. Levy & Co.

COMMODITIES		June 25		June 26		Mid-day	
Sterling	10.30	5.03	5.02	5.02	5.02	5.02	5.02
Cotton: September	12.42	12.38	12.42	12.45	12.47	12.46	12.46
Cotton: December	12.51	12.48	12.53	12.56	12.59	12.58	12.58
Silver: September	46.00	46.00	46.00	46.00	46.00	46.00	46.00
Silver: December	46.55	46.50	46.72	46.72	46.70	46.70	46.70
Rubber: September	13.83	13.83	13.90	13.93	13.94	13.94	13.94
Rubber: December	14.20	14.20	14.29	14.30	14.30	14.30	14.30
Wheat: September	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2
Wheat: December	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
Corn: September	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2
Corn: December	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
Silk	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2

FURTHER QUOTATIONS

(THROUGH REUTERS) American Oriental Finance Corporation and S. E. Levy & Company

June 23		June 25	
Air Reduction	98	99 1/2	99 1/2
American Radiator	141	141	141
Bendix Aviation	141	141	141
Caterpillar Co.	274	274	274
Elec. Autolite Co.	211	204	204
Gillette Safety Razor	101	101	101
McIntyre Porcupine	484	474	474
National Biscuit	354	35	35
Natl. Dairy Products	174	174	174
Otis Elevator	154	154	154
Standard Brands	204	204	204

COMMODITY PRICES

New York Cotton		New York, June 25	
July	11.94/94	12.02/02	12.12/13
Oct.	12.22/22	12.31/31	12.40/42
Dec.	12.33/33	12.41/42	12.50/51
Jan.	12.38/38	12.47/47	12.56/58
Mar.	12.49/49	12.53/53	12.68/68
May	12.59/59	12.68/68	12.76/76
Spot	12.15	12.35	12.35

New York Silver		New York Rubber	
July	1.13 1/2	1.11	1.11
Sept.	1.17 1/2	1.15 1/2	1.15 1/2
Oct.	1.17 1/2	1.15 1/2	1.15 1/2
Dec.	1.17 1/2	1.15 1/2	1.15 1/2

Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
July	92 1/2-92 1/2	91 1/2-91 1/2	90 1/2-90 1/2
Sept.	93 1/2-93 1/2	92 1/2-92 1/2	91 1/2-91 1/2
Dec.	94 1/2-94 1/2	93 1/2-93 1/2	92 1/2-92 1/2
Total	94 1/2-94 1/2	93 1/2-93 1/2	92 1/2-92 1/2

H. K. STOCK EXCHANGE

The Settlement, which was only a very moderate one, went off to-day without a hitch. The market, however, gave no indication of any decided movement either way, and rates may be said to have remained unchanged.

The new Government Loan (3 1/2 per cent.) was officially listed this morning, and at the afternoon session there were buyers at \$100, one point above the issue price.

Sales
 Union Insurance, \$572 1/2.
 Hotels, \$590.
 Humphreys, \$10.60.
 China Lights (Old), \$3.80.
 Electric, \$73.
 Telephones (New), \$12.15.
 Cements, \$2.70/2 1/2.

Buyers
 Underwriters, \$1.20.
 Union Waterboats, \$11.60.
 Balatoos, \$32.
 Gold River, 26 cents.
 Hotels, \$5.85.
 Realities, \$5.30.
 Chinese Estates, \$82 1/2.
 Hong Kong Trams, \$21.20.
 China Lights (Old), \$3.70.
 China Lights (New), \$3 1/2.
 Electric, \$72.65.
 Telephones (Old), \$24.70.
 Telephones (New), \$12.
 Cements, \$2.70.
 Construction (New), 70 cents.
 Govt. Loan (4 per cent.), 8 1/2 per cent. Prem.
 Govt. Loan (3 1/2 per cent.), Par.

THE EXCHANGE MARKET

MESSRS. ROZA BROS. REPORT

Silver prices were put up 1/16 yesterday to 20 1/2 for Ready and 20 7/16 for Forward. Support was again given to the market by India and by speculators. America as well as China was reported to have sold. The market closed with an easy outlook and probability of obtaining supplies at slightly under the rates. In New York the price was 45.42. The market was steady but the support given thereto by the American Government was reported to have been small.

At the opening of the market in New York, Sterling was quoted at 5.03 1/2 easy to a closing rate of 5.03.

Market
 Steady but not quite so robust as yesterday.

Sterling
 The opening rate was 1/5 21/32 sellers with buyers at 1/5 23/32. Business done at 1/5 23/32, but only to a small extent, the market closing at lunch time with sellers at 1/5 11/16 and buyers at 1/5 23/32.

U.S. Dollars
 Were fixed at 37 1/2 for near and 37 1/2 for July, finishing with sellers at 37 1/2 for near and buyers at 37 3/16.

Yen
 123.

Shanghai Dollars
 110 1/2.

Shanghai Market
 The tone in Shanghai opened somewhat uncertain, sellers at 1/4 1/16, buyers at 1/4 1/4 which was maintained throughout the day. Business was reported at 1/4 1/16 for June. Dollars were quoted at 33 1/2 and 33 1/16 sellers and buyers respectively at the opening but eased off during the morning, last rates advised were 33 1/2 sellers, 33 1/16 buyers with reported business at 33 1/16 for June.

IN THE AFTERNOON
 If anything the tone was slightly easier in the afternoon.

Sterling
 Found buyers at 1/5 1/2 for August 1/5 13/16 September and 1/5 11/16 June, 1/5 1/2 for August was wanted but the rate was not obtainable except for September.

U.S. Dollars
 Dollars were done at 37 7/16 for near, 37 1/2 August, 37 3/16 July and 37 1/16 for near with buyers at 37 3/16.

Shanghai Market
 The market closed with possible sellers of Sterling at 1/5 11/16 June, 1/5 23/32 second half July very likely 1/5 1/2 for second half of August with June-July buyers at 1/5 23/32 and August buyers at 1/5 1/2. Dollars closed at 37 1/16 for near with buyers at 37 3/16.

New York Sugar		Chicago Corn	
July	1.65	1.64	1.64
Sept.	1.73	1.70	1.70
Dec.	1.81	1.80	1.80

N.Y. Copper, Oct.		N.Y. Tin, Oct.	
7.18	7.18	50.75	50.75

Night Quotations of New York Stocks and Commodities

Our offices are open from 10 p.m. until midnight, every night except Sundays and New York holidays.

The opening quotations of a selected list of New York Stocks and of Commodities will be received in our offices at approximately 15-minute intervals.

Thus, our clients have, on the same evening, quotations for the morning session of the New York Stock Exchange.

Advices of executions on orders placed during the night sessions are received within the half-hour.

American Oriental Finance Corporation
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THROUGH REUTERS

AMERICAN ORIENTAL FINANCE CORPORATION AND S. E. LEVY & CO.

QUOTATIONS

New York: June 26.		Last	High	Low	Today's	Change
		Close			Close	
New York/London Cross-rate		5.03 ¹ / ₂	5.03 ¹ / ₂	5.03 ¹ / ₂	5.03	down firm
New York Cotton—October		12.42	12.37	12.32	12.42	3 ¹ / ₂ up
New York Silver—September		46.10	45.80	45.82	46.00	—
New York Rubber—September		13.99	13.79	closed	13.83	—
Chicago Wheat—September		93	93 ¹ / ₂	93 ¹ / ₂	91 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ / ₂ up
Chicago Corn—September		92 ¹ / ₂	93 ¹ / ₂	93 ¹ / ₂	92 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ / ₂ up
New York Silver (Business done)		—	—	46 ¹ / ₂	45 ¹ / ₂	unchanged steady
San Francisco—(— price)		—	—	45 ¹ / ₂	45 ¹ / ₂	unchanged steady
Dow Jones Average, High—1833/34	Low: June 23.	June 25.	June 26.	Change		
30 Industrials	110.74	96.18	96.55	96.79	.80	down
20 Rails	56.94	26.43	41.13	43.60	.48	down
20 Utilities	37.73	23.33	33.76	33.61	.15	down
40 Bonds	85.41	73.31	94.72	94.73	.01	up
11 Commodity Index	69.92	41.93	—	54.47	—	—

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LAKESIDE HOTEL	KYOTO STATION	NARA HOTEL	UNZEN HOTEL		
GIFU	MATSUSHIMA	NIKKO	UNZEN RAILWAY		
NAGARAGAWA HOTEL	MIYAJIMA	OSAKA	YUKU HOTEL		
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KARUIZAWA	MIYANOSHITA	SHIMONOSEKI	YOKOHAMA		
MAMPEI HOTEL	YAMATO HOTEL	SANTO HOTEL	HOTEL NEW		
YAMATO HOTEL	YAMATO HOTEL		GRAND		
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MALAYA'S
FUTURESir C. Clementi on
Tin and Rubber

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, June 9.

Sir Cecil Clementi, Governor of the Straits Settlements and High Commissioner for the Malay States, attended the annual dinner of the Association of British Malaya at the Hotel Metropole recently.

Sir Malcolm Watson, who presided, proposed "The Prosperity of Malaya." He said he did not believe that the golden age of Malaya had gone for ever. He believed that prosperity was too deeply rooted and was the very essence of Malaya so long as she remained under the care of the British Government. Speaking of the medical progress that had been made, he said that the creation of the Institute for Medical Research was one of the best investments Malaya ever made.

Sir Cecil Clementi, who replied, expressed his belief that Malaya would prosper. They could point to the triumphant manner in which it had made headway in the past few years notwithstanding the heavy fall in the price of its two principal products—rubber and tin. There was hope that this year's Budget would almost, if not quite, balance and that next year the Federated Malay States would be living within their income. Work on the Singapore Naval base and its defences was now being energetically pressed to completion, and he was confident that nothing would do more to ensure the preservation of peace in the Far East than a knowledge that Singapore had been made humanely speaking impregnable.

Referring to the production of tin, he said he was confident that the international restriction scheme would succeed. He hoped that the price might be stabilized round about \$200 a ton, and that the quota would be steadily increased. There was, he thought, every reason to expect that that would happen. He wished that he could speak as confidently about rubber. The last rubber-restriction scheme broke down because it was unilateral—only the British restricted. The present restriction scheme might, he feared, also prove to be unilateral in a different sense—namely, that only the plantations would genuinely restrict their output, while native-grown rubber might even increase in tonnage. Native rubber was the crux of the situation, and it behoved all concerned to use their utmost endeavour to ensure that for the present there would be no undue planting or unauthorized tapping of rubber by native growers, to whom the increased price was a very great temptation.

SEVEN EXECUTED

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Leningrad, June 25.
Seven more Russians were executed by shooting on Monday at the close of the latest mass trial for corruption in the Soviet Civil Service. Of the fifty defendants charged with embezzlement and fraud in the administration of the co-operative store in Detskoyeselo, which was the former Czarist residence, Zarskojeselo—seventeen others were sentenced to ten years' hard labour each.

Another sensational trial for the abuse of public office begins in the Pavlovsk court this week when three directors of the famous museum in Novgorod will be charged with secretly selling priceless objects d'art in their charge.—Transocean Kuo Min.

NORMAL AGAIN!

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Madrid, June 25.

The sizzling Spanish politics again receded one stage toward normal temperature on Monday when the Government raised the "stage of siege" decreed several weeks ago and replaced it by a slightly milder "state prevention."

The Cabinet Council simultaneously resolved to withdraw the stiff muzzling laws applied to the nation's Press during the same period.—Transocean Kuo Min.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

On	Sterling Parity	June 19.	June 23.
Amsterdam	13.10 Florins	7.432	7.432
Athens	375 Drachmas	527 S.	525
Belgrade	276.316 Dinars	222	?
Berlin	20.48 Marks	13.26	13.184
Bombay	1s. 6d. per Rupee	1/8 3/64	1/8 3/64
Brussels	20.48 Marks	21.60	21.57
Bucharest	513.568 Lei	505	505
Buenos Aires	47.56d. per Peso	364 S.O.	364 S.O.
Copenhagen	18.159 Kroner	22.394	22.394
Geneva	20.48 Marks	15.52	15.50
Helsingfors	193.23 Marks	2264	2264
Hongkong		1/54	1/54
Lisbon	110 Escudos	110	110
Madrid	20.924 Pesetas	36 27/32	36 13/16
Milan	92.48 Lira	58 9/16	58 1/16
Montevideo	50.86d. per Peso	384 S.O.	384 S.O.
Montréal	4.867 Dollars	4.974	4.994
New York	18.159 Kroner	5.04 13/16	5.03 9/16
Oslo	18.159 Kroner	19.904	19.904
Paris	184.91 Francs	76 13/32	76 13/32
Prague	164.25 Kronen	1214	121 5/16
Rio de Janeiro	20.93d. per Gold	44 S.O.	44 S.O.
Shanghai		1/31	1/31
Stockholm	18.159 Kroner	19.40	19.40
Vienna	34.564 Schillings	27	27
Yokohama	24.86d. per Yen	1/2 9/32	1/2 9/32
Silver (spot)		19 13/16	20 5/16
Silver (forward)		194	34 1/2
War Loan		34 1/2	34 1/2

Closing Quotations

June 26, 1934.

ON LONDON:		ON NEW YORK:	
Telegraphic Transfer	1/84	Bank Bills, on demand	38 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand	1/84	Credit, 60 days' sight	37 1/2
Bank Bills, 4 months' sight	1/84	On demand	53 1/2
Credit, four months' sight	1/6	ON PARIS:	
ON SHANGHAI:		Bank Bills, on demand	54 1/2
On demand	100 1/2	Credit, 4 months' sight	54 1/2
ON SINGAPORE:		ON MANILA:	
On demand	61 1/2	On demand	72
ON JAPAN:		ON BANGKOK:	
On demand	120 1/2	On demand	129
ON INDIA:		SOVEREIGNS, Bank Buying	
Telegraphic Transfer	86 1/2	Rate	1/5 1/2
Bank, on demand	86 1/2	BAR SILVER, per oz.	20 1/2

LABOUR SHORTAGE IN
SINGAPORE

Singapore, June 19.

Owing to increase in the tin quota during the last three months, the labour shortage, which was first recognised earlier in the year in certain districts, became general and when the announcement of a special "buffer" pool quota was made, it speedily became apparent that Malaya might find some difficulty in producing it by the end of the year.

The committee of the Perak Chinese Mining and Planting Association, examined the matter and decided on the formation of a Kinta labour pool, for the purpose of bringing labour in bulk from South China for the use of members and thus obtaining a preferential rate for passages.

When it was announced that a special five per cent. quota for the year was to be allowed during the six remaining months of 1934 for the purpose of obtaining the metal for the "buffer" pool, local mining circles expressed doubt as to whether it could be done at such short notice, owing to the shortage of labour.

This may seem surprising to those who are unacquainted with the figures, but when it is pointed out that in December, 1933, Malaya's domestic quota was only 25 per cent, and now it has been raised to 45 per cent, making an increase of 80 per cent. in production in just over six months, the difficulties should become apparent.

Earlier Increase

On Apr. 1 Malaya's domestic quota was raised by 10 per cent. to 37 1/2 per cent, and now a five per cent. quota for a year, which amounts to 10 per cent. (international) for six months, has been added for the purpose of the "buffer" pool bringing the domestic quota up to 45 per cent. an increase in production of 50 per cent. since Apr. 1.

The temporary ten per cent. (international) increase has found Malaya short of labour and as the advance to be given to miners on this tin by Government will just cover cost of (production) it is obvious that miners are anxious to try and produce it without opening up new plant.

Labour Pool

The Perak Chinese Mining and Planting Association has been studying the labour problem for some days very keenly and at the suggestion of Towkay Leong Sin Nam a special meeting was convened at the Chinese Chamber of Commerce to discuss the whole matter.

At this meeting Towkay Leong Sin Nam put forward the suggestion that they should form a pool for the importation of labour from South China for mining and agricultural purposes. This was

agreed to by the meeting, which decided that all employers of labour, both European and Chinese, should be invited to join at a subscription of \$25 per member.

After the scheme has obtained the approval of the authorities, it is proposed to obtain 200 coolies in South China and by bringing them to Malaya in a batch obtain a cheaper fare, this being calculated to be in the neighbourhood of \$25 per man against \$35 and more by other methods.

On the arrival of the labour in Kinta those members of the pool requiring coolies will be able to obtain them from the pool on the payment of \$25 to the pool for the fare, which the coolie himself will pay back in due course.

Labour Can be Obtained Quickly
One, leading Chinese miner, interviewed by the "Times of Malaya" in regard to the pool, stated that the Association has agents in South China and the labour for first batch could be obtained by this method almost immediately.

Questioned in regard to the actual number required in Perak at the moment, he stated that it was his personal opinion that this would probably run into several hundreds, he pointing out that not only had the increase in the quota necessitated the engagement of more labour, but that the estates, in spite of restriction, still seemed to be recruiting locally and the higher wage obtainable on the estates was attracting mining coolies.

Sceptical

In regard to whether he thought it possible that Malaya might now be able to "produce the special" quota for the "buffer" pool, this gentleman was somewhat sceptical and said that he advised Chinese miners, who were faced with a particular difficulty in this respect, first to produce their own quotas before they started on the special "buffer" pool quota, as he pointed out that the latter was bound to be much less remunerative.

He anticipated that the Government would make advances to miners for the special pool quota just sufficient to cover cost of production and allow a small profit. If more plant and labour were required to produce it this special quota might prove, for the time being anyhow, to be definitely unremunerative.

European Opinion

A leading European miner informed about the labour pool expressed approval and praised the initiative of the Chinese miners, who, he agreed, were particularly affected by the labour shortage. He said that he was sure that European producers requiring labour would be only too glad to co-

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Pres. Monroe July 7, 8 a.m.

Pres. Van Buren July 31, 8 a.m.

Pres. Garfield Aug. 4, 8 a.m.

Pres. Polk Aug. 18, 8 a.m.

Pres. Adams Sept. 1, 8 a.m.

MANILA

THE MOST FREQUENT SERVICE

Next Sailings

Pres. Coolidge July 5, 9 p.m.

Pres. Monroe July 7, 8 a.m.

Pres. Jackson July 14, 6 p.m.

Pres. Van Buren July 31, 8 a.m.

DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES
AMERICAN MAIL LINEFREDER BUILDING—HONG KONG.
CANTON BRANCH: 4, SHAKEN ROAD.THE KING OF
SIAMBrave Fight Against
Blindness

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, June 9.

The King of Siam, who is here with the Queen on a private visit, is lying in a darkened room at a London nursing home making a brave fight against blindness.

Two days ago he was operated upon for the removal of a cataract on his left eye. He has made good progress, and to-day was reported to be "doing splendidly."

"We hope very much that the operation will enable the King to see again with his left eye," a member of his staff said to-day. "It is too soon yet, of course, to know if the operation has been the success we all hope it is."

The whole lens has been taken from the eye, so the King will always have to wear glasses, which will provide a lens outside the actual eye.

"Two or three years ago a cataract formed on the eye and an operation removed it. But unfortunately, it reformed, and the operation has been undertaken again to clear it away."

"Now the King's right eye has a cataract coming, and I expect that will ultimately have to be taken away."

"The King has been blind in his left eye, and when his right became affected he could hardly see at all."

"But he keeps very cheerful and we all hope very much that he will benefit from the operation he has just had."

Every day the King is visited by the Queen.

THE KING'S GIFT TO
FREEMASONS

Bowls For Library

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, June 9.

The Duke of Connaught, Grand Master, presided at the meeting of the United Grand Lodge in London yesterday. There were 1,800 brethren present.

He said he had had the opportunity of conducting the King and Queen over the new building recently, and they were both extremely pleased with what they had seen.

Since that visit, the King had presented to Grand Lodge two very interesting bowls with masonic emblems, which were to be placed in the library.

operate and felt certain the move would meet with the approval of the Chamber of Mines.

CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
CHINA MITSUBI STEAM
NAVIGATION CO., LTD.CONSIGNEES per Co.'s Vessel
"PATROCLUS"
FROM UNITED KINGDOM
VIA SINGAPORE.

are hereby notified that their cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf Kowloon, where it will lie at Consignees' risk and subject to terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 20th June. Optional cargo will not be landed here unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends. All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 A.M. and Noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 29th June, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 13th July, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

23rd June, 1934.

13669

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE M.V. "RHEINLAND"

having arrived, from New York and Ports of call, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company's godowns at Kowloon, where delivery may be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Optional Cargo will not be landed here, unless Notice has been given 48 hours prior to Vessel's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after Thursday, 28th June, will be subject to rent.

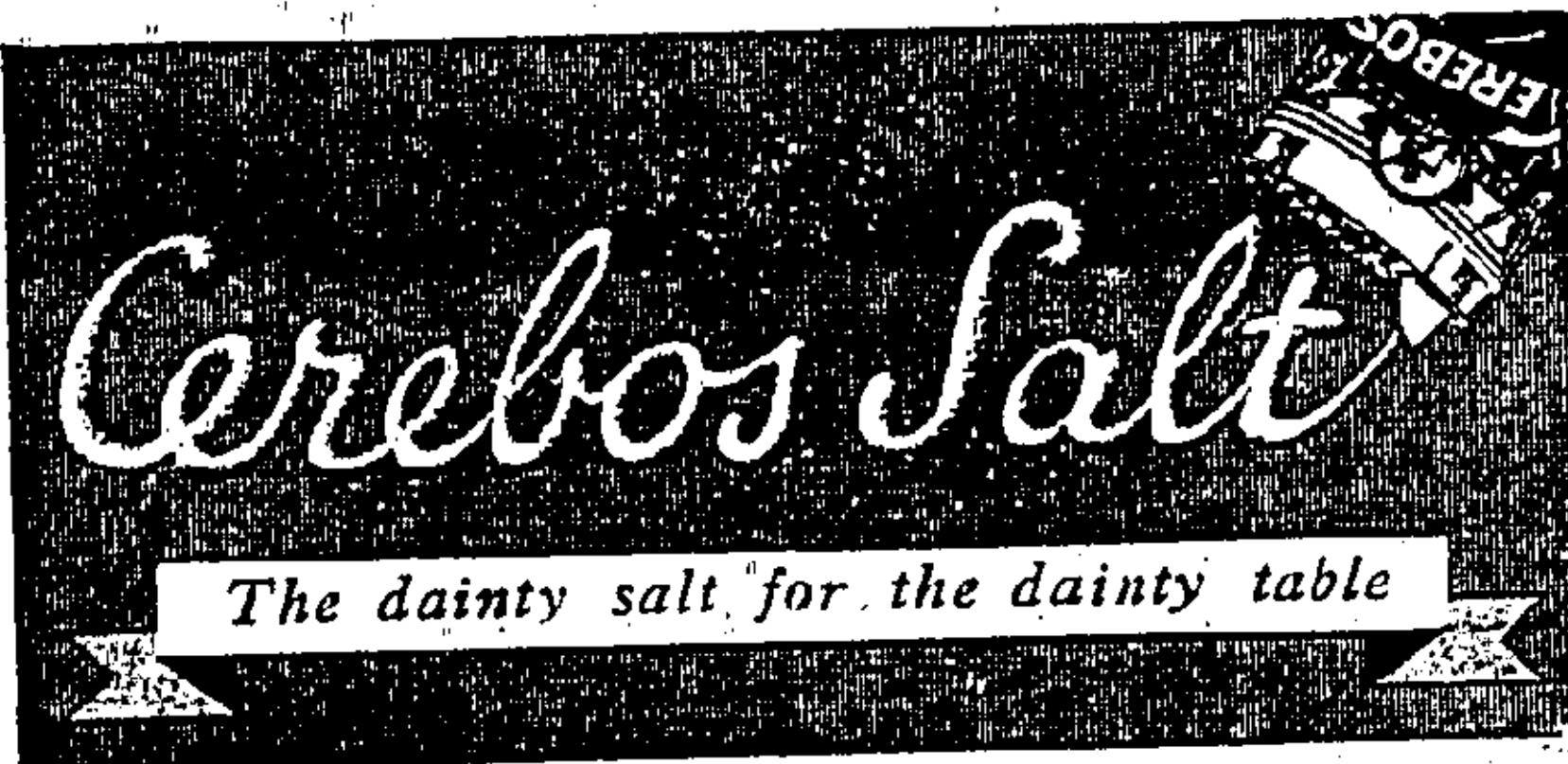
All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on Wednesday, 27th June, at 10 a.m., by our Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

All Claims must reach us before Saturday, 31st July, 1934, or they will not be recognised.

No Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by FREEMAN & CO., Agents.

Hong Kong, 27th June, 1934. 13669



Cerebos Salt

The dainty salt for the dainty table

For Better Printing

CONSULT

The Hong Kong Daily Press.

All kinds of
Job Printing, Stationery,
Book-binding, etc.

Undertaken

at Moderate Prices.

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FROM HONG KONG TO COAST
PORTS AND JAPAN.

290977 and 290938 General Managers. P. & O. Building.

P. & O., British India Apcar and Eastern & Australian Lines

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND).
MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS
TAKING CARGO FOR
STRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF,
WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA,
AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND
LAND PORTS, RED SEA, SOYET, CONSTANTINOPLE,
GREECE, LEVANTINE PORTS, EUROPE, ETC.
PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"KARAKI-HIND" 13,000	30th June, Neon	Lombay, Marseilles & London	
"BIBAN" 6,000	7th July	Bombay, Marseilles, Havre, L'don.	
"KIDDERPORE" 5,300	14th July	S'pore, P'ang, Colombo & B'way	
"BALPUTANA" 17,000	14th July	Bombay, Marseilles & London	
"SOUDAN" 6,700	21st July	Bombay, Marseilles, Havre, L'don.	
"RANCHI" 17,000	28th July	Bombay, Marseilles & London	
"CARNAHAN" 18,000	11th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London	
"BURDWAN" 6,000	15th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London	
"BANPUHA" 17,000	25th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London	
"CORFU" 18,000	8th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London	
"SOMALI" 7,000	15th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London	
"MANTUA" 11,000	22nd Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London	
"KAWALINDI" 17,000	6th Oct.	Bombay, Marseilles & London	
"BANGALORE" 6,000	13th Oct.	Bombay, Marseilles & London	
"COMORIN" 18,000	20th Oct.	Bombay, Marseilles & London	
"KALPUJANA" 17,000	27th Oct.	Bombay, Marseilles & London	
"BRUTAN" 6,000	3rd Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles & London	

* Cargo only. † Only on certain days.
Frequent connections from Port Said for passengers and cargo to Constantinople, Piræus, Smyrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"SIRDHANA" 8,000	8th July	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta	
"TAKADA" 8,000	22nd July	do	
"TILAWA" 10,000	5th Aug.	do	

† Calls Hongkong. * Calls Port Swettenham.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"NANKIN" 7,000	30th June, 11 a.m.	Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama	
"NELLORE" 7,000	3rd July	Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama	
"TANDA" 7,000	1st Sept.	Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama	

Regular monthly sailings from Hong Kong to Shanghai and Japan and Hong Kong to Australia.

Hong Kong to Sydney 19 days.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:-

The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London and

The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via Suez.

The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TAKADA" 7,000	28th June, 6 a.m.	Amoy, Shai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka	
"KANOHI" 17,000	28th June, 11 a.m.	Shai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama	

Shai, Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama

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Shai, Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama

Shai, Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama

Shipping News

Daily Statement, Clearances,
Ships in harbour, etc.

YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS

IMPORTS 35,500 TONS;
THROUGH CARGO
19,900 TONS

The returns shown at the Harbour Office of vessels carrying cargo to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday were:-

British	Cargo for H.K.	Through Ports
Glengarry, Singapore	1,416	3,340
Swatow	680	297
Hin Sang, Sandakan	3,800	—
Teian, Canton	—	35
Wing Lee, Canton	—	120
Jenny Moller, Whampoa	—	4,800
Sui Yang, Canton	—	400
American	—	5,898
Pres. Lincoln, Shanghai	658	1,110
Pres. Johnson, Shanghai	751	5,250
Seattle, Manila	—	1,720
German	—	1,417
Bremerhaven, Rabaul	—	548
Swedish	—	548
Agra, Manila	50	120
French	—	50
C. Henri Riviere, Holchow	1,750	1,100
Canton, Haiphong	520	2,270
Norwegian	—	1,100
Solviken, Amoy	300	—
Daviken, Canton	—	160
Willy, Balkpapan	8,037	—
Dutch	—	8,337
Phobos, Tarakan	8,373	—
Japanese	—	9,373
Del Mar, Canton	—	—
Yuki Maru, Sakito	6,992	—
Chinese	—	6,992
Shun Lee, Tsingtao	625	1,000
Kia Lee, Canton	—	61
Feng Lee, Canton	—	—
Stanley, Swabue	63	1,061
Total	35,523	19,961

ASIATIC DECK PASSENGERS

The following vessels brought Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday:-

Vessel	Passengers
Hin Sang (Br.), Sandakan	101
Wing Lee (Br.), Canton	51
Sui Yang (Br.), Canton	51
C. Henri Riviere (Fr.), Holchow	170
Daviken (Nor.), Canton	13
Stanley (Ch.), Swabue	139
Total	575

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were:-

Arr.	Dep.
British	7
American	3
German	1
Swedish	1
French	2
Norwegian	3
Dutch	1
Japanese	2
Chinese	4
Total	24

SHIPS IN HARBOUR

Wharves
Kowloon—President Lincoln.
Douglas Laprak—Hal Yang.
Salkong—Wing Wo.
Chiu On—Hydrangea.
Docks.
Kowloon—Ardent, Changte.
Talkoo—H.M.S. Proteus, Tai Shan, Kwangtung, Chinese Prince, Cape St. Francis.
Buoys.
No. A1—Shirala.
No. A3—Barge.
No. A4—Tjinegara.
No. A5—Solviken.
No. A10—Com. Henri Riviere.
No. A12—Hilda.
No. A13—Kayang.

ARRIVALS

JUNE 25TH.

President Lincoln, American str., 6,730 tons, Captain G. W. Yardley, from Shanghai, Kowloon Wharf—Dollar Line.
Com. Henri Riviere, French str., 1,355 tons, Captain P. B. Morganti, from Holchow, buoy No. A10—Sing Kee & Co.
Shun Lee, Chinese str., 970 tons, Captain K. Sano, from Tsingtao, buoy No. C1—Yee Tai Hong.

JUNE 26TH.
Sui Yang, British str., 1,594 tons, Captain J. M. Byrne, from Canton, buoy No. B14—Butterfield & Swire.
Feng Lee, Chinese str., 1,257 tons, Captain S. Kato, from Canton, buoy No. B17—Yee Tai Hong.
King Yuan, British str., 1,546 tons, Captain R. Allison, from Swatow, buoy No. B18—Butterfield & Swire.
Hupei, British str., 1,628 tons, Captain J. Taylor, from Holchow, buoy No. B21—Butterfield & Swire.
Selstan, British str., 1,571 tons, Captain J. Crosthwaite, from Swatow, Douglas Wharf—Douglas & Co.
Au Shing, Chinese str., 1,842 tons, Captain A. R. Smith, from Canton, C. M. S. N. Wharf—C.M.S.N. & Co.
Bremerhaven, German str., 917 tons, Captain T. Tenf, from Rabaul, buoy No. B23—Melchers & Co.

CLEARANCES

JUNE 26TH.

Foo Shing, for Canton.
Phobos, for Soesoe.
Tjinegara, for Manila.
Sui Yang, for Swatow.
Kayang, for Holchow.
Shun Chih, for Swatow.
Au Shing, for Swatow.
Wing Wo, for K. C. Wan.
Shirala, for Singapore.
Pres. Lincoln, for Manila.
Hilda, for Shanghai.
Feng Lee, for Tientsin.
Wing Lee, for Holchow.
Solviken, for Singapore.
Shun Lee, for Canton.
Gustav Diederichsen, for Bangkok.

No. B2—Daviken.
No. B3—Hunan.
No. B4—Dah Lob.
No. B5—Canton.
No. B7—Promise.
No. B9—Hiram.
No. B11—Akabahu.
No. B14—Sui Yang.
No. B15—Kiangsu.
No. B16—Hellas.
No. B17—Feng Lee.
No. B19—Gustav Diederichsen.
No. B20—Liangchow.
No. B22—Hin Sang.
No. B23—Bremerhaven.
No. B25—Yuki Maru.
No. C1—Shun Lee.

IN WIRELESS COMMUNICATION

The list of steamers expected to be in wireless communication with Hong Kong to-day:-
Helenus, Tjibadak, Hupei, Hozan Maru, Tai Yuan, Takada, King Yuan, Empress of Canada, Van Heutsz, Nankin, Asama Maru, Ranchi, Ginyo Maru, Tjinegara, Wing Lee, Kayang, Hal Yang, President Lincoln, Canton.

second engineer officer, Newchwang.

Mr. C. H. Mackay, sup'y third engineer officer, from reserve, has gone third engineer officer, Shuntien.

Mr. H. McD. Watson, sup'y third engineer officer, from reserve, has gone junior third engineer officer, Shuntien.

Mr. J. P. Hume, third engineer officer, Suiyang, has gone third engineer officer, Nanchang.

Mr. T. J. H. Adam, from shore, has gone acting third engineer officer, Kwelyang.

Mr. E. J. Terrey, sup'y third engineer officer, from in transit, has gone acting third engineer officer, Kiangsu.

Mr. A. Wright, junior third engineer officer, Shengkang, is on short leave.

Mr. J. Turner, sup'y third engineer officer, Wanhsten, has gone senior third engineer officer, Shengkang.

Mr. J. Smith, senior third engineer officer, Shengkang, has gone junior third engineer officer, the same ship.

THE CHINA COAST

Changes And Appointment

CHINA NAVIGATION CO.

Captain C. A. Christiansen, sup'y master, from reserve, has gone command, Shuntien.
Captain F. N. Booth, of the Nanning, is on reserve.
Captain W. M. Christie, of the Hulchow, has gone command, Nanning.

Captain W. J. Larter, of the Wuchang, has gone command, Whangpu.
Captain J. Robinson, acting master, Wuchang, has gone acting master, Khow.

Captain J. Middleton, acting master, Hulchow, has gone chief officer, Tungchow.

Mr. N. Pounder, chief officer, Suiyang, has gone chief officer, Shuntien.

Mr. D. C. Sim, extra chief officer, Chungking, has gone extra chief officer, Shuntien I.

Mr. J. J. Spring, sup'y chief officer, from home leave, has gone chief officer, Chungking.

Mr. C. J. M. Bennett, sup'y chief officer, from home leave, has gone sup'y chief officer, Wanhsten.

Mr. W. L. Morrison, chief officer, Chungking, has resigned.

Mr. J. G. Grant, chief officer, Tungchow, has gone sup'y chief officer, Kiating.

Mr. F. A. White, chief officer, Hulchow, has gone sup'y chief officer, Kiating.

Mr. D. McG. Holmes, sup'y chief officer, Wanhsten, has gone chief officer, Hulchow.

Mr. D. L. Edwards, sup'y second officer, from reserve, has gone sup'y second officer, Soochow.

Mr. G. L. Brand, sup'y second officer, from reserve, has gone second officer, Shuntien.

Mr. T. Norman, second officer, Chungking, has gone second officer, Shuntien I.

Mr. W. R. Worrall, second officer, Hsin Peking, has gone second officer, Chungking.

Mr. R. E. Selwyn Jones, second officer, Shuntien I, has gone second officer, Hsin Peking.

Mr. A. N. McDonald, chief engineer officer, from special home leave, has resigned.

Mr. W. Wishart, sup'y chief engineer officer, Wanhsten, is on home leave.

Mr. J. C. Campbell, sup'y chief engineer officer, Nanchang, has gone chief engineer officer, Kwelyang.

Mr. J. G. Campbell, overseer of new construction, has gone chief engineer officer, Shuntien.

Mr. E. R. McDermid, sup'y chief engineer officer, Kwelyang, has gone sup'y chief engineer officer, Luchow.

Mr. G. Buchanan, chief engineer officer, Hsin Peking, has gone chief engineer officer, Shuntien I.

Mr. E. Burns, sup'y chief engineer officer, Wanhsten, is on home leave.

Mr. N. S. Halladay, sup'y chief engineer officer, Wanhsten, is on short leave.

Mr. J. C. Baker, acting chief engineer officer, Shuntien I, has gone second engineer officer, the same ship.

Mr. D. I. Greer, second engineer officer, Teian, has gone sup'y second engineer officer, Wanhsten.

Mr. W. S. Fraser, second engineer officer, from short leave, has gone sup'y second engineer officer, Wanhsten.

Mr. B. J. Mallet, second engineer officer, Shantung, is on short leave.

Mr. K. McDonald, sup'y second engineer officer, from reserve, has gone second engineer officer, Shuntien.

Mr. G. B. Shotton, sup'y second engineer officer, Wanhsten, has gone second engineer officer, Hulchow.

Mr. S. Milne, acting second engineer officer, Shantung, has gone acting third engineer officer, the same ship.

Mr. N. E. Ball, acting second engineer officer, Shuntien I, has gone third engineer officer, the same ship.

Mr. R. Richardson, acting second engineer officer, Newchwang, has gone third engineer officer, Kalgan.

Mr. K. D. Gibson, sup'y third engineer officer, Wanhsten, has gone acting second engineer officer, Teian.

Mr. J. J. Forster, third engineer officer, Kiangsu, has gone acting

(Continued On Previous Col.)

ROUND TRIP SPECIAL SUMMER EXCURSIONS

To JAPAN: 1st Class
Nagasaki—Kobe ... H.K.\$225
Yokohama ... 285

On sale June, July, August & September
Return limit 3 months. Final limit Oct. 31.

Tickets interchangeable with M.M., P. and O.
and N.Y.K. (Pacific Service).

Tourist 1st Class
To HONOLULU ... G\$224 G\$365
To VICTORIA
VANCOUVER ... G\$240 G\$432
SEATTLE

* Fares via Empress of Japan and
Empress of Canada slightly higher.

To MANILA (1st Class) ... H.K.\$180

On sale June, July, August & September
Return limit one month.

Steamers	Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
Empress of Japan	29 July	1 Aug.	29 July	1 Aug.	29 July	1 Aug.
Empress of Canada	29 July	1 Aug.	29 July	1 Aug.	29 July	1 Aug.
Empress of Russia	29 July	1 Aug.	29 July	1 Aug.	29 July	1 Aug.

TO MANILA

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA ... July 5

For further information please apply to:

CANADIAN PACIFIC
WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM



GENERAL PASSENGER AGENTS IN THE ORIENT FOR
CUNARD LINE.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports and Honolulu.
ASAMA MARU (Calls Nagasaki) Wednesday, 4th July, at 8 a.m.
CHICHIBU MARU (Calls Nagasaki) Wednesday, 1st Aug. at 8 a.m.
TATSUTA MARU ... Wednesday, 15th Aug. at 10 a.m.

SEATTLE & VANCOUVER.

HIKAWA MARU (Starts from Kobe) Monday, 16th July

HIYE MARU (Starts from Kobe) Monday, 30th July

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM

KATORI MARU ... Saturday, 7th July

KANEHIMA MARU ... Saturday, 21st July

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila and Ports.

KAMO MARU ... Saturday, 28th July

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang and Colombo.

TOKUTSU MARU ... Friday, 2

AGENCIES.

The London Office of the HONG KONG DAILY PRESS, 11, Fleet Street, E.C.4, is constantly receiving Enquiries from Home Manufacturers regarding Suitable Agents to act as Agents for their products in Hong Kong and South China.

Local Companies desirous of taking up further Agencies will let us know the Lines in which they are interested the information will be forwarded to London and passed on to interested parties as opportunity offers.

This Service is offered to our Readers without charge and, of course, no obligation is incurred on either side.

The Required Information should be sent to the HONG KONG DAILY PRESS, Ltd., 11, Ice House Street, Hong Kong.

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NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.
Des Voeux Road Central.

Authorized Capital: \$5,000,000
Subscribed and Paid up Capital: 1,000,000.00

We offer facilities for the transaction of general banking business. Foreign exchange transacted. Stocks and bonds bought and sold. Loans granted on approved securities. Correspondents in Principal Cities of the World.

LEE PANG,
General Manager.

HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

Authorized Capital: \$50,000,000
Issued & Fully Paid-up: \$30,000,000
Reserve Funds: \$10,000,000
Sterling: \$5,000,000
Silver: \$10,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors: \$30,000,000

Head Office: HONG KONG.

Board of Directors:
Hon. Mr. C. G. S. Mackie, Chairman.

S. H. DODWELL, Esq., Deputy Chairman.

Hon. Mr. W. H. Bell, A. H. Compton, Esq., W. J. Keswick, Esq., C. C. Knight, Esq., G. Miskin, Esq., K. S. Morrison, Esq., T. E. Pearce, Esq., V. M. Grayburn, Esq., Chief Manager.

Branches: Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Colombo, Haiphong, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manilla, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sumatra, Szechwan, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Current Accounts opened in Local Currency and Fixed Deposits received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application. Hong Kong, 23rd May, 1934.

HONG KONG SAVINGS BANK

The Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

For the Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation:
V. M. GRAYBURN,
Chief Manager.

Hong Kong, 29th Feb., 1934.

THE CHASE BANK

6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

HEAD OFFICE:
38, PINE STREET,
NEW YORK.

An American Bank offering complete Foreign Banking Service in the principal Markets of the world. Interest Rates on Application.

This Bank is entirely owned by THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK, NEW YORK, with Resources over U.S. \$1,350,000,000.

D. M. BIGGAR,
Manager.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LTD.

Established 1911.

HEAD OFFICE: HONG KONG.

Authorized Capital H.K. \$11,000,000
Paid-up Capital: 8,550,000
Total Resources: 32,170,492

Branches: Canton, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hankow, Bangkok and San Francisco. London Bankers: LLOYD'S BANK, LTD.

Foreign Exchange and Banking business of every description transacted. Current Accounts opened and Fixed Deposits received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

Safe Deposit Boxes (various sizes) for Hire.

LOOK POONG SHAN,
Chief Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

Authorized Capital: £20,000,000
Subscribed Capital: £1,800,000
Paid-up Capital: £1,050,000
Reserve Fund and Profit: £1,247,432

DIRECTORS:
J. M. Byrie, Esq., Chairman.
Sir T. S. Catto, Bt., Deputy Chairman.
Sir C. A. Barris, Esq., C.B.E.
Sir C. A. Innes, Esq., C.B.E.
P. B. Chalmers, Esq., C.B.E.
C. J. Hambro, Esq.
W. H. Sheffield, Esq.

Branches: Amoy, Canton, Cebu, Colombo, Haiphong, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manilla, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sumatra, Szechwan, Tientsin, Yokohama.

HONG KONG BRANCH:
Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted. Travellers' Cheques issued. Trustees and Executorship undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at Rates that may be ascertained on application.

J. B. ROSS,
Manager.

7, Queen's Road Central,
Hong Kong, June 11th, 1934.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1852.

Head Office: LONDON.

Paid-up Capital: £23,000,000
Reserve Fund: £3,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors: £3,000,000

Agencies and Branches: Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Colombo, Haiphong, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manilla, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sumatra, Szechwan, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Foreign Exchange and General Banking Business transacted. Fixed Deposits received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

W. H. E. THOMAS,
Acting Manager.

Hong Kong, Feb. 11th, 1934.

BANQUE FRANCO-CHINOISE POUR LE COMMERCE ET L'INDUSTRIE

(Incorporated in France).

Princes Building, Chater Road, Victoria, Hong Kong.

HEAD OFFICE:
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.

Capital, fully paid-up: 50,000,000
Special Working Capital: 50,000,000
Reserves: 33,353,000

Branches: Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Colombo, Haiphong, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manilla, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sumatra, Szechwan, Tientsin, Yokohama.

France: Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas; Societe Generale. London: Midland Bank, Ltd. New York: Irving Trust Co., Banca Commerciale Italiana. San Francisco: Bank of America, National Trust and Savings Association.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted. Correspondents throughout the World.

A. L. BRUSSET,
Acting Manager.

Hong Kong, 13th February, 1934.

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA, LIMITED.

Authorized Capital: \$10,000,000
Paid-up Capital: 5,588,000.00
Reserve and Undivided Profits: 2,434,00.00

HEAD OFFICE: HONG KONG
No. 12, Des Voeux Road, Central.

Board of Directors: Sir Shousho Chow, Chairman. Li Koon Chun, Esq., Li Lan Sang, Esq., P. K. Kwok, Esq., Wong Chiu Son, Esq., Wong Yung Tong, Esq., Kan Ying Po, Esq., Chan Ching Shek, Esq.

Kan Tong Po, Esq., Chief Manager. Li Tse Fong, Esq., Manager.

Branches and Agencies: Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Colombo, Haiphong, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manilla, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sumatra, Szechwan, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Loans granted on approved securities. Current Accounts opened and Fixed Deposits received for one year or shorter periods in Local and Foreign Currencies on terms which will be quoted on application.

Safe Deposit Boxes To Let.

KAN TONG PO,
Chief Manager.

Hong Kong, 1st March, 1934.

THE BANK OF CHINA

Reorganized October 26, 1928, under special charter of The National Government as an INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK.

Subscribed Capital: \$25,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital: \$24,710,900.00
Reserve Funds: 3,800,503.82

HEAD OFFICE: SHANGHAI.

HONG KONG BRANCH:
4, Queen's Road Central.

Owing to our numerous branches in China and large connections in the important commercial centres of the world, we are able to extend to our clients special facilities for domestic and foreign banking and exchange.

We also handle the issue of Bonds and other Public Funds of the Chinese Government both at home and abroad.

SHOU J. CHUN,
Manager.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY, INC.

Head Office:
60, Broadway, New York

Capital: U.S. \$6,000,000.00
Surplus: U.S. \$2,712.69
Reserves: U.S. \$1,958,323.3

Branches: Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Colombo, Haiphong, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manilla, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sumatra, Szechwan, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Branches of AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY in Principal Cities of United States of America and Canada.

All classes of Commercial Banking Transactions undertaken. Personal investment accounts handled.

The Company offers to intending travellers the use of its "Travellers' Cheques" and Letters of Credit and, in addition, the world-wide services of its thoroughly equipped Travel Department.

C. H. BENSON,
General Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Capital (fully paid up): Yen 100,000,000
Reserve Fund: Yen 12,750,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA

Branches and Agencies at: Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Colombo, Haiphong, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manilla, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sumatra, Szechwan, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Deposits received for Fixed Periods at rates to be obtained on application.

G. KISHINAMI,
Manager.

Hong Kong, 11th Apr., 1934.

NEDERLANDSche INDISCHE HANDELSBANK, N.V.

(NEDERLANDSche INDISCHE COMMERCIAL BANK)

Established 1863 at Amsterdam.

Authorized Capital: Gld. 100,000,000.00
Paid up Capital: Gld. 55,000,000.00
Reserve Fund: Gld. 29,000,000.00

HEAD OFFICE: AMSTERDAM.

Head Office for Asia: BATAVIA.

Branches in Dutch East Indies, India, Singapore, China and Japan.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Current Accounts, Deposits etc.

O. STIGTER,
Manager.

JOB PRINTING.

The HONG KONG DAILY PRESS, LTD. wish to inform the

CANTON COMMUNITY

that they have recently re-opened their

JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

This Department specializes in all the necessary branches including the compiling and proof-reading of monthly and quarterly publications.

Considerable work is being done for the HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION and other Banks, which includes letter heads, printing, ledger work, special forms, etc., etc.

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Letters and postcards for Europe and South America are forwarded "via Siberia" if so superscribed.

INWARD MAILS

FROM	PER	DATE
SAIGON and AIR MAIL to Marseilles— Saigon Service ...	Religion ...	27th June
Manilla ...	Emp. of Canada ...	27th June
AMOI and SWATOW ...	Yan Hwa ...	27th June
CALCUTTA and STRAITS ...	Takada ...	27th June
JAPAN ...	Japan ...	27th June
JAPAN, SHANGHAI and EUROPE via Siberia (Letters and Papers) ...	Asama Maru ...	ship due at 6 p.m. 27th June
AMOI via SUZU (Letters and Papers) ...	Ranchi ...	27th June
London, 31st May and 2nd June, 24th May—and Air Mail to Amsterdam— Bandoeng Service ...	Emp. of Russia ...	4th July
STRAITS ...	Ganga ...	5th July
JAPAN ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
JAPAN ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
SHANGHAI and AMOI ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
SAIGON ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
JAPAN and SHANGHAI ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
SHANGHAI ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
MANILLA ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
CALCUTTA and STRAITS ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
SHANGHAI ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
STRAITS ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
AUSTRALIA and MANILLA ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
SHANGHAI ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
CANADA, U.S.A., HONOLULU, JAPAN and SHANGHAI (Vancouver B.C., 12th July) ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
STRAITS ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
JAPAN ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
U.S.A., HONOLULU, JAPAN and SHANG- HAI (San Francisco, 15th June) ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
JAPAN ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
JAPAN and SHANGHAI ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
STRAITS ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
JAPAN and SHANGHAI ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
STRAITS ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July
U.S.A., HONOLULU, JAPAN and SHANG- HAI (San Francisco, 8th June) ...	Emp. of Russia ...	5th July

OUTWARD MAILS

REGISTERED and PARCEL MAILS are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m., registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.

FOR	PER	DATE and TIME
Haiphong ...	Canton ...	Wednesday, 27th, 3.00 P.M.
Swatow ...	Swatow ...	3.00 P.M.
Amoy ...	Amoy ...	3.30 P.M.
Amoy ...	Amoy ...	5.00 P.M.
Shanghai and Japan ...	Ranchi ...	Thursday, 28th, 8.30 A.M.
Amoy and Formosa via Swatow ...	Yan Hwa ...	10.30 A.M.
STRAITS ...	Yan Hwa ...	10.30 A.M.
Swatow ...	Yan Hwa ...	10.30 P.M.
Amoy ...	Yan Hwa ...	10.30 P.M.
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, Canada, U.S.A., Central and South America and *EUROPE via Vancouver, B.O. (Parcels for Canada only)— due Vancouver, B.C., 18th July— and *EUROPE via Siberia ...	Emp. of Canada ...	Par. 28th, 5.00 P.M. Reg. 28th, 5.15 A.M. Letters 10.00 A.M.
Hohow, Pakhoi and Haiphong ...	Kingman ...	Friday, 29th, 1.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa ...	Yan Hwa ...	2.00 P.M.
Shanghai and Japan ...	Felix House ...	4.30 P.M.
Manilla, Kanton, Australia and New Zealand via Brisbane—due Brisbane, 17th July ...	Nankin ...	Far. 29th, 5.00 P.M. Reg. 29th, 5.15 A.M. Letters 10.00 A.M.
Letters for "Bandoeng—Am- sterdam Air Mail Service" ...	Kaiser- I-Hind ...	Reg. 29th, 5.00 P.M. Reg. 29th, 5.15 A.M. Letters 10.00 A.M.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and EUROPE via Marseilles—due Mar- seilles, 27th July ...	Kaiser-I-Hind ...	Reg. 29th, 5.00 P.M. Reg. 29th, 5.15 A.M. Letters 10.00 A.M.
Amoy ...	Hugh ...	Saturday, 30th, 3.30 P.M.
Manilla, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island—due Thursday Island, 12th July ...	Ohany ...	Reg. 30th, 5.00 P.M. Letters 10.00 A.M.
Amoy ...	Ohany ...	Reg. 30th, 5.00 P.M. Letters 10.00 A.M.
Swatow ...	Ohany ...	Reg. 30th, 5.00 P.M. Letters 10.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa ...	Ohany ...	Reg. 30th, 5.00 P.M. Letters 10.00 A.M.
Batavia ...	Typhoid ...	Tuesday, 3rd, 10.30 A.M.
Letters for "Saigon—Marseil- les Air Mail Service" ...	Jean Laborde ...	Reg. 30th, 5.00 P.M. Reg. 30th, 5.15 A.M. Letters 10.00 A.M.
Saigon, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and EUROPE via Marseilles—due Mar- seilles, 31st July ...	Jean Laborde ...	Reg. 30th, 5.00 P.M. Reg. 30th, 5.15 A.M. Letters 10.00 A.M.
Fort Bayard, Moulou, Pakhoi and Haiphong Swatow, Amoy and Formosa ...	G.G. Paul Downer Hai Fung ...	Reg. 30th, 5.00 P.M. Letters 10.00 A.M.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and EUROPE via Marseilles—due Mar- seilles, 3rd August ...	Sarpedon ...	Wednesday, 4th, Reg. 30th, 5.00 P.M. Letters 10.00 A.M.

* Superscribed correspondence only.

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LIVERPOOL SERVICE

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Hamburg, Danzig, Neufahrwasser & Gdynia.

NEW YORK SERVICE

"ADRASTUS" 14 JULY, Boston, New York, Philadelphia &
Baltimore via Manila, Straits and Suva.

PACIFIC SERVICE (via KOBE & YOKOHAMA)

"IKION" 13 JULY, Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver

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Agents.